



Gender Statistics of Punjab 2012



Economic & Statistical Organisation, Punjab
SCO 35-36, Sector 17-E, Chandigarh
Phone no. 0172-2704540
website: www.pbplanning.gov.in



Mohan Lal Sharma
Economic Adviser
Govt of Punjab



PREFACE

The Economic and Statistical Organisation endeavours to update the statistical data on various issues. In India, Gender issue is one of the most prominent areas requiring the urgent attention of planners, policy makers and all other concerns. This is even more important in the state like Punjab in the context of low sex ratio and prevalence of female foeticide. Taking this into account, the Economic and Statistical Organisation has prepared the first report on Gender Statistics of Punjab-2012 to help the policy makers and researchers to formulate suitable policies and to further investigate the gender related issues. Efforts have been made to present the data from post reorganisation of the state until now. It contains data on some important aspects of gender like demographic profile, health & family welfare, economic status, education, employment status, crime and women empowerment. As it is a first edition of the publication, there is a chance of few discrepancies and so the suggestions of the users are welcomed for further improvements of the publication.

It is indeed a valuable document. I appreciate the efforts of the team of officers consisting of Sh. Gurmeet Singh (Research Officer), Smt. Meena Rani (Research Officer) and Miss Khushhal Kaur (Young Professional) led by Sh. Harvinder Singh, Joint Director for the good work done in bringing out the report. Mrs. Monica Thind, Dy. ESA helped in editing the report.

Chandigarh
Dated: 14-03-2014


Mohan Lal Sharma
Economic Adviser

Contents

Chapter No.	Chapter	Page No.
	Highlights	1-4
	Introduction	5-10
1	Demographic Profile	11-25
2	Health & Family Welfare	26-65
3	Economic status	66-77
4	Education	78-92
5	Employment status	93-102
6	Crime	103-107
7	Women Empowerment	108-131
8	International Comparison of Development Indicators	132-149
	Annexure I	150
	Annexure II	151-152
	Annexure III	153

List of Tables

Table No.	Chapter/Table Name
Demographic Profile	
1.1	District-wise male-female population and sex ratio as per census year in Punjab
1.2	Population of female by specific age group during census years in Punjab
1.3	Share of scheduled caste population to total population by area and sex, Punjab
1.4	District wise Male-Female scheduled caste population in Punjab
1.5	Comparison of sex ratio (females per 1000 males) among districts In Punjab
1.6	Comparison of sex ratio in the 0-6 age group (females per 1000 males) among districts in Punjab
1.7	Sex ratio (females per 1,000 males) of total population and aged 0-6 years
1.8	Comparison of sex-ratio among States/UTs
1.9	District wise decadal growth rate of male and female population in Punjab
1.10	Decadal growth rate of male and female population in Punjab
1.11	Annual exponential growth rate of population-Punjab
Health and Family Welfare	
2.1	Life expectancy in Punjab and India
2.2	Sex-wise total number of births in Punjab
2.3	Live births in Punjab
2.4	Percentage distribution of live births by order of birth
2.5	Percentage distribution of current live births by birth interval
2.6	No. Of live births by type of attention at delivery in Punjab
2.7	Live births by birth order and age of mother in Punjab
2.8	Infant mortality rates by sex and residence in Punjab
2.9	Child (aged 0-4 years) and infant mortality indicators in Punjab & all India
2.10	Infant death by age and sex, Punjab
2.11	Early childhood mortality rates for five year period preceding the survey and for 0-4 years by residence, Punjab
2.12	Crude death rates by sex and residence in India and major states
2.13	Age specific mortality by sex, Punjab

Table No.	Chapter/Table Name
2.14	Fertility indicators, Punjab
2.15	Total fertility rate (15-49 years female)
2.16	Maternal mortality ratio (MMR) in major states
2.17	Sector wise maternal death by age in Punjab
2.18(a)	Mothers receiving antenatal and post natal care in Punjab
2.18(b)	Percentage of mothers receiving antenatal care in Punjab and India
2.19	Maternal care indicators for births during the three years preceding the survey by residence in Punjab
2.20	Maternal care indicators for births during the five years preceding the survey by state, India
2.21	Percent of live births where the mothers received medical attention at delivery either at government hospitals or at private hospitals in Punjab, 2004-10
2.22	Safe delivery and assisted delivery among women, 2007-08
2.23	Percentage of women age 15-19 years who have begun child bearing in Punjab
2.24	Incidence of early marriage, 2006 and early motherhood in India , 2001
2.25	Family welfare programme users (by methods) in Punjab
2.26	Effective couples protection rate (CPR) due to all methods as on 31st march, Punjab vis-à-vis India
2.27	Teenage pregnancy and motherhood by states
2.28	Anaemia among children & women in Punjab
2.29	Prevalence of anaemia among Adults
2.30	Prevalence of anaemia among women-states
2.31	State-wise prevalence of anaemia in children
2.32	State-wise anaemia among children 0-72 months and 6-35 months
2.33	Progress of prophylaxis against nutritional anaemia in Punjab
2.34	Progress of immunisation programme in Punjab
2.35	Immunization in India
2.36	Adjusted HIV prevalence among ANC women (percentage) in Punjab
2.37	State wise HIV prevalence among ANC and STD clinic attendees
2.38	State wise HIV prevalence among IDU, MSM & FSW
2.39	State wise HIV prevalence (%) among ANC, STD, IDU, MSM and FSW

Table No.	Chapter/Table Name
2.40	State-wise adult HIV prevalence
2.41	State-wise percent distribution of HIV infections by age group
2.42	Percentage of sex preference of ever married women in Punjab
2.43	Percentage of sex preference of women with two children living, wanting no more children
2.44	Percentage of decision making by ever married women aged 15-49 years on own health care
2.45	Mean age at effective marriage of females by residence, in Punjab and India
Economic Status	
3.1	Gender-wise workers & non-workers as per census in Punjab
3.2	Gender-wise distribution of main workers, marginal workers and total workers as per census in Punjab
3.3	Workers and non-workers in Punjab
3.4	Sector wise total workers, marginal workers and non-workers by sex, in Punjab
3.5	Sex-wise distribution of workers according to category of workers in Punjab
3.6	Comparative classification of cultivators India & Punjab
3.7	Sectoral and sex-wise participation rate of workforce in Punjab
3.8	Work participation rate at district level in Punjab
3.9	Sex-wise work participation rate in India
3.10	Sectoral and sex-wise distribution of employment in different types of establishments in Punjab
3.11	District wise distribution of workers in non-agriculture own account establishments
3.12	Major activity-wise distribution of workers in non-agriculture establishments
Education	
4.1	Sex-wise literacy rate in Punjab as per census year
4.2	Rural urban literacy rates for census year
4.3	Literates in Punjab
4.4	Literacy rate in Punjab
4.5	State-wise literacy rate in India
4.6	Gender-wise enrolment in Punjab
4.7	Girls enrolment ratio in Punjab

Table No.	Chapter/Table Name
4.8	Age group/class-wise gross enrolment ratio in India
4.9	Sex-wise number of students enrolled in higher education in Punjab
4.10	Number of teachers in schools by departments in Punjab
4.11	Number of teachers in higher education institutions in Punjab
4.12	Gender Parity Index, Punjab
4.13	Gender Parity Index - States & UT's
4.14	School attendance ratio in Punjab
4.15	Net enrolment ratio in Punjab and India
4.16	Annual average dropout rate as per district information system for secondary education
4.17	School drop-out rate in Punjab
4.18	Dropout rates in classes (i-v), (i-viii) and (i-x) in India
Employment Status	
5.1	Job-seekers registered with employment exchanges in Punjab
5.2	Job seekers registered with employment exchanges by states and union territories of India
5.3	District-wise, Group-wise and Sex-wise Distribution of Punjab Govt. Employees
5.4	District-wise No. of Semi- Govt. Employees working in Municipal Corporations/Committees
5.5	District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Improvement
5.6	District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Zila Parishads
5.7	District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Market Committees
5.8	District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Panchayat Samities
5.9	Female employees in Punjab
5.10	Group-wise female employees in Government of Punjab
5.11	Total employment in public and private sector in Punjab
Crime	
6.1	Suicide Rate in Punjab
6.2	Head-wise crime against women for the year 2010 and 2011 in Punjab
6.3	Head-wise crime committed against women in All India
6.4	Victims of rape under different age-groups in Punjab

Table No.	Chapter/Table Name
6.5	Victims of various crimes committed against women in Punjab for the year 2010-2012
Women Empowerment	
7.1	Number of women judges in the Punjab and Haryana High Court
7.2	Party-wise performances of women candidates in lok sabha
7.3	Constituency- wise male, female and service electors general lok sabha elections in Punjab
7.4	No. Of candidates contesting in general lok sabha election in Punjab
7.5	Lok sabha female members elected from Punjab
7.6	Women participation in polls of lok sabha elections
7.7	Party-wise performances of women candidates in assembly elections
7.8	Constituency- wise male, female and service electors general assembly elections in Punjab
7.9	No. Of candidates contesting in assembly elections in Punjab
7.10	Female members elected from Punjab during assembly elections
7.11	Party-wise performance of women candidates in assembly elections in Punjab
7.12	Gender wise number of electorates in assembly elections
7.13	Women's autonomy (States/UTs)
7.14	Women's participation in polls in States/UTs
7.15	Statistics regarding Panchayats in Punjab
International Comparison of Development Indicators	
8.1	Population Size and Sex Ratio in 30 Most Populated Countries
8.2	Composition of the Population for Countries with high share of Aged Women
8.3	Life Expectancy: Countries with Low and High Expectancies of Life
8.4	Maternal Mortality and Infant Mortality: Highs and Lows
8.5	Literacy: Adult and Youth Literacy Rate
8.6	Women in Parliament

HIGHLIGHTS

DEMOGRAPHY

1. Females constitute 47.23% of total population of the state as compared to 48.5% at national level.
2. Although sex ratio has improved from 854 in 1961 to 895 in 2011 in the state yet it still lagged behind the national average which was 941 in 1961 and 943 in 2011.
3. On the other hand, sex ratio in 0-6 year's age-group has decreased from 901 in 1961 to 846 in 2011 which is a serious cause of concern. At the national level also, this ratio declined from 976 in 1961 to 914 in 2011.
4. Among districts in the State, Hoshiarpur has the highest sex ratio i.e. 961 (2011 census which is comparable to Tamil Nadu (996). Doaba region districts of the state are the top ranking districts in terms of sex ratio where range of Sex Ratio is between 912 to 961. The district with lowest sex ratio was Bathinda (868) which is close to sex ratio of Delhi (866).
5. Sex ratio in the 0-6 age group as per 2011 census was highest (885) in SBS Nagar followed by Jalandhar (874). It was lowest in district Tarn Taran (820) and Gurdaspur (821).
6. As per Census 2011, Punjab has the highest percentage of scheduled caste population (31.94%) in the country which was nearly two times higher than National Average (16.63%)
7. Districts with highest concentration of population are SBS Nagar (42.51%), Shri Muktsar Sahib (42.31%) and Ferozpur (42.17%). Percentage of Scheduled Caste population was minimum in SAS Nagar (21.74%), Patiala (24.55%) and Gurdaspur (25.26%).

HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

8. Life expectancy of both male and female in Punjab is higher than National level. In 2010-15, life expectancy at birth for males was estimated 69.7 years and for females 72.8 years compared to 67.3 years and 69.6 years at National level. Furthermore life expectancy among females in Punjab is higher (72.8) than their male counterpart (69.6).
9. Over the years, the sex ratio at birth is also improving constantly in the State. It increased from 754 in 2001 to 852 in 2011.
10. Total Infant Mortality Rate per thousand live births in 2010 is 34.0 which declined to 30.0 in 2011. In case of female infants, it was 33 in 2011 as compared to 35 in 2010.

11. The total fertility rate (15-49 years females) declined from 2.21 during NFHS-II 1998-99 to 1.99 during NFHS-III 2005-06.
12. Punjab has shown an improvement in Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) per 100,000 live births which decreased from 192 during 2004-06 to 172 during 2007-09.
13. The percentage of live births where the mothers received medical attention at delivery either at government hospitals or at private hospitals in Punjab has significantly increased from 41.6% in 2004 to 73.4% in 2011.
14. Medical Institutions have accounted for 79.22% of delivery cases during 2011.
15. As per NFHS-III 2005-06, percentage (38.0%) of women who suffered from Anaemia in Punjab was significantly low as compared to (55.3%) at National level. During the survey, it was found that only 1.4% of women suffered severe anaemia in Punjab as compared to 1.9% of All India
16. In Punjab, Mean age at marriage of females is 22.4 as compared to 21.2 in India during 2011. In rural as well as urban area, mean age at marriage of females is 22.2 and 22.8 respectively.

ECONOMIC STATUS

17. As per census 2011, women constitute only 11.99% of main workers and 6.44% of marginal workers to total workers in the state. The corresponding figures at National level are 18.53% and 12.58% respectively.
18. The workforce participation rate of females in Punjab is 13.90% while the male work participation rate is 55.20% as compared to National average where corresponding figures were 25.5% and 53.3% respectively. In other words, workforce participation rate of females in Punjab is over four times lower than their male counterparts in the state and nearly two times lower than female work participation rate at National level.
19. Inter-district analysis reveals that female work participation rate is highest in SBS Nagar (33.0%) and least in Jalandhar district i.e. (12.3%) in the year 2001.
20. According to 5th Census 2005, sex wise break-up of employment figures indicate that in rural area 1,70,978 (16%) females and 8,97,346 (84%) males were employed whereas in urban 1,47,071 (9%) females and 14,86,674 (91%) males were employed.
21. Further Economic Census 2005 reveals that there were 6.78 Lakh persons usually working in non-agriculture own account establishments in the state, out of which female, child male and child female employees accounted for 30756 (4.54%), 1844 (0.27%) and 5460 (0.8%) respectively.
22. As per 5th Economic Census 2005, there were 2.56 Lakh female, 11889 Child male and 3129 child female employees which accounted for 13.56%, 0.62% and 0.17% respectively of the total 18.90 lakh persons usually working in all non-agriculture establishments with hired workers for the state as a whole.

EDUCATION

It is well established that female literacy has significant positive outcomes for the immediate family and nation as a whole. High female literacy is generally associated with positive health and education outcomes for the family especially that of children.

23. As per 2011 Population census, the literacy rate in Punjab is 75.8% which is higher than the literacy rate of 69.65% in 2001. In 2011, only 70.7% of females in Punjab were literate compared to 80.4% of men. The male and female literacy rates were 75.6% and 63.55% respectively in 2001.
24. Inter-District Analysis reveals that female literacy is highest in Hoshiarpur district (80.3%) which is comparable to Delhi (80.8%) whereas lowest literacy rate was in Mansa district (55.7%) which was comparable to Jharkhand (55.4%).
25. Gap in literacy rate of male & female in Punjab has also decreased over the years. During 2001 and 2011, the literacy gap came down from 11.9% to 9.7% respectively.
26. The statistics of School Education, Ministry of Human Resources Development, Govt. of India show that in Punjab Girls Enrolment ratio in primary classes increased to 108.3 (age group 6-11 years), and 91.7 (age group 14-18 years) in the year 2010-11 as compared to the corresponding figures of 77.38 and 64.57 for the year 2001-02.
27. In Punjab, the percentage of female teachers in school (primary, middle & secondary level) is higher than male teachers. In 2011, the percentage of female teachers to total teachers in schools was 70.78% (primary school), 70.29 (middle school) and 55.82% (Secondary and Higher secondary schools).
28. The dropout rate for girls is lower than that of boys at Primary and upper primary level. In the year 2012-13, the dropout rate for girls was 1.56 at primary and (-)0.15 at upper primary level. The corresponding figures for boys were 1.75 and 0.13.

EMPLOYMENT

29. The percentage of female job seekers to total number of job seekers registered in employment exchanges was 30.30% in 2012 as compared to 69.70% of males job seekers.
30. Out of total 2,70,908 Govt. employees working in the state in 2011, number of women employees was 68,758 (25.38%). In other words, female constitutes only one-fourth of the total employees working in the government/semi-government sector. The percentage of female employees to total employees in group A, B, C and D is 23.47%, 32.28%, 27.49% and 16.05% respectively.

CRIME AGAINST WOMEN IN PUNJAB

31. It is observed from available statistics that suicide rate among females was significantly lower (0.88%) compared to their male counterparts where it was 2.79% in 2012.
32. In 2011, the highest percentage of cases registered under crime against women in Punjab were related to Dowry Murder (42.19%) followed by kidnapping (17.93%) and Rape (13.67%).

33. Among the crimes committed against women in 2010, 2011 and 2012, the number of victims of molestation is 354, 282 and 340 respectively.
34. In case of Immoral Trafficking, 59 cases were registered in 2010 which rose to 86 in 2012.
35. Only one case was registered under dowry Act in 2012. In 2011, three cases were registered under this act

WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

Greater participation of women in social and political sphere is essential to make the social and political institutions more representative. It serves as a tool for empowerment of women and contributes to gender sensitive decision making.

36. Available Statistics reveals that there was no female judge in Punjab and Haryana High Court from 1961 to 1981. In 2013, out of total 41 judges in Punjab and Haryana High Court, only 4 are female.
37. In 2009 Punjab Lok Sabha Elections, 4 female members were elected out of total 13 members. In the Assembly Elections 2012, 14 (11.97%) female members were elected out of total 117 members of Legislative assembly.
38. In Lok sabha elections 2009, Percentage of female votes polled to total female electorates was 69.44% whereas the corresponding percentage for male was 70.06%.
39. As per the Panchayats election in Punjab during 2011-12, Out of total 12386 panchayats, 3698 (29.86%) panchayats have ladies sarpanch. Similarly out of 65121 panchayat members, 28.07% of members are females.

INTRODUCTION

Gender is a social construct. It defines and differentiates the roles, rights, responsibilities, and obligations of women and men. The innate biological differences between females and males form the basis of social norms that define appropriate behaviors for women and men and that determine women's and men's differential social, economic, and political power (United Nations, 2005).

Following Amartya Sen, development is seen as a process of expanding freedoms equally for all people. In this view of development, gender equality is a core objective in itself. So, just as development means less income poverty or better access to justice, it should also mean fewer gaps in well-being between males and females (World Development Report, 2012). The importance of gender equality has been studied and empirically examined in a number of studies. It is now well established that better female education, greater participation of women in employment, greater female access to economic resources and a greater voice of women in social and political spheres has significant positive outcomes for the immediate family and for the nation as a whole. The World Development Report: 'Gender, Equality and Development', 2012 states that greater gender equality enhances productivity, improves development outcomes for the next generation, and makes institutions more representative.

Gender equality is also a fundamental component of the *Millennium Declaration (UN, 2000)*, adopted by all Member States of the United Nations in 2000. Goal 3 of the Millennium Development Goals (MDG) explicitly calls for gender equality and the empowerment of women, with the associated indicators relating to education, employment and decision-making. The UN Millennium Development Project Task Force on Education and Gender Equality 2005 also affirms that gender equality and women's empowerment are central to the achievement of all the Millennium Development Goals.

Despite rapid strides made by India on the front of economic growth, gender inequalities still persist and manifest themselves in the form of low sex ratio, low female labor force participation rates, earnings gaps between men and women, low levels of representation of women in politics, and so on and so forth. This presents a serious challenge for the policy makers and decision makers to devise ways to reduce these gaps in the shortest possible term so that women can participate more equally in the growth process. To address this challenge in an effective manner, gender statistics can play a vital role. Accurate and timely gender

statistics serve as a valuable input for gender sensitive policy formulation by helping in exact identification and prioritization of areas where gender inequalities exist and therefore policy interventions are required. Gender statistics are central to gender analysis of any policy, as also for effective implementation, monitoring and impact assessment of gender responsive programs. At the national and international level, it is now increasingly realized that it is imperative to factor in gender considerations in all kinds of statistics generated by the Governments. Gender disaggregation of statistics is the first step towards laying a strong foundation on which any meaningful progress towards eliminating gender inequalities can take place.

EVOLUTION OF GENDER STATISTICS

The first United Nations World Conference on Women held in Mexico in 1975 recognized the importance of producing statistics on women. However it was in the fourth UN world conference on women held at Beijing in 1995 that the international instrument for the first time comprehensively addressed the question of producing and disseminating gender statistics. Governments agreed on a set of important actions to “generate and disseminate gender-disaggregated data and information for planning and evaluation”. International and national work on gender statistics gained new momentum with the Beijing Conference, and over the last few years, many countries' statistical offices have created gender statistics units and developed specific programmes for the mainstreaming of gender issues into the overall production of official data.

GENDER STATISTICS IN INDIA

Keeping in view the objective of sensitizing the policy makers to the gender issues through providing improved data bases on gender issues, Central Statistical Organization (CSO), Government of India (GoI) took steps to implement an ESCAP Project on Improvement of Statistics on Gender Issues during 1994-96. Two National Workshops on Improvement of Statistics on Gender Issues were organized in 1994 and 1995 which led to formulation of a National Plan of Action (NPA) for Improvement of Statistics on Gender Issues. In the NPA, a number of indicators of interest were identified to measure the achievement of national goals relating the gender issues. Since 1995 the Central Statistical Office (CSO) also regularly brings out the publication ‘Women and Men in India’, which is a compilation of gender statistics in critical areas of concern like health, education, human rights etc.

The National Statistical Commission in its report (2001) has also recommended that indicators of gender disparity such as equity index should be computed at State level for every State taking into account the data available on socio-economic variables. CSO should develop

appropriate methodology for computing Human Development Index (HDI) and Gender Development Index (GDI) at State level. Studies should be conducted using gender related data to highlight existing gender disparities.

In the 16th Conference of Central and State Statistical Organizations (COCSSO) held at Shimla, Himachal Pradesh, on December 4-5, 2008, the COCSSO, inter-alia, recommended that *the State/UT DESs should facilitate line departments in the States / UTs in collection of gender related data and make efforts to improve the quality of data collected by the line departments.*

GENDER STATISTICS IN PUNJAB

In pursuance of the recommendations of National Statistics Commission and Central Statistical Office, New Delhi has decided to compile data on gender issues and to bring out an annual publication on Gender Statistics of Punjab. This is the 1st issue of this publication. This publication has more significance for the state like Punjab in the context of low sex ratio and issue of female feticide.

LEGISLATION & SCHEMES FOR WOMEN EMPOWERMENT AND GENDER CONCERNS

LEGISLATION TO PROTECT & EMPOWER WOMEN

To protect & empower women various acts have been enacted in India since independence. The major women related Acts are as under:

- i. The sexual harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, and Redressal) Act, 2013 (No. 14 of, 2013)
- ii. Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005, (Come into Force on 26/10/2006)
- iii. Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005
- iv. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
- v. Dowry Prohibition Rules 1985
- vi. Indecent Representation of Women 1986
- vii. The Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act and rules 1987
- viii. National Commission for Women Act
- ix. Amendment Proposed in Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act 1956
- x. The Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Amendment Bill, 2006
- xi. The Punjab State Commission For Women Act, 2001

NATIONAL LEVEL ADMINISTRATIVE SETUP AND SCHEMES FOR WELFARE OF WOMEN

National Commission for Women

The National Commission for Women (NCW) was constituted on 31st January, 1992 as a statutory body at the national level, in pursuance of the National Commission for Women Act, 1990 to safeguard the interests of women. It has a wide mandate covering almost all aspects of women's development.

The Ministry of Women and Child Development, GOI

The Department of Women and Child Development was set up in the year 1985 as a part of the Ministry of Human Resource Development to give the much needed impetus to the holistic development of women and children. With effect from 30.01.2006, the Department has been upgraded to a Ministry. The broad mandate of the Ministry is to have holistic development of Women and Children.

Schemes for Empowerment of Women

- I. Rajiv Gandhi Scheme for Empowerment of Adolescent Girls (RGSEAG)-*SABLA*:
- II. Indira Gandhi Matritva Sahyog Yojana (IGMSY):
- III. Support to Training and Employment Programme for Women (STEP)
- IV. Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK)
- V. SWADHAR: Scheme for Women in Difficult Circumstances
- VI. Working Women Hostel Scheme
- VII. Ujjawala - Scheme to Combat Trafficking
- VIII. National Mission for Empowerment of Women
- IX. Kishori Shakti Yojana (KSY)

STATE LEVEL ADMINISTRATIVE SETUP AND SCHEMES FOR WELFARE OF WOMEN

Punjab State Commission for Women

The Punjab State Commission for Women was setup in the state on 19th May 1998 to improve the status of women in the State and to enquire into unfair practices affecting women, and for the matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. An act namely *the Punjab State Commission for Women Act, 2001* was enacted in 2001 to provide the constitutional status powers to this commission.

Department of Social Security and Women & Child Development

At the State level the Department of Social Security and Women & Child Development, Government of Punjab is the nodal department for welfare of Women and Children and other vulnerable sections of the Society. This department is responsible for formulating and implementing the plans and programmes for welfare and empowerment of women in the state. This department is also responsible for implementing the Centrally Sponsored Schemes for welfare of women in the State. Besides Centrally Sponsored Schemes, following main state level schemes are being implemented by the department for the welfare of women:

i) Financial Assistance to the Widows and Destitute Women: This scheme was started in the year 1968. The purpose of this scheme is to provide Financial Assistance to the Widows and Destitute Women.

ii) Home for Widows & Destitute Women, and Training-Cum Production Centre: This Home was established in Jalandhar in the year 1968 in the premises of Gandhi Vanita Ashram for Widows & Destitute Women who have no means of subsistence and are in need of protection are admitted alongwith their minor children and mothers.

iii) Concessional Bus Travel Facility to Women (State sponsored): This Scheme launched on 1.1.1997 to infuse confidence and a sense of security among aged women. This scheme covers all women above the age of 60 years residing in Punjab State.

iv) Mahila Jagrit Yojana (State sponsored): Mahila Jagriti Yojana was launched on 8th March,1999 (on International Women Day) by this department with the objective i) to increase the access of women to the resources and their share in the development of Nation; ii) to strengthen women economically , socially and to uplift the social and economic status of women ; iii) to make them aware about the schemes being implemented by the different departments for the welfare and development of women ; iv) to help them to supplement their family income through economic generating activities. Under this scheme, self-help groups of

v) Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS): This Scheme has been implemented on 50:50 share bases by Centre and State. Under this scheme nutrition diet is provided to pregnant women, nursing mothers and adolescent girls in the Anganwadi Centres.

vi) Dhanlakshmi: Conditional cash transfer scheme (ICT): This scheme was launched on 31-03-2008 in the State in the Sirhind Block of District Fatehgarh Sahib. The objectives of the scheme are to provide financial incentives to families to enable them to retain the girl child and educate her.

vii) Infrastructure for Anganwadis Centre and the State (ICDS) : ICDS scheme is being implemented through Anganwadi Centres in 154 ICDS Blocks of the State . On directions of

Punjab Human Rights Commission, Government of Punjab has decided to provide separate buildings to these anganwadi centres. Under this, 559 model anganwadi centre building have already been constructed.

viii) Bebe Nanki Laadli Beti kalyan Scheme: Under 13th Finance Commission grant, Bebe Nanki Laadli Beti Kalyan Scheme is being implemented to improve sex ratio in the State. The main objective of the scheme is to curb the female foeticide and to provide better education to girls. Under this, financial assistance is provided to families from time to time so that they do not feel burdened with the birth of a girl child.

Punjab State Social Welfare Board

Punjab State Social Welfare Board (PSSWB), Chandigarh was set up in October 1954 by State Government in consultation with Central Social Welfare Board, New Delhi with an object to develop welfare Programmes for women, children and the handicapped through the network of voluntary organizations working in the state of Punjab. The Board provides financial assistance to the voluntary organizations under various schemes provided by Central Social Welfare Board, New Delhi and State Government. in order to facilitate and strengthen their role in empowering women through education and training, through collective mobilization and awareness creation.

At Present, following Programmes/Schemes are being implementing through registered voluntary Organizations and ICDS Blocks in the state for women:

A. Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB) Programmes

- I. Rajiv Gandhi National Creche Programme for the Children of Working Mothers (Creche)
- II. Family Counselling Centre (FCC)
- III. Awareness Generation Programme for Rural & Poor Women (AGP).
- IV. Condensed Course of Education for Adult Women (CC).

B. Government of India's Programmes

- I. Short Stay Home for Women & Girls (SSH)

C. State Government Programmes

- I. Integrated Child Development Scheme (5 Blocks)
- II. Swawlamban- Vocational Training Programme for Women
- III. Awareness Camps on Female Foeticide
- IV. Distribution of Sterilized Sanitary Pads to Rural Women

Chapter-1 DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF PUNJAB

Table No. 1.1 District-wise Male-Female Population and Sex Ratio as per census year in Punjab

District		1961				1971			
		Persons	Males	Females	Sex Ratio	Persons	Males	Females	Sex Ratio
Gurdaspur	R	788603	418229	370374	886	980165	517827	462338	893
	U	190812	105748	85064	804	249084	132455	116629	881
	T	979415	523977	455438	869	1229249	650282	578967	890
Amritsar	R	1077892	570444	500448	877	1300030	696544	603486	866
	U	464024	257377	206647	803	535470	292379	243091	831
	T	1541916	827821	707095	854	1835500	988923	846577	856
Tarn Taran	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Kapurthala	R	264559	139558	125006	896	329844	173164	156680	905
	U	79219	42746	36473	853	99670	54167	45503	840
	T	343778	182304	161479	886	429514	227331	202183	889
Jalandhar	R	877379	462487	414892	897	1017337	539686	477651	885
	U	349988	193006	156982	813	437164	232730	204434	878
	T	1227367	655493	571874	872	1454501	772416	682085	883
SBS Nagar	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Hoshiarpur	R	778008	407251	370757	910	924930	485853	439077	904
	U	94586	51275	43311	845	127223	68093	59130	868
	T	872594	458526	414068	903	1052153	553946	498207	899
Rupnagar	R	388764	211429	177335	839	476943	257179	219764	855
	U	82830	48735	34095	700	82595	44693	37902	848
	T	471594	260164	211430	813	559538	301872	257666	854
SAS Nagar	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ludhiana	R	783356	421483	361873	859	525359	497760	227599	859
	U	322920	175229	147691	843	494062	270993	223069	823
	T	1106276	596712	509564	854	1419421	768753	650668	846
Firozpur	R	1294161	696703	597458	858	813386	433515	379871	876
	U	324955	179670	145285	809	231550	123751	107799	871
	T	1619116	876373	742743	848	1044936	557266	487670	875
Faridkot	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	923856	496571	427285	860
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	227882	121095	106787	885
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	1151738	617666	534072	865
Shri Muktsar Sahib	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Moga	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Bathinda	R	831700	452728	378972	837	845019	457018	388001	849
	U	223477	121821	101656	834	182274	97894	84380	862
	T	1055177	574549	480628	837	1027293	554912	472381	851
Mansa	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sangrur	R	781043	427148	353895	829	913754	498830	414924	832
	U	183976	99499	84477	849	232896	124260	108636	874
	T	965019	526647	438372	832	1146650	623090	523560	840
Barnala	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Patiala	R	709298	387533	321765	830	884258	479528	404730	844
	U	250519	137472	113047	822	316309	170530	145779	855
	T	959817	525005	434812	828	1200567	650058	550509	847
Fatehgarh Sahib	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Punjab	R	8567763	4594988	3972775	865	10334885	5533475	4801406	868
	U	2567306	1412578	1154728	817	3216179	1733040	1483139	856
	T	11135069	6007566	5127503	854	13551060	7266515	6284545	865
India (in millions)	R	360.3	183.51	176.79	963	439.05	225.32	213.73	949
	U	78.94	42.79	36.15	845	109.11	58.73	50.38	858
	T	439.24	226.3	212.94	941	548.16	284.05	264.11	930

Table No. 1.1(Contd.) District-wise Male-Female Population and Sex Ratio as per census year in Punjab

District		1981				1991			
		Persons	Males	Females	Sex Ratio	Persons	Males	Females	Sex Ratio
Gurdaspur	R	1185167	621035	564132	908	1371396	720046	651350	905
	U	328268	172449	155819	904	386412	203866	182546	895
	T	1513435	993484	719951	907	1757808	923912	833896	903
Amritsar	R	1466861	781994	684867	876	1651203	882580	768623	871
	U	721629	387894	333735	860	853831	455175	398656	876
	T	2188490	1169888	1018602	871	2505034	1337755	1167279	873
Tarn Taran	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Kapurthala	R	381831	198947	182884	919	480042	251299	228743	910
	U	163413	88339	75079	850	166605	89731	76874	857
	T	545249	287286	257963	898	646647	341030	305617	896
Jalandhar	R	1121983	589035	532948	905	978850	513245	465605	907
	U	612591	327344	285247	971	670355	356034	314321	883
	T	1734574	916379	818195	890	1649205	869279	779926	897
SBS Nagar	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	472806	249119	223687	898
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	58447	30539	27908	914
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	531253	279658	251595	900
Hoshiarpur	R	1064187	553558	510629	922	1076047	557056	518991	932
	U	179620	96007	83613	871	222138	117559	104579	890
	T	1243807	649565	594242	915	1298185	674615	623570	924
Rupnagar	R	562024	301230	260794	866	669947	358332	311615	870
	U	154638	83857	70781	844	232317	124226	108091	870
	T	716662	385087	331575	862	902264	482558	419706	870
SAS Nagar	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ludhiana	R	1054772	561230	493542	879	1183562	629655	553897	880
	U	764140	417046	347094	832	1242781	685983	556798	812
	T	1818912	978276	840636	860	2426343	1315638	1110695	844
Firozpur	R	1009733	535609	474124	885	1220337	643448	576889	897
	U	298071	158671	139400	879	384400	203669	180731	887
	T	1307804	694280	613524	884	1604737	847117	757620	894
Faridkot	R	1092659	581825	510834	878	301501	160223	141278	882
	U	343569	181351	162218	894	149905	79577	70328	884
	T	1436228	763176	673052	871	451406	239800	211606	882
Shri Muktsar Sahib	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	501317	267066	234251	877
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	153117	81080	72037	889
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	654434	348146	306288	880
Moga	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	489574	260008	229566	883
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	136817	72451	64366	888
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	626391	332459	293932	884
Bathinda	R	1008729	540334	468395	867	719511	381081	338430	888
	U	295877	159481	136396	855	265790	141880	123910	873
	T	1304606	699815	604791	864	985301	522961	462340	884
Mansa	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	489319	261509	227810	871
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	85343	45379	39964	881
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	574662	306888	267774	873
Sangrur	R	1088609	587170	501439	854	1267455	679071	588384	867
	U	321641	170888	150753	882	417994	222199	195795	881
	T	1410250	758058	652192	860	1685449	901270	784179	870
Barnala	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Patiala	R	1104603	592497	512106	864	1055230	562858	492372	875
	U	464295	249419	214876	862	466100	245408	220692	899
	T	1568898	841916	726982	863	1521330	808266	713064	882
Fatehgarh Sahib	R	NA	NA	NA	NA	360647	192817	167830	870
	U	NA	NA	NA	NA	100873	53855	47018	873
	T	NA	NA	NA	NA	461520	246672	214848	871
Punjab	R	12141158	6444464	5696694	884	14288744	7569423	6719321	888
	U	4647757	2492746	2155011	865	5993225	3208611	2784614	868
	T	16788915	8937210	7851705	879	20281969	10778034	9503935	882
India (in millions)	R	523.87	268.50	255.37	951	628.86	324.45	304.41	938
	U	159.46	84.87	74.59	879	217.56	114.91	102.65	894
	T	683.33	353.37	329.96	934	846.42	439.36	407.06	927

Table No. 1.1 (Concl.) District-wise Male-Female Population and Sex Ratio as per census year in Punjab

District		2001				2011			
		Persons	Males	Females	Sex Ratio	Persons	Males	Females	Sex Ratio
Gurdaspur	R	1568788	826787	742001	897	1639004	855784	783220	915
	U	535223	286290	248933	870	659319	356833	302486	848
	T	2104011	1113077	990934	890	2298323	1212617	1085706	895
Amritsar	R	1046209	555613	490596	883	1156045	607266	548779	904
	U	1110811	597208	513603	860	1334611	711142	623469	877
	T	2157020	1152821	1004199	871	2490656	1318408	1172248	889
Tarn Taran	R	826593	438018	388575	887	977832	514322	463510	901
	U	112464	59750	52714	882	141795	75047	66748	889
	T	939057	497768	441289	887	1119627	589369	530258	900
Kapurthala	R	507994	265973	242021	910	532706	275932	256774	931
	U	246527	133650	112877	845	282462	150379	132083	878
	T	754521	399623	354898	887	815168	426311	388857	912
Jalandhar	R	1030717	539021	491696	912	1032419	528790	503629	952
	U	931983	501156	430827	860	1161171	616421	544750	884
	T	1962700	1040177	922523	887	2193590	1145211	1048379	915
SBS Nagar	R	506402	264515	241887	915	486894	248118	238776	962
	U	81066	42387	38679	913	125416	65173	60243	924
	T	587468	306902	280566	914	612310	313291	299019	954
Hoshiarpur	R	1188662	610675	577987	947	1251656	634470	617186	973
	U	292074	154457	137617	891	334969	174587	160382	919
	T	1480736	765132	715604	935	1586625	809057	777568	961
Rupnagar	R	487633	257900	229733	891	506820	264089	242731	919
	U	141213	75049	66164	882	177807	93396	84411	904
	T	628846	332949	295897	889	684627	357485	327142	915
SAS Nagar	R	427044	233440	193604	829	450017	240984	209033	867
	U	271273	146093	125180	857	544611	288269	256342	889
	T	698317	379533	318784	840	994628	529253	465375	879
Ludhiana	R	1339178	712593	626585	879	1429031	753444	675587	897
	U	1693653	950123	743530	783	2069708	1114372	955336	857
	T	3032831	1662716	1370115	824	3498739	1867816	1630923	873
Firozpur	R	1295382	683870	611512	894	1476518	776208	700310	902
	U	450725	242354	208371	860	552556	295429	257127	870
	T	1746107	926224	819883	885	2029074	1071637	957437	893
Faridkot	R	357321	188943	168378	891	400457	210782	189675	900
	U	193571	103653	89918	868	217051	115889	101162	873
	T	550892	292596	258296	883	617508	326671	290837	890
Shri Muktsar Sahib	R	578929	306070	272859	892	649705	342202	307503	899
	U	198564	105147	93417	888	252191	133420	118771	890
	T	777493	411217	366276	891	901896	475622	426274	896
Moga	R	716214	379322	336892	888	768500	405704	362796	894
	U	178640	94817	83823	884	227246	120216	107030	890
	T	894854	474139	420715	887	995746	525920	469826	893
Bathinda	R	831541	444118	387423	872	889308	474484	414824	874
	U	351754	188691	163063	864	499217	268713	230504	858
	T	1183295	632809	550486	870	1388525	743197	645328	868
Mansa	R	546329	290763	255566	879	606147	322184	283963	881
	U	142429	75683	66746	882	163604	86548	77056	890
	T	688758	366446	322312	879	769751	408732	361019	883
Sangrur	R	1048990	561666	487324	868	1139204	604653	534551	884
	U	424252	226129	198123	876	515965	273376	242589	887
	T	1473242	787795	685447	870	1655169	878029	777140	885
Barnala	R	366364	194932	171432	879	404842	215210	189632	881
	U	160567	86562	74005	855	190685	102312	88373	864
	T	526931	281494	245437	872	595527	317522	278005	876
Patial	R	1039248	554440	484808	874	1132406	598800	533606	891
	U	594631	317050	277581	876	763280	403722	359558	891
	T	1633879	871490	762389	875	1895686	1002522	893164	891
Fatehgarh Sahib	R	386950	207937	179013	861	414681	220050	194631	884
	U	151091	82200	68891	838	185482	100745	84737	841
	T	538041	290137	247904	854	600163	320795	279368	871
Punjab	R	16096488	8516596	7579892	890	17344192	9093476	8250716	907
	U	8262511	4468499	3794062	849	10399146	5545989	4853157	875
	T	24358999	12985045	11373954	876	27743338	14639465	13103873	895
India (in millions)	R	742.62	381.67	360.65	946	833.75	427.78	405.97	949
	U	286.12	150.55	135.57	901	377.11	195.49	181.62	929
	T	1028.61	532.16	496.45	933	1210.85	623.27	587.58	943

Source: Director, Census Operation, Punjab

NA: Information not available as these districts were formed later on.

**Table No. 1.2 Population of Female by Specific Age Group during Census Years
1971-2001 in Punjab**

Census Year	Area	Age Groups									
		0-14	15-19	22-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60 & Above	Age Not Stated	Total
1971	Total	2616924 (41.64)	665470 (10.59)	532459 (8.47)	428189 (6.81)	707541 (11.26)	547414 (8.71)	369959 (5.89)	416454 (6.63)	135 (0.00)	6284545 (100.00)
	Rural	2022815 (42.13)	499647 (10.41)	390604 (8.14)	315711 (6.58)	525347 (10.94)	416991 (8.68)	292218 (6.09)	337998 (7.04)	105 (0.00)	4801436 (100.00)
	Urban	594109 (40.07)	165823 (11.18)	141855 (9.57)	112478 (7.59)	182194 (12.29)	130453 (8.80)	77441 (5.22)	78456 (5.29)	30 (0.00)	1482839 (100.00)
1981	Total	2916687 (37.15)	880742 (11.22)	774808 (9.87)	595531 (7.58)	922485 (11.75)	703963 (8.97)	480427 (6.12)	569493 (7.25)	7569 (0.10)	7851705 (100.00)
	Rural	2135862 (37.49)	647919 (11.37)	534157 (9.38)	407421 (7.15)	658056 (11.55)	511475 (8.98)	358430 (6.29)	441130 (7.74)	2244 (0.04)	5696694 (100.00)
	Urban	780824 (36.23)	232823 (10.80)	240651 (11.17)	188109 (8.73)	264430 (12.27)	192488 (8.93)	121997 (5.66)	128364 (5.96)	5325 (0.25)	2155011 (100.00)
1991	Total	3296110 (33.97)	967607 (9.97)	917651 (9.46)	997666 (10.28)	1278203 (13.17)	899400 (9.27)	583882 (6.02)	720376 (7.42)	43040 (0.44)	9703935 (100.00)
	Rural	2337784 (34.79)	699252 (10.41)	643037 (9.57)	539397 (8.03)	864405 (12.86)	639454 (9.52)	422403 (6.29)	549009 (8.17)	24580 (0.37)	6719321 (100.00)
	Urban	958326 (34.42)	268355 (9.64)	274614 (9.86)	258269 (9.28)	413798 (14.86)	259946 (9.34)	161479 (5.80)	171367 (6.15)	18360 (0.66)	2784514 (100.00)
2001	Total	3449514 (24.04)	1162460 (11.14)	1083177 (10.38)	933358 (8.95)	1712680 (16.42)	1213360 (11.63)	697842 (6.69)	1080002 (10.35)	41561 (0.40)	11373954 (100.00)
	Rural	2356194 (24.66)	764021 (11.02)	703226 (10.14)	603935 (8.71)	1111618 (16.03)	775996 (11.19)	463354 (6.68)	775429 (11.18)	26119 (0.38)	7579892 (100.00)
	Urban	1093320 (22.80)	398439 (11.39)	379951 (10.86)	329423 (9.42)	601062 (17.18)	437364 (12.50)	234488 (6.70)	304573 (8.71)	15442 (0.44)	3794062 (100.00)

Figures in brackets are percentage to total

Source: Statistical abstract of Punjab

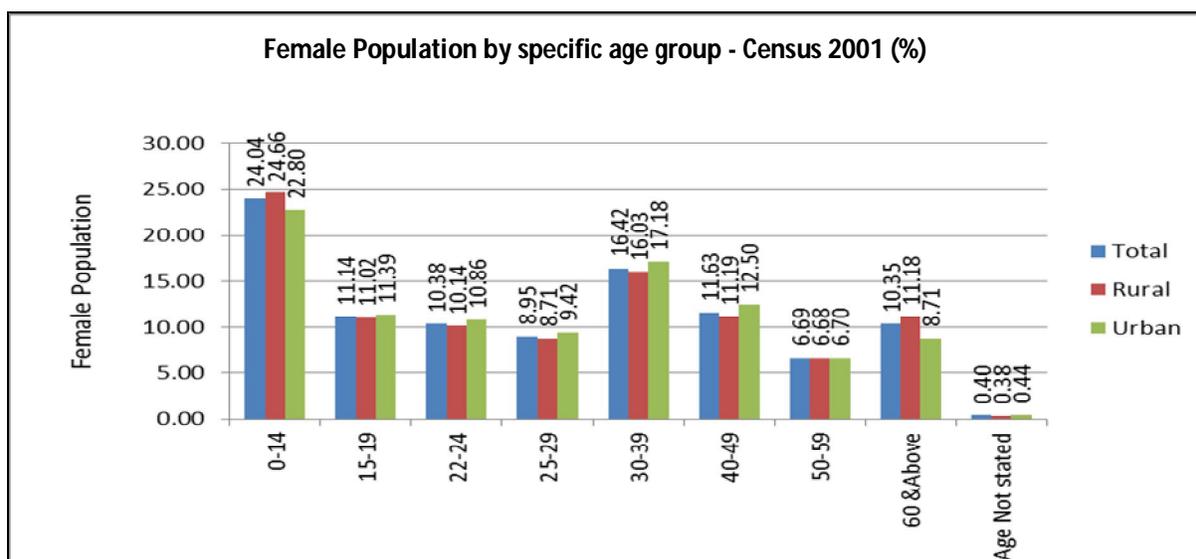


Table No. 1.3 Share of Scheduled Caste Population to total Population, Punjab

Year	SC Population			Non-SC Population			Total Population		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1961	1338083 (22.27)	1148594 (22.40)	2486677 (22.33)	4669483 (77.73)	3978909 (77.60)	8648392 (77.67)	6007566 (100.00)	5127503 (100.00)	11135069 (100.00)
1971	1803558 (24.82)	1544659 (24.58)	3348217 (24.71)	5462957 (75.18)	4739886 (75.42)	10202843 (75.29)	7266515 (100.00)	6284545 (100.00)	13551060 (100.00)
1981	2415903 (27.03)	2095800 (26.69)	4511703 (26.87)	6521307 (72.97)	5755905 (73.31)	12277212 (73.13)	8937210 (100.00)	7851705 (100.00)	16788915 (100.00)
1991	3065671 (28.42)	2676857 (28.17)	5742528 (28.31)	7722363 (71.58)	6827078 (71.83)	14539441 (71.69)	10788034 (100.00)	9503935 (100.00)	20281969 (100.00)
2001	3714350 (28.60)	3314373 (29.14)	7028723 (28.85)	9270695 (71.40)	8059581 (70.86)	17330276 (71.15)	12985045 (100.00)	11373954 (100.00)	24358999 (100.00)
2011	4639875 (31.69)	4220304 (32.21)	8860179 (31.94)	9999590 (68.31)	8883569 (67.79)	18883159 (68.06)	14639465 (100.00)	13103873 (100.00)	27743338 (100.00)
INDIA 2011	103535314 (16.61)	97843058 (16.66)	201378372 (16.63)	519734944 (83.39)	489441661 (83.34)	1009476605 (83.37)	623270258 (100.00)	587284719 (100.00)	1210854977 (100.00)

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

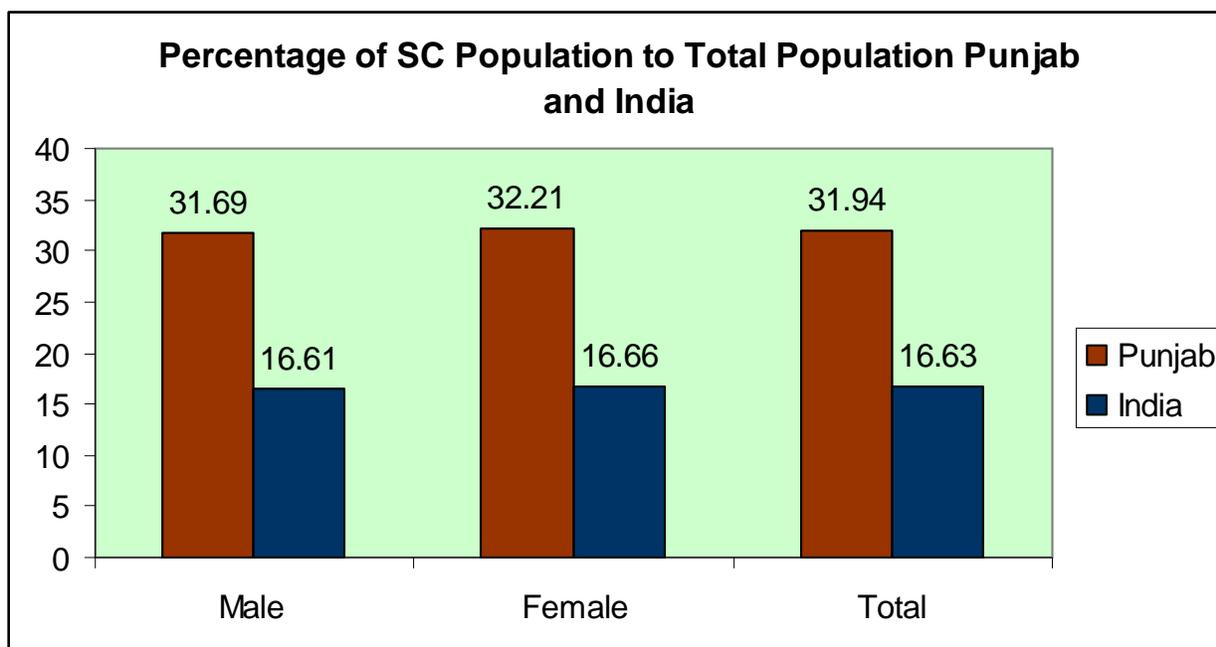


Table No. 1.4 District wise Male-Female Scheduled Caste Population in Punjab

S N	District	2001						2011					
		Male	Female	Total	% of SC male to total male	% of SC females to total females	% of SC population to total Population	Male	Female	Total	% of SC males to total Males	% of SC females to total females	% of SC population to total Population
1	Gurdaspur	273440	247251	520691	24.57	24.95	24.75	304894	275682	580576	25.14	25.39	25.26
2	Amritsar	312808	277011	589819	27.13	27.59	27.34	405977	364887	770864	30.79	31.13	30.95
3	Tarn Taran	159276	142069	301345	32.00	32.19	32.09	198715	178753	377468	33.72	33.71	33.71
4	Kapurthala	119163	106624	225787	29.82	30.04	29.92	143901	132806	276707	33.75	34.15	33.94
5	Jalandhar	389067	350695	739762	37.40	38.01	37.69	442124	412320	854444	38.61	39.33	38.95
6	SBS Nagar	124839	112825	237664	40.68	40.21	40.46	133035	127249	260284	42.46	42.56	42.51
7	Hoshiarpur	262640	244904	507544	34.33	34.22	34.28	284322	273182	557504	35.14	35.13	35.14
8	Rupnagar	84410	75034	159444	25.35	25.36	25.36	94334	86571	180905	26.39	26.46	26.42
9	SAS Nagar	83008	72511	155519	21.87	22.75	22.27	114383	101848	216231	21.61	21.89	21.74
10	Ludhiana	403853	354109	757962	24.29	25.85	24.99	487839	435519	923358	26.12	26.70	26.39
11	Firozpur	210329	188080	398409	22.71	22.94	22.82	445461	410265	855726	41.57	42.85	42.17
12	Faridkot	104984	94273	199257	35.88	36.50	36.17	126567	113761	240328	38.74	39.12	38.92
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	155317	138222	293539	37.77	37.74	37.75	200473	181081	381554	42.15	42.48	42.31
14	Moga	151647	133292	284939	31.98	31.68	31.84	192418	170999	363417	36.59	36.40	36.50
15	Bathinda	187539	167113	354652	29.64	30.36	29.97	236936	213537	450473	31.88	33.09	32.44
16	Mansa	110296	98593	208889	30.10	30.59	30.33	136311	122567	258878	33.35	33.95	33.63
17	Sangrur	209256	183727	392983	26.56	26.80	26.67	244231	217378	461609	27.82	27.97	27.89
18	Barnala	84259	74234	158493	29.93	30.25	30.08	101569	90432	192001	31.99	32.53	32.24
19	Patiala	200132	176857	376989	22.96	23.20	23.07	244503	220856	465359	24.39	24.73	24.55
20	Fatehgarh Sahib	88087	76949	165036	30.36	31.04	30.67	101882	90611	192493	31.76	32.43	32.07
	PUNJAB	3714350	3314373	7028723	28.60	29.14	28.85	4639875	4220304	8860179	31.69	32.21	31.94

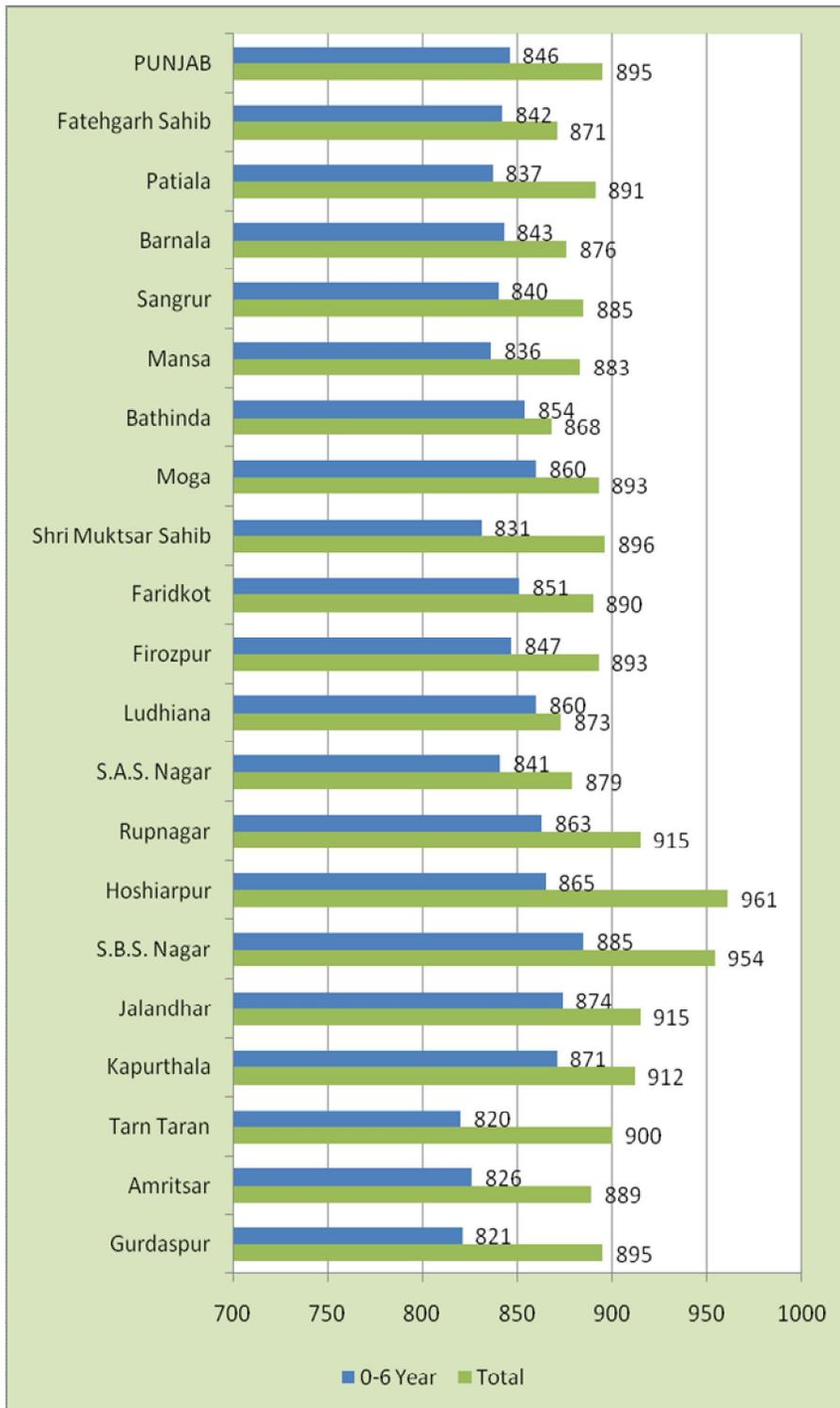
Source: Director Census operations, Punjab

Table No. 1.5 Comparison of Sex Ratio (Females per 1000 Males) in Punjab

SN	Districts	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001	2011
1	Gurdaspur	853	774	794	809	843	846	869	890	907	903	890	895
2	Amritsar	829	781	796	803	841	841	854	856	871	873	871	889
3	Tarn Taran	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	887	900
4	Kapurthala	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	880	886	889	898	896	888	912
5	Jalandhar	848	783	807	841	859	857	867	883	890	897	887	915
6	S.B.S. Nagar	856	796	821	848	865	876	900	887	898	900	914	954
7	Hoshiarpur	878	828	856	867	879	877	902	899	919	924	935	961
8	Rupnagar	807	756	781	789	802	812	812	854	862	870	889	915
9	S.A.S. Nagar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	840	879
10	Ludhiana	829	765	784	791	832	852	856	848	860	844	824	873
11	Ferozpur	826	778	802	814	810	835	840	876	884	895	885	893
12	Faridkot	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	856	849	866	879	883	883	890
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	862	846	863	885	880	891	896
14	Moga	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	867	862	866	881	884	887	893
15	Bathinda	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	839	834	851	861	884	870	868
16	Mansa	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	824	830	852	869	873	879	883
17	Sangrur	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	820	832	840	860	870	870	885
18	Barnala	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	907	876
19	Patiala	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	809	831	850	870	881	875	891
20	Fatehgarh Sahib	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	773	815	831	841	871	854	871
PUNJAB		832	780	799	815	836	844	854	865	879	882	876	895
INDIA		972	964	955	950	945	946	941	930	934	927	933	943

Source: Director Census Operations, Punjab

District wise Sex Ratio (2011)



Source: Director Census Operations, Punjab

**Table No. 1.6 Comparison of Sex Ratio in the 0-6 Age Group
(Females per 1000 Males) in Punjab**

SN	Districts	1991	2001	2011
1	Gurdaspur	878	789	821
2	Amritsar	861	792	826
3	Tarn Taran	NA	784	820
4	Kapurthala	879	785	871
5	Jalandhar	886	806	874
6	S.B.S. Nagar	900	808	885
7	Hoshiarpur	884	812	865
8	Rupnagar	884	799	863
9	S.A.S. Nagar	NA	785	841
10	Ludhiana	877	717	860
11	Firozpur	887	822	847
12	Faridkot	865	812	851
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	857	811	831
14	Moga	867	818	860
15	Bathinda	860	785	854
16	Mansa	873	782	836
17	Sangrur	873	784	840
18	Barnala	NA	792	843
19	Patiala	871	776	837
20	Fatehgarh Sahib	874	766	842
PUNJAB		875	798	846

Source: Director Census Operations, Punjab

Table No. 1.7 Sex Ratio (Females per 1,000 Males) of Total Population and aged 0-6 years, 1961-2011

India/State	Year	Sex Ratio (Total)	Sex Ratio (0-6 Years)
India	1961	941	976
	1971	930	964
	1981	934	962
	1991	927	945
	2001	933	927
	2011	943	914
Punjab	1961	854	901
	1971	865	901
	1981	879	908
	1991	882	875
	2001	876	798
	2011	895	846

Source: Director Census Operations, Punjab

Sex Ratio (Total)



Sex Ratio (0-6 Years)



Table No. 1.8 Comparison of Sex-Ratio among States/UT

SN	India/State/UT	2001	Rank in 2001	2011	Rank in 2011
	India	933	15	943	17
1	Andhra Pradesh	978	5	993	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	893	22	938	22
3	Assam	935	13	958	14
4	Bihar	919	19	918	24
5	Chhattisgarh	989	3	991	5
6	Goa	961	10	973	11
7	Gujarat	920	18	919	23
8	Haryana	861	26	879	30
9	Himachal Pradesh	968	7	972	10
10	Jammu & Kashmir	892	23	889	28
11	Jharkhand	941	12	949	15
12	Karnataka	965	8	973	11
13	Kerala	1058	1	1084	1
14	Madhya Pradesh	919	19	931	19
15	Maharashtra	922	16	929	21
16	Manipur	978	5	992	6
17	Meghalaya	972	6	989	7
18	Mizoram	935	13	976	9
19	Nagaland	900	20	931	18
20	Orissa	972	6	979	8
21	Punjab	876	24	895	26
22	Rajasthan	921	17	928	20
23	Sikkim	875	25	890	27
24	Tamil Nadu	987	4	996	3
25	Tripura	948	11	960	13
26	Uttar Pradesh	898	21	912	25
27	Uttarakhand	962	9	963	12
28	West Bengal	934	14	950	15
Union Territories					
1	A & N Islands	846	27	876	29
2	Chandigarh	777	30	818	32
3	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	812	29	774	33
4	Daman & Diu	710	31	618	34
5	Delhi	821	28	868	31
6	Lakshadweep	948	11	947	16
7	Pondicherry	1001	2	1037	2

Source: Director Census Operations, Punjab

Table No. 1.9 District wise decadal growth rate of Total population in Punjab

SN	State /District	Decadal Growth (%)	
		2001	2011
1	Gurdaspur	19.74	9.24
2	Kapurthala	16.68	8.04
3	Jalandhar	18.96	11.76
4	Hoshiarpur	14.01	7.15
5	SBS Nagar	10.58	4.23
6	Fatehgarh Sahib	18.26	11.55
7	Ludhiana	24.89	15.36
8	Moga	15.03	11.27
9	Firozpur	20.51	16.21
10	Shri Muktsar Sahib	18.80	16.00
11	Faridkot	21.07	12.09
12	Bathinda	20.09	17.34
13	Mansa	19.85	11.76
14	Patiala	17.84	19.60
15	Amritsar	27.08	15.47
16	Tarn-Taran	16.26	19.23
17	Rupnagar	15.86	8.87
18	SAS Nagar	38.29	33.20
19	Sangrur	18.36	12.35
20	Barnala	19.55	13.02
PUNJAB		20.10	13.89

Source: Directorate of Census Operations, Punjab

Table No. 1.10 Decadal growth rate of male and female population in Punjab

Year	Population					
	Male	Decadal Growth in Male Population	Female	Decadal Growth in Female Population	Total	Decadal Growth in Total Population
1961	6007566	-	5127503	-	11135069	-
1971	7266515	20.96	6284545	22.57	13551060	21.70
1981	8937210	22.99	7851705	24.94	16788915	23.89
1991	10788034	20.71	9503935	21.04	20281969	20.81
2001	12985045	20.37	11373954	19.68	24358999	20.10
2011	14639465	12.74	13103873	15.21	27743338	13.89

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Decadal growth rate of male and female population in Punjab

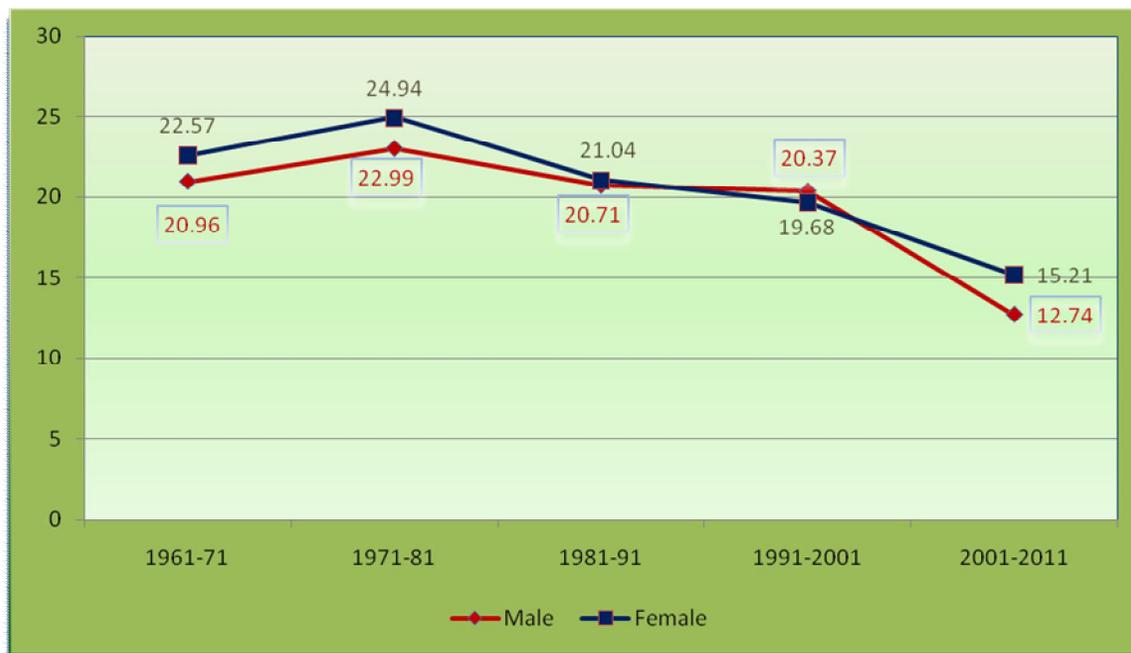
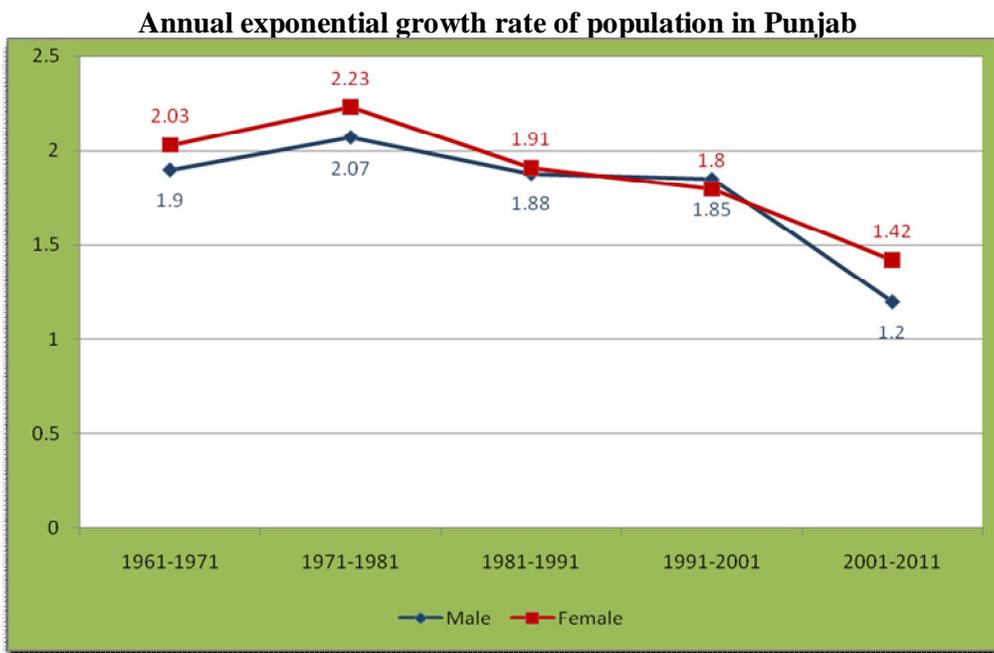


Table No 1.11 Annual exponential growth rate of population in Punjab

Decennial Year	Average Annual Exponential Growth Rate (%)		
	Male	Female	Total
1961-1971	1.90	2.03	1.96
1971-1981	2.07	2.23	2.14
1981-1991	1.88	1.91	1.89
1991-2001	1.85	1.80	1.83
2001-2011	1.20	1.42	1.29

Source: Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab



Chapter-2

HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

Table No. 2.1 Life Expectancy in Punjab and India

(In years)

SN	Year	Punjab		India	
		Male	Female	Male	Female
1	1999-2003	67.6	69.6	61.8	63.5
2	2000-2004	67.8	69.8	62.1	63.7
3	2001-2005	68.1	70.1	62.3	63.9
4	2002-2006	68.4	70.4	62.6	64.2
5	2006-2010	68.7	71.6	65.8	68.1
6	2011-2015	69.7	72.8	67.3	69.6

Source: Annual Report on Registration of births & Deaths, Punjab

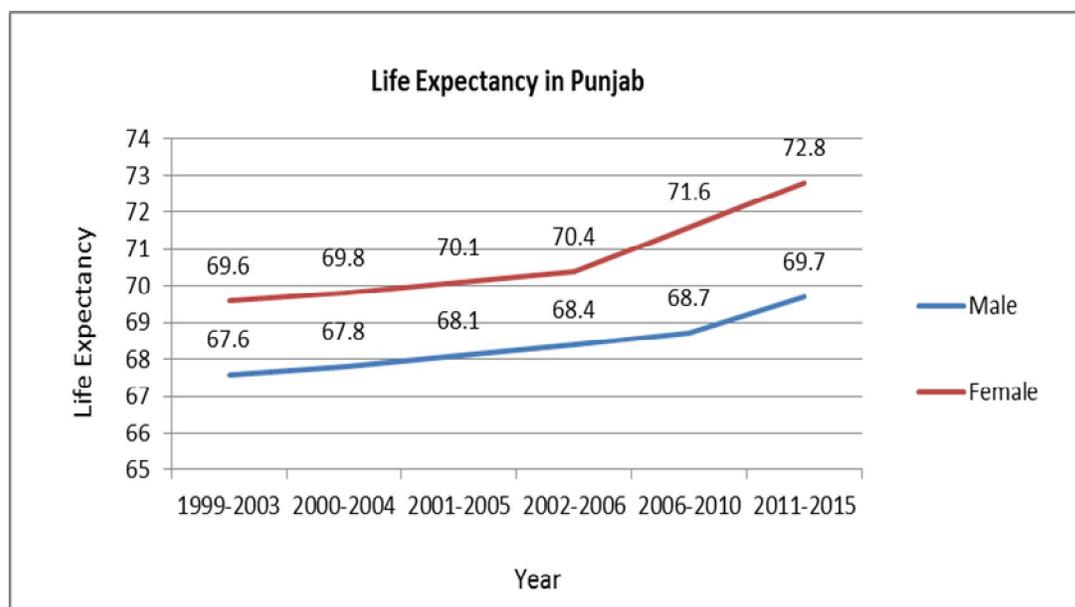


Table No. 2.2 Sex-wise total number of births in Punjab

Year	Total Birth	Male	Female	Sex Ratio at Birth
2001	470547	268328	202219	754
2002	460267	258952	201315	777
2003	476527	266387	210140	789
2004	480088	267624	212464	794
2005	485625	271235	214390	790
2006	494830	272896	221934	813
2007	495063	272037	223026	820
2008	506704	278416	228288	820
2009	516246	283371	232875	822
2010	507665	278314	229351	824
2011	511058	275890	235168	852

Source: Annual Report on Registration of births & Deaths, Punjab

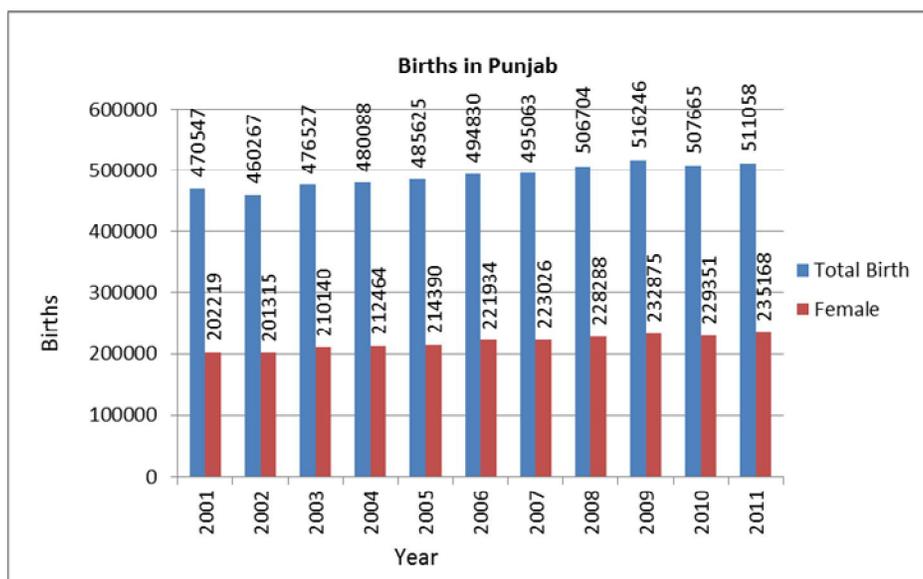


Table No. 2.3 Live births in Punjab

Year	Live Births		
	Male	Female	Total
2001	268328	202219	470547
2002	258952	201315	460267
2003	266387	210140	476527
2004	267624	212464	480088
2005	271235	214390	485625
2006	271306	220406	491712
2007	272037	223026	495063
2008	278416	228288	506704
2009	283371	232875	516246
2010	278314	229351	507665
2011	275890	235168	511058

Source: Annual Report on Registration of births & Deaths, Punjab

Table No. 2.4 Percentage distribution of live births by order of birth, 2011 in Punjab

Birth Order	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	50.9	49.6	52.3	51.8	50.7	53.0	49.2	47.6	51.0
2	34.2	34.9	33.4	32.8	32.8	32.7	36.9	38.9	34.7
3	10.5	10.8	10.2	11.1	11.8	10.5	9.3	9.0	9.7
4	3.1	3.6	2.5	3.1	3.8	2.4	2.9	3.2	2.6
5+	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.2	0.9	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report 2011

Note: Total may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Table No. 2.5 Percentage distribution of current live births by birth interval Punjab (2011)

Birth interval in Months	Total	Rural	Urban
10-12	1.4	1.7	0.8
12-18	9.1	10.8	6.1
18-24	9.0	11.1	5.2
24-30	10.2	12.8	5.8
30-36	10.6	11.1	9.7
36+	59.7	52.5	72.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report 2011

Note: Total may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Table No. 2.6 No. of Live Births by type of attention at Delivery in Punjab, 2011

	Institutional	Physician/ Nurse/ Mid Wife	Un- trained Midwife	Other Specify Domiciliary	Total
Municipal Corporation	84644	12117	-	5356	102117
Town with Population one Lac & Above	51234	9236	-	4102	64572
Town with population 50,000 but less than 100,000	47391	8132	-	5179	60702
Town with Population 20,000 but less than 50,000	48136	4846	-	6601	59583
Town with Population less than 20,000	31839	5417	-	8048	45304
Total Urban Area	263244	39748	-	29286	332278

Source: Annual Report on Registration of births & Deaths, 2011

Table No. 2.7 Live Births by Birth Order and Age of Mother in Punjab, 2011

Age of Mother	Order of Birth							
	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>6+</i>	<i>Total</i>
Below 15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15-19	8165	4568	1362	96	0	0	0	14191
20-24	108255	68795	18703	2529	334	40	0	198656
25-29	61978	79348	42085	5372	1379	143	4	190309
30-34	13509	27400	22453	9559	3459	174	24	76578
35-39	4161	8370	8024	4506	2638	314	25	28038
40-44	370	525	460	858	520	111	13	2857
45 and above	36	23	158	146	65	0	1	429
Total	196474	189029	93245	23066	8395	782	67	511058
Percentage	38.4	37.0	18.2	4.5	1.6	0.2	0.0	100

Source: Annual Report on Registration of births & Deaths, 2011

Table No. 2.8 Infant Mortality rates by sex and residence in Punjab

Year	Total			Rural			Urban		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>
2001	52	43	63	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	51	38	66	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	49	46	52	53	49	57	34	33	36
2004	45	37	55	50	42	60	36	28	46
2005	44	41	48	49	46	51	37	32	43
2006	44	39	50	48	41	57	36	34	38
2007	43	42	45	47	45	50	35	35	36
2008	41	39	43	45	44	48	33	31	35
2009	38	37	39	42	41	43	31	29	33
2010	34	33	35	37	36	39	28	27	29
2011	30	28	33	33	31	35	25	22	28

Source: SRS Bulletin, Registrar General of India

Table No. 2.9 Child (Aged 0-4 years) and infant mortality indicators, 2011 in Punjab & all India

Indicators	Punjab			India		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Rural</i>	<i>Urban</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Rural</i>	<i>Urban</i>
Child Mortality Rate	7	9	5	12	14	7
Under Five Mortality Rate	38	43	28	55	61	35
Infant Mortality Rate	30	33	25	44	48	29
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	24	26	21	31	34	17
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate	18	20	14	24	27	13
Late Neo-natal Mortality Rate	6	6	8	7	7	4
Post Neo-natal Mortality Rate	6	7	4	14	14	12
Peri-Natal Mortality Rate	25	26	22	30	33	19
Still Birth Rate	7	6	9	6	6	6

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report 2011

Table No. 2.10 Infant death by age and sex - 2011, Punjab

Age	Rural			Urban			Combined		
	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
Under One Week	236	188	424	302	185	487	538	373	911
One week to One Month	136	114	250	140	128	268	276	242	518
One Month but below Three Months	133	116	249	116	84	200	249	200	449
Three Months to Six Months	114	119	233	117	57	174	231	176	407
Six Months to One Year	210	205	415	442	275	717	652	480	1132
Total	829	742	1571	1117	729	1846	1946	1471	3417

Source: Annual Report on Registration of births & Deaths, 2011

Table No. 2.11 Early childhood mortality rates for five year period preceding the survey and for 0-4 years by Residence, Punjab

	Area	Neonatal Mortality Rate	Post Neonatal Mortality	Infant Mortality Rate	Child Mortality	Under Five Mortality
NFHS - I (1992-93)	Total	31.2	22.5	53.7	15.0	68.0
	Rural	34.4	22.8	57.2	15.4	71.8
	Urban	20.6	21.7	42.3	13.8	55.5
NFHS-II (1998-99)	Total	34.3	22.8	57.1	15.9	72.1
	Rural	39.3	24.0	63.3	17.2	79.4
	Urban	18.6	19.1	37.7	12.4	49.7
NFHS-III (2005-06)	Total	28.0	13.7	41.7	10.8	52.0
	Rural	31.4	11.0	42.4	11.1	53.0
	Urban	21.9	18.5	40.4	10.0	50.0

Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), Punjab, India

Table No. 2.12 Crude death rates by sex and residence in India and Major states, 2011

SN	India & Major States	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
	India	7.1	7.8	6.3	7.6	8.4	6.9	5.7	6.3	5.0
1	Andhra Pradesh	7.5	8.7	6.3	8.5	9.6	7.3	5.2	6.5	3.9
2	Assam	8.0	8.9	7.1	8.4	9.4	7.4	5.6	6.4	4.8
3	Bihar	6.7	7.0	6.5	6.9	7.1	6.7	5.5	6.2	4.8
4	Chhattisgarh	7.9	8.6	7.2	8.3	9.0	7.6	6.1	7.0	5.1
5	Delhi	4.3	4.7	3.9	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.6	3.8
6	Gujarat	6.7	7.4	6.0	7.4	8.2	6.6	5.7	6.3	5.0
7	Haryana	6.5	7.2	5.6	7.0	7.9	6.0	5.3	5.8	4.8
8	Himachal Pradesh	6.7	7.7	5.7	7.0	8.1	6.0	3.6	4.1	3.1
9	Jammu & Kashmir	5.5	6.0	5.0	5.7	6.3	5.1	4.7	4.9	4.5
10	Jharkhand	6.9	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.3	7.2	5.2	5.6	4.8
1	Karnataka	7.1	8.2	5.9	8.0	9.4	6.6	5.4	6.1	4.8
1	Kerala	7.0	8.3	5.8	7.1	8.7	5.8	6.6	7.3	6.0
1	Madhya Pradesh	8.3	8.8	7.5	8.7	9.4	8.1	6.1	6.7	5.5
1	Maharashtra	6.3	7.1	5.5	7.3	8.3	6.3	5.1	5.7	4.4
1	Orissa	8.5	8.8	8.2	8.8	9.1	8.6	6.5	7.0	6.0
1	Punjab	6.8	7.6	5.8	7.5	8.4	6.4	5.6	6.3	4.9
1	Rajasthan	6.7	7.3	4.0	7.0	7.5	6.4	5.8	6.6	5.0
1	Tamil Nadu	7.4	8.3	6.4	8.1	9.2	6.9	6.4	7.1	5.7
1	Uttar Pradesh	7.9	8.6	7.0	8.3	9.1	7.4	6.1	6.6	5.6
2	West Bengal	6.2	6.7	5.6	6.1	6.5	5.7	6.5	7.5	5.4

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report 2011

Table No. 2.13 Age Specific Mortality by Sex in Punjab-2011

Age-Group	Total			Rural			Urban		
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>
Below 1	23.6	22.3	25.1	31.3	28.4	34.8	14.8	14.3	15.3
1-4	1.9	1.3	2.7	2.6	1.5	3.9	0.7	0.9	0.5
0-4	7.4	6.3	8.5	8.8	7.3	10.6	5.0	4.6	5.4
5-9	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
10-14	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.0
15-19	0.9	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.4
20-24	1.6	2.4	0.9	1.4	2.4	0.5	2.0	2.4	1.6
25-29	1.6	2.4	0.7	1.6	2.5	0.5	1.7	2.3	1.0
30-34	2.6	3.9	1.2	2.8	4.0	1.5	2.3	3.7	0.7
35-39	2.9	4.2	1.5	3.7	6.0	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6
40-44	4.3	6.9	1.7	4.4	6.9	1.8	4.2	6.9	1.4
45-49	6.0	8.3	3.6	6.6	9.8	3.3	5.1	6.1	4.1
50-54	7.2	9.0	5.0	9.2	10.0	8.1	4.6	7.5	1.3
55-59	9.8	13.1	6.8	9.3	11.9	7.0	10.7	15.0	6.3
60-64	16.5	22.8	9.5	17.7	24.2	10.4	14.6	20.6	8.1
65-69	23.7	29.6	16.2	22.0	30.3	14.5	23.8	28.3	19.5
70-74	39.8	38.1	41.5	41.6	42.9	40.5	36.4	29.5	43.8
75-79	58.8	55.4	62.4	59.9	58.1	61.8	56.3	48.9	63.6
80-84	91.2	104.7	77.4	94.2	113.0	75.7	83.9	85.8	81.8
85+	169.3	173.2	166.0	162.5	160.9	163.9	189.7	214.9	171.5
All Ages (Crude Death rate)	6.8	7.6	5.8	7.5	8.4	6.4	5.6	6.3	4.9

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report 2011

Table no. 2.14 Fertility indicators in Punjab (2011)

Age Group	Total	Rural	Urban
Age specific fertility rates			
15-19	10.4	12.0	7.4
20-24	150.5	159.5	133.2
25-29	132.9	129.4	138.4
30-34	47.1	46.0	48.7
35-39	11.7	12.7	10.1
40-44	2.5	3.5	0.9
45-49	0.6	1.0	0.0
Age specific marital fertility rates			
15-19	257.6	271.7	222.1
20-24	343.1	350.1	328.2
25-29	165.9	160.2	175.0
30-34	50.4	49.1	52.3
35-39	12.2	13.3	10.5
40-44	2.7	3.8	1.0
45-49	0.7	1.1	0.0
Crude Birth Rate	16.2	16.8	15.2
General Fertility Rate	59.9	62.2	56.2
Total Fertility Rate	1.8	1.8	1.7
Gross Reproduction Rate	0.8	0.9	0.8
General Marital Fertility Rate	88.2	92.4	81.4
Total Marital Fertility Rate	4.2	4.2	3.9

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report 2011

Table No. 2.15 Total Fertility Rate (15-49 Years female)

SN	India/State	NFHS-1 (1992-93)	NFHS-2 (1998-99)	NFHS-3 (2005-06)
	India	3.39	2.85	2.68
1	Andhra Pradesh	2.59	2.25	1.79
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4.25	2.52	3.03
3	Assam	3.53	2.31	2.42
4	Bihar	N.A	3.7	4
5	Chhattisgarh	N.A	2.79	2.62
6	Delhi	3.02	2.4	2.13
7	Goa	1.9	1.77	1.79
8	Gujarat	2.99	2.72	2.42
9	Haryana	3.99	2.88	2.69
10	Himachal Pradesh	2.97	2.14	1.94
11	Jammu & Kashmir	N.A	2.71	2.38
12	Jharkhand	N.A	2.76	3.31
13	Karnataka	2.85	2.13	2.07
14	Kerala	2	1.96	1.93
15	Madhya Pradesh	N.A	3.43	3.12
16	Maharashtra	2.86	2.52	2.11
17	Manipur	2.76	3.04	2.83
18	Meghalaya	3.73	4.57	3.8
19	Mizoram	2.3	2.89	2.86
20	Nagaland	3.26	3.77	3.74
21	Orissa	2.92	2.46	2.37
22	Punjab	2.92	2.21	1.99
23	Rajasthan	3.63	3.78	3.21
24	Sikkim	N.A	2.75	2.02
25	Tamil Nadu	2.48	2.19	1.8
26	Tripura	2.67	1.87	2.22
27	Uttar Pradesh	N.A	4.06	3.82
28	Uttarakhand	N.A	2.61	2.55
29	West Bengal	2.92	2.29	2.27

Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS)

Table No. 2.16 Maternal mortality ratio (MMR) in Major States

SN	State/Union Territory	Maternal Mortality Ratio (per 100,000 Live Births)				Increase/ Decrease +/- (6-5)
		1999-2001	2001-2003	2004-2006	2007-2009	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	220	195	154	134	-20
2	Assam	398	490	480	390	-90
3	Bihar	400	371	312	261	-51
4	Gujarat	202	172	160	148	-12
5	Haryana	176	162	186	153	-33
6	Karnataka	266	228	213	178	-35
7	Kerala	149	110	95	81	-14
8	Madhya Pradesh	407	379	335	269	-66
9	Maharashtra	169	149	130	104	-26
10	Orissa	424	358	303	258	-45
11	Punjab	177	178	192	172	-20
12	Rajasthan	501	445	388	318	-70
13	Tamil Nadu	167	134	111	97	-14
14	Uttar Pradesh	539	517	440	359	-81
15	West Bengal	218	194	141	145	4
	India	327	301	254	212	-42

Source: SRS Estimates Released by RGI on 07-07-2011

Note: MMR measures number of women aged 15-49 years dying due to maternal causes per 1,00,000 live births.

Table No. 2.17 Sector wise maternal death by age in Punjab 2011

Age Group	Urban	Rural	Total
Below 15 Years	-	-	-
15-19 Years	-	-	-
20-24 Years	7	14	21
25-29 Years	12	18	30
30-34 Years	4	5	9
35-39 Years	-	-	-
40-44 Years	-	-	-
45 & Above	-	-	-
Total	23	37	60

Source: Annual Report on Registration of Births & Deaths, 2011

Table No. 2.18(a) Mothers receiving antenatal and post natal care in Punjab

	Mothers who had at least 3 Antenatal visits for last birth (%)	Mothers who consumed IFA (Iron and folic acid) for 90 days when pregnant (%)	Mothers who received post Natal care within 2 days of delivery (%)
NFHS-III 2005-06	72.5	27.9	62.0

Source: National Family Health Survey, International Institute for population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India.

Table no. 2.18(b) Percentage of mother receiving antenatal care in Punjab and India

Mother who had at least 3 Antenatal visit for last birth (for last birth to ever married women in the three years preceding the survey)	Punjab			India		
	NFHS-3 (2005-06)	NFHS-2 (1998-99)	NFHS-1 (1992-93)	NFHS-3 (2005-06)	NFHS-2 (1998-99)	NFHS-1 (1992-93)
	72.5	58.4	62.2	52	44.2	43.9

Source: National Family Health Survey, International Institute for population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India.

Table No. 2.19 Maternal care indicators for births during the three years preceding the survey by residence in Punjab

	NFHS-1 (1992-93)	NFHS-2 (1998-99)	NFHS-3 (2005-06)
URBAN			
% who received ANC	91.9	91.4	92.8
% who had at least 3 ANC visits	72.3	85.3	77.6
% who received ANC within the first trimester	40.4	71.1	66.4
% of births delivered in a health facility	35.4	56.0	60.2
% of deliveries assisted by health personnel	59.9	77.8	70.7
RURAL			
% who received ANC	86.2	69.2	89.4
% who had at least 3 ANC visits	58.9	49.9	70.2
% who received ANC within the first trimester	23.4	36.5	55.2
% of births delivered in a health facility	21.6	31.9	48.4
% of deliveries assisted by health personnel	45.4	58.0	67.4
TOTAL			
% who received ANC	87.6	74.5	90.6
% who had at least 3 ANC visits	62.2	58.4	72.8
% who received ANC within the first trimester	27.5	44.6	59.2
% of births delivered in a health facility	24.9	37.5	52.5
% of deliveries assisted by health personnel	48.8	62.6	68.6

Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS-III) Punjab, India International Institute for Population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India

Table No. 2.20 Maternal care indicators by state
Maternal care indicators for births during the five years preceding the survey
by state, India, 2005-06

STATE	Percentage who received all recommended types of antenatal care	Percentage of births delivered in a health facility	Percentage of deliveries assisted by health personnel	Percentage of deliveries with a postnatal check-up	Percentage of deliveries with a postnatal check-up within two days of birth
INDIA	15	38.7	46.6	41.2	37.3
North					
Delhi	29	58.9	64.1	60.9	58.4
Haryana	14.7	35.7	48.9	57.6	55.9
Himachal	17.4	43	47.8	50.6	43.2
Jammu&	17.5	50.2	56.5	51.6	48.4
Punjab	19.6	51.3	68.2	63.7	62
Rajasthan	8.6	29.6	41	31.8	28.9
Uttaranchal	16.1	32.6	38.5	35.8	32.4
Central					
Chhattisgarh	11.3	14.3	41.6	36.5	28.4
Madhya Pradesh	2.2	26.2	32.7	33.8	28.5
Uttar Pradesh	4.1	20.6	27.2	14.9	13.3
East					
Bihar	5.8	19.9	29.3	17.8	15.9
Jharkhand	7.5	18.3	27.8	19.6	17
Orissa	18.4	35.6	44	40.9	33.3
West Bengal	12.3	42	47.6	44.3	40.7
North East					
Arunachal	6.5	28.5	30.2	23.7	22.7
Assam	9.6	22.4	31	15.9	13.9
Manipur	10.5	45.9	59	50.1	46.4
Meghalaya	8.1	29	31.1	33.2	28.8
Mizoram	8.7	59.8	65.4	53.5	50.6
Nagaland	1.9	11.6	24.7	11.8	10.6
Sikkim	22.2	42.2	53.7	52.4	44.9
Tripura	10.6	46.9	48.8	33.7	30.3
West					
Goa	55.7	92.3	94	82.8	75.5
Gujarat	25.6	52.7	63	61.4	56.5
Maharashtra	21.6	64.6	68.7	64	58.7
South					
Andhra Pradesh	28.2	64.4	74.9	73.3	64.1
Karnataka	29.6	64.7	69.7	66.9	58.5
Kerala	63.6	99.3	99.4	87.4	84.9
Tamil Nadu	34	87.8	90.6	91.3	87.2

Source: National Family Health Survey-III, International Institute for Population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India

Table No. 2.21 Percent of live births where the mothers received medical attention at delivery either at government hospitals or at private hospitals in Punjab

Year	Total	Rural	Urban
2004	41.6	29.0	64.0
2005	41.9	29.4	64.9
2006	42.7	30.3	65.3
2007	46.0	35.4	65.9
2008	56.3	48.9	69.8
2009	58.5	51.5	71.4
2010	67.6	59.9	81.4
2011	73.4	66.8	85.3

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Reports

Table No. 2.22 Safe delivery and assisted delivery among women, 2007-08

SN	India/States/UTs	Births Assisted by Doctor/Nurse/Health Personnel (%)			Institutional Deliveries (%)		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
	India	52.6	43.4	75.8	47.0	37.8	70.5
1	Andhra Pradesh	75.6	70.0	93.4	71.8	65.7	90.9
2	Arunachal Pradesh	48.9	43.8	68.5	47.7	42.5	67.7
3	Assam	40.9	37.6	73.1	35.3	32.0	66.8
4	Bihar	31.9	29.7	59.9	27.7	25.6	54.3
5	Chhattisgarh	29.6	24.1	64.6	18.8	13.2	48.4
6	Delhi	71.8	61.3	72.6	68.6	56.9	69.6
7	Goa	97.8	98.9	96.8	96.3	97.8	95.1
8	Gujarat	62.1	54.5	86.7	56.5	48.1	83.7
9	Haryana	53.4	48.0	69.6	46.9	42.2	61.4
10	Himachal Pradesh	51.0	48.8	73.8	48.2	46.1	71.1
11	Jammu & Kashmir	59.1	54.4	87.5	55.0	49.9	85.9
12	Jharkhand	25.0	21.0	64.3	17.8	13.4	59.3
13	Karnataka	71.5	66.7	84.7	65.1	59.7	79.8
14	Kerala	99.4	99.3	99.9	99.4	99.3	99.9
15	Madhya Pradesh	50.1	43.4	76.7	47.1	40.8	72.2
16	Maharashtra	69.4	61.1	90.1	63.6	54.1	87.3
17	Manipur	55.8	48.1	90.3	41.1	33.8	73.6
18	Meghalaya	29.0	25.2	63.6	24.4	20.6	58.9
19	Mizoram	63.5	50.7	88.2	55.9	40.4	85.7
20	Nagaland	NA	NA	NA	0.0	0.0	0.0
21	Orissa	50.9	47.4	78.3	44.3	40.4	74.4
22	Punjab	77.1	74.5	83.5	63.3	59.7	72.3
23	Rajasthan	52.7	48.2	73.7	45.5	40.7	67.7
24	Sikkim	56.9	55.1	90.3	49.8	48.0	83.4
25	Tamil Nadu	95.6	93.9	98.2	94.1	91.8	97.6
26	Tripura	47.3	42.7	92.1	46.3	41.6	92.1
27	Uttar Pradesh	30.1	27.0	47.1	24.5	22.1	38.1
28	Uttrakhand	35.5	30.1	66.7	30.0	25.2	58.5
29	West Bengal	51.6	46.1	82.8	49.2	43.4	81.3
	Union Territory						
30	A & N Islands	77.5	73.5	91.7	76.3	72.4	89.8
31	Chandigarh	78.5	57.2	82.1	73.6	50.8	77.4
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	47.1	36.6	90.1	46	35.6	88.6
33	Daman & Diu	69.4	63.6	80.1	64	60.2	71.2
34	Lakshadweep	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0
35	Pondicherry	99.4	98.0	99.9	99.1	97.4	99.6

Source: Women and Men in Delhi 2010

Table No. 2.23 Percentage of women age 15-19 years who have begun child bearing in Punjab

Year	% of women age 15-19 who have begun child bearing	Level of Education of Women age 15-19			
		<i>No Education</i>	<i>< 5 years completed</i>	<i>5-9 years completed</i>	<i>10 years completed and above</i>
2005-06 (NFHS-3)	5.5	18.1	11.6	4.6	2.2

Source: National Family Health Survey- III, International Institute for Population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India.

Table No. 2.24 Incidence of early marriage, 2006 and early motherhood in India, 2001

SN	India/State	Percentage Women 20-24 Years Married before 18 years 2006			No. of Ever Married Mothers Below 15 Years of Age 2001
		Total	Rural	Urban	
	India	44.5	52.5	28.1	296790
1	Andhra Pradesh	54.7	61.4	41.2	12848
2	Arunachal Pradesh	40.6	39.8	42.5	267
3	Assam	38.0	41.3	23.3	7045
4	Bihar	60.3	65.2	37.3	31665
5	Chhattisgarh	51.8	60.3	25.4	4060
6	Delhi	21.2	41.1	61.6	2348
7	Goa	11.7	7.8	14.6	127
8	Gujarat	33.5	37.9	27.3	12300
9	Haryana	39.8	42.8	33.3	7605
10	Himachal Pradesh	12.3	12.2	13.6	1280
11	Jammu & Kashmir	14.0	17.1	4.9	5159
12	Jharkhand	61.2	71.0	33.6	5713
13	Karnataka	41.2	49.4	28.0	11822
14	Kerala	15.4	19.4	9.2	3504
15	Madhya Pradesh	53.0	62.0	31.1	16211
16	Maharashtra	38.8	48.9	28.9	15672
17	Manipur	12.7	13.2	11.7	349
18	Meghalaya	24.5	28.1	15.6	458
19	Mizoram	20.6	25.0	16.9	115
20	Nagaland	21.1	23.7	14.6	464
21	Orissa	36.3	38.7	24.3	8565
22	Punjab	19.4	20.4	17.7	8387
23	Rajasthan	57.1	65.7	35.8	21156
24	Sikkim	30.1	34.5	15.9	129
25	Tamil Nadu	21.5	26.1	17.2	15896
26	Tripura	41.0	41.7	37.8	728
27	Uttar Pradesh	53.0	61.1	30.0	73408
28	Uttarakhand	22.6	24.7	16.3	1987
29	West Bengal	53.3	62.6	31.5	27082
	Union Territories				
30	Andaman & Nicobar	-	-	-	74
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	19
32	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	18
33	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	4
34	Pondicherry	-	-	-	112
35	Chandigarh	-	-	-	213

Source: NFHS-3 2005-06 India International institute for Population Science, (2006), Mumbai

Table No. 2.25 Family welfare programme users (by methods) in Punjab

Year	Insertion of Contraceptive Device	Sterilization			Oral Pills (Cycles)	Condoms ('000)	Total
		Male	Female	Total			
2001-02	351922	-	-	109964	138269	448150	1048305
2002-03	338876	1200	100538	101738	117495	380386	938495
2003-04	318946	1638	95960	97598	104203	368625	889372
2004-05	327886	4012	98456	102468	109399	408514	948267
2005-06	341365	15762	91829	107591	117151	436602	1002709
2006-07	335263	5615	88143	93758	119313	446725	995059
2007-08	313453	13110	90378	103488	114774	444289	976004
2008-09	297182	12760	84879	97639	117206	448304	960331
2009-10	297167	12551	81802	94353	109762	446960	948242
2010-11	233969	16871	76982	93853	108406	428492	864720

Source: Director, Health and family Welfare, Punjab

**Table No. 2.26 Effective couples protection rate (CPR)
due to all methods as on 31st March, Punjab vis-à-vis India**

Year	Couple Protection Rate (CPR)	
	<i>Punjab</i>	<i>India</i>
1980	23.5	22.3
1985	48.9	32.1
1990	73.2	43.3
1991	75.8	44.1
1992	73.6	43.6
1993	70.9	43.5
1994	77.4	45.4
1995	79.1	45.8
1996	81.2	46.5
1997	76.9	45.4
1998	68.9	48.4
1999	66.0	48.6
2000	65.5	46.2
2001	63.9	45.6
2002	63.2	45.7
2003	59.9	47.1
2004	57.4	47.2
2005	56.5	46.6
2006	56.1	46.7
2007	55.0	46.2
2008	53.5	46.5
2009	50.2	42.9
2010	48.6	41.6
2011	46.2	40.4

Source: Director, Health and family Welfare, Punjab and FW Statistics 2011 (GOI)

Table No. 2.27 Teenage pregnancy and motherhood by state

Percentage of women age 15-19 who have had a live birth or who are pregnant with their first child and Percentage that have begun child, bearing, by state, India 2005-06

State	Percentage who		
	<i>Have had a live birth</i>	<i>Are pregnant with first child</i>	<i>Percentage who have begun childbearing</i>
India	12.1	3.9	16
North			
Delhi	3.8	1.2	5
Haryana	7.5	4.6	12.1
Himachal Pradesh	2.1	0.9	3.1
Jammu & Kashmir	13.4	0.8	4.2
Punjab	3.6	1.9	5.5
Rajasthan	12.6	3.4	16
Uttaranchal	3.6	2.6	6.2
Central			
Chhattisgarh	11.2	3.4	14.6
Madhya Pradesh	10.6	3	13.6
Uttar Pradesh	11.2	3.1	14.3
East			
Bihar	19.3	5.7	25
Jharkhand	19.3	6.8	27.5
Orissa	19.3	4.1	14.4
West Bengal	19.3	6	25.3
Northeast			
Arunachal Pradesh	12.4	3	15.4
Assam	13.1	3.2	16.4
Manipur	5.2	2.1	7.3
Meghalaya	6.7	1.5	8.3
Mizoram	7.7	2.5	10.1
Nagaland	5.5	3.9	7.5
Sikkim	8.7	3.2	12
Tripura	14	4.5	18.3
Goa	2.6	1.1	3.6
Gujarat	8.9	3.7	12.7
Maharashtra	11.1	2.9	13.8
South			
Andhra Pradesh	12.7	5.4	18.1
Karnataka	12.8	4.3	17
Kerala	2.9	2.9	5.8
Tamil Nadu	4.8	2.9	7.7

Source: NFHS-National Family Health Survey, India

Table No. 2.28 Anaemia among children & women in Punjab

Year	Children aged 6-35 month who are anaemic (%)	Ever married women aged 15-49 year who are anaemic (%)		Pregnant women aged 15-49 year who are anaemic (%)	Ever married men aged 15-49 year who are anaemic (%)	
	6-35 months	Currently Married	Widowed/ Divorced/ Separated/ Deserted		Currently Married	Widowed/ Divorced/ Separated/ Deserted
NFHS-I 1992-93	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-
NFHS-II 1998-99	80.0	-	-	37.1	NA	-
NFHS-III 2005-06	80.2	38.4	34.7	41.6	12.6	NA

Source: (NFHS) National Family Health Survey, Punjab & India

Table No. 2.29 Prevalence of anaemia among Adults
 Percentage of women and men (age 15-49) with anaemia, by background characteristics, Punjab 2005-06
 and percentage of ever –married women (age 15-49) with anaemia, NFHS-3 and NFHS-2

Background Characteristics	Women					Men				
	Mild (10.0-11.9g/dl)	Moderate (7.0-9.9 g/dl)	Severe (<7.0 g/dl)	Any Anaemia (<12.0 g/dl)	No. of women	Mild (10.0-11.9g/dl)	Moderate (7.0-9.9 g/dl)	Severe (<7.0 g/dl)	Any Anaemia (<12.0 g/dl)	No. of men
Age										
15-19	27.5	12.3	1.6	41.4	617	8.4	11.2	2.0	21.5	251
20-29	26.8	10.8	1.3	38.8	1264	5.5	2.2	1.4	9.1	417
30-39	25.5	9.6	1.1	36.2	943	6.7	6.0	1.1	13.7	285
40-49	25.2	9.1	1.7	36.0	699	6.6	5.0	1.7	13.2	242
Marital Status										
Never Married	26.1	10.0	1.1	37.2	883	6.6	6.8	1.7	15.1	482
Currently Married	26.2	10.7	1.5	38.4	2521	6.7	4.4	1.4	12.6	701
Widowed/divorced/ separated/deserted	27.1	7.6	0.0	34.7	119	*	*	*	*	12
Maternity Status										
Pregnant	15.4	22.3	3.9	41.6	130	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Breastfeeding	32.1	11.5	1.1	44.8	441	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Neither	25.8	9.7	1.3	36.8	2953	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Residence										
Urban	28.2	9.7	1.3	39.1	1282	5.5	4.1	1.7	11.3	531
Rural	25.1	10.9	1.4	37.4	2242	7.5	6.6	1.4	15.5	664
Education										
No education	27.4	11.1	1.6	40.2	999	8.3	6.5	2.4	17.3	168
<5 years complete	26.5	10.6	1.8	38.9	113	7.8	4.7	0.0	12.5	64
5-9 years complete	25.9	11.9	1.8	39.7	1069	7.0	7.2	2.3	16.6	471
10 or more years complete	25.6	8.7	0.8	35.2	1343	5.5	3.7	0.6	9.8	492
Religion										
Hindu	26.6	11.4	1.6	39.7	1437	6.0	4.7	2.5	13.2	529
Muslim	30.5	10.7	1.2	42.4	85	(6.5)	(6.5)	(0.0)	(12.9)	31
Sikh	25.8	9.4	1.2	36.5	1950	7.1	6.1	0.8	13.9	624
other	24.9	18.9	0.0	43.8	52	*	*	*	*	11
Caste/tribe										
Scheduled caste	29.2	11.7	1.7	42.6	1145	8.7	4.6	2.0	15.4	345

Table No. 2.29 (Contd.) Prevalence of anaemia in Adults

Background Characteristics	Women					Men				
	Mild (10.0-11.9g/dl)	Moderate (7.0-9.9 g/dl)	Severe (<7.0 g/dl)	Any Anaemia (<12.0 g/dl)	No. of women	Mild (10.0-11.9g/dl)	Moderate (7.0-9.9 g/dl)	Severe (<7.0 g/dl)	Any Anaemia (<12.0 g/dl)	No. of men
Other backward class	20.2	12.3	0.3	32.8	319	7.9	6.3	1.6	15.9	126
Other	25.3	9.6	1.4	36.3	1997	5.4	5.8	1.3	12.5	705
Wealth Index										
Lowest	(27.3)	(8.0)	(2.7)	(30.0)	37	*	*	*	*	10
Second	26.3	12.9	2.0	41.2	198	6.2	3.1	1.6	10.9	64
Middle	28.6	12.0	1.4	42.0	486	7.1	6.5	3.0	16.7	168
Fourth	26.4	12.4	2.0	40.9	1029	7.7	8.6	2.7	19.0	336
Highest	25.4	8.6	0.9	34.9	1775	5.7	3.7	0.3	9.7	617
Total	26.2	10.4	1.4	38.0	3524	6.6	5.5	1.5	13.6	1195
Total for ever-married women										
NFHS-3 (2005-06)	26.3	10.6	1.4	38.3	2641	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NFHS-2 (1998-99)	28.4	12.3	0.7	41.4	2614	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Note: () based on 25-49 unweighted cases

*: percentage not shown, based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

NA: Not applicable

Haemoglobin levels shown in grams per decilitre (g/dl). Total includes women and men belonging to the scheduled tribes and those with missing information on caste/tribe, who are not shown separately.

Table No. 2.30 Prevalence of anaemia among women-States

India/State	Percentage of women with:			Total
	<i>Mid anaemia</i>	<i>Moderate anaemia</i>	<i>Severe anaemia</i>	
Andhra Pradesh	39.0	20.6	3.3	62.9
Arunachal Pradesh	36.6	12.5	1.6	50.6
Assam	44.8	21.2	3.4	69.4
Bihar	50.5	15.9	1.0	67.4
Chhattisgarh	39.9	15.7	1.9	57.5
Delhi	35.2	8.8	0.2	44.3
Goa	29.6	7.8	0.6	38.0
Gujarat	36.2	16.5	2.6	55.3
Haryana	37.6	16.7	1.7	56.1
Himachal Pradesh	31.6	10.5	1.2	43.3
Jammu & Kashmir	37.3	13.1	1.6	52.1
Jharkhand	49.6	18.6	1.3	69.5
Karnataka	34.4	15.1	2.0	51.5
Kerala	25.8	6.5	0.5	32.8
Madhya Pradesh	40.8	14.1	1.0	56.0
Maharashtra	32.8	13.9	1.7	48.4
Manipur	30.1	5.1	0.5	35.7
Meghalaya	32.8	12.6	1.8	47.2
Mizoram	29.1	8.8	0.7	38.6
Nagaland	-	-	-	-
Orissa	44.9	14.9	1.5	61.2
Punjab	26.2	10.4	1.4	38.0
Rajasthan	35.2	15.4	2.5	53.1
Sikkim	42.1	16.2	1.7	60.0
Tamil Nadu	37.4	13.6	2.2	53.2
Tripura	49.0	14.8	1.3	65.1
Uttarakhand	40.4	13.3	1.5	55.2
Uttar Pradesh	35.1	13.2	1.6	49.9
West Bengal	45.8	16.4	1.0	63.2
India	38.6	15.0	1.9	55.3

Source: NFHS-National Family Health Survey-III, 2005-06

Table No. 2.31 State-wise prevalence of anaemia in children

Percentage of children is 6- 59 months classified as having Anaemia, according to state, India, 2005-06

Anaemia status by haemoglobin level

STATE	Mild (10.0-10.9g/dl)	Moderate (7.0-9.9g/dl)	Severe (<7.0g/dl)	Any Anaemia (< 11.0 g/dl)
India	26.3	30.0	0.7	57.0
North	25.8	42.2	4.3	72.3
Delhi	25.7	26.8	2.2	54.7
Haryana	25.8	30.4	2.4	58.6
Himachal Pradesh	21.7	38.1	6.6	66.4
Jammu& Kashmir	22.8	40.2	6.7	69.7
Punjab	28.5	30.6	2.3	61.4
Rajasthan	24.0	45.2	2.0	71.2
Uttaranchal	27.1	43.6	3.4	74.1
Central	25.4	45.0	3.6	73.9
Chhattisgarh	29.6	46.8	1.6	78.0
Madhya Pradesh	29.3	39.1	1.9	70.3
Uttar Pradesh	28.9	34.5	1.6	65.0
East	30.0	29.4	1.5	61.0
Bihar	27.1	29.1	0.8	56.9
Jharkhand	28.7	38.7	2.2	69.6
Orissa	25.6	15.2	0.3	41.1
West Bengal	31.7	31.7	1.0	64.4
North East	23.5	20.0	0.6	44.2
Arunachal Pradesh	28.9	29.5	0.8	59.2
Assam	27.5	34.6	0.7	62.9
Manipur	19.5	17.1	1.5	38.2
Meghalaya	25.0	41.1	3.6	69.7
Mizoram	21.9	39.6	1.8	63.4
Nagaland	23.7	43.5	3.6	70.8
Sikkim	28.6	38.6	3.2	70.4
Tripura	23.5	20.5	0.5	44.5
West	27.1	34.6	2.6	64.2
Goa	26.3	30.0	0.7	57.0
Gujarat	25.8	42.2	4.3	72.3
Maharashtra	25.7	26.8	2.2	54.7
South	25.8	30.4	2.4	58.6
Andhra Pradesh	21.7	38.1	6.6	66.4
Karnataka	22.8	40.2	6.7	69.7
Kerala	28.5	30.6	2.3	61.4
Tamil Nadu	24.0	45.2	2.0	71.2

Source: National Family Health Survey-III, International Institute for Population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India

Note: Table is based on children who are stayed in the household the night before the interview. Prevalence of anaemia, based on haemoglobin levels, is adjusted for altitude using formula in CDC (1998). Haemoglobin in g/dl = grams per decilitre
Excludes Nagaland

Table No. 2.32 State-wise anaemia among children 0-72 months 2002, and 6-35 months (%), 2006

SN	India/State/UTs	Children Aged 6-35 Months with any Anaemia 2006 (%)			Anaemia among children (0-72 months) 2002		
		<i>T</i>	<i>R</i>	<i>U</i>	<i>Moderate (%)</i>	<i>Severe (%)</i>	<i>Total (%)</i>
	India	79.2	81.2	72.7	39	3	42
1	Andhra Pradesh	79.0	82.7	72.0	38	3	41
2	Arunachal Pradesh	66.3	64.3	71.7	-	-	-
3	Assam	76.7	77.4	70.4	-	-	-
4	Bihar	87.6	89.0	75.8	41		43
5	Chhattisgarh	81.0	82.1	75.6	48	4	52
6	Delhi	63.2	70.9	71.4	-	-	-
7	Goa	49.3	49.2	49.4	-	-	-
8	Gujarat	80.1	83.6	73.8	43	1	44
9	Haryana	82.5	83.3	79.8	54	5	59
10	Himachal Pradesh	58.8	59.8	49.1	39	2	41
11	Jammu & Kashmir	68.1	67.3	72.0	-	-	-
12	Jharkhand	77.7	80.5	65.9	33	0	33
13	Karnataka	82.7	84.3	79.4	35	4	39
14	Kerala	55.7	57.9	51.3	5	0	5
15	Madhya Pradesh	82.6	84.9	75.2	44	3	47
16	Maharashtra	71.9	76.8	65.7	53	3	56
17	Manipur	52.8	52.5	53.6	-	-	-
18	Meghalaya	68.7	69.8	61.1	-	-	-
19	Mizoram	51.7	58.5	44.4	-	-	-
20	Nagaland	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-
21	Orissa	74.2	75.8	63.2	37	4	41
22	Punjab	80.2	80.0	80.5	48	6	54
23	Rajasthan	79.6	80.1	77.5	36	2	38
24	Sikkim	56.9	56.5	59.2	-	-	-
25	Tamil Nadu	72.5	71.0	74.2	27	4	31
26	Tripura	67.9	67.8	68.5	-	-	-
27	Uttar Pradesh	85.1	85.7	82.5	41	2	43
28	Uttarakhand	61.5	62.0	60.2	21	1	22
29	West Bengal	69.4	71.9	58.2	24	4	28

Source: (i) Statistics on Women in India 2007, National Institute of Public Cooperation and Child Development
(ii) Women and Men in Delhi 2010

Table No. 2.33 Progress of prophylaxis against nutritional anaemia in Punjab

Year	Children			Expectant Mother		
	<i>Target</i>	<i>Achievement</i>	<i>%age</i>	<i>Target</i>	<i>Achievement</i>	<i>%age</i>
2000-01	1540050	958924	62.3	583800	584997	100.2
2001-02	1553960	882543	56.8	565400	580667	102.7
2002-03	927000	819107	88.4	582000	500733	86.0
2003-04	1453704	943017	64.9	594920	535008	89.9
2004-05	1145267	1492074	65.1	595074	570445	95.9
2005-06	1395036	1064776	76.3	591082	597534	101
2006-07	1699880	262587	15.4	592604	223675	37.7
2007-08	1719120	49825	2.8	544035	25041	4.6
2008-09	1749810	43739	2.4	535061	234398	43.8
2009-10	NA	NA	NA	533400	548574	102.8
2010-11	NA	NA	NA	533000	440912	85.6
2011-12	NA	NA	NA	530000	410837	85.9

Source: Director, Health and Family Welfare, Punjab

Table No. 2.34 Progress of Immunisation Programme in Punjab

Year	Expectant Mother (T.T.)			Infants (D.P.T.) (0-2 years)			Children (D.T.) (3-8 years)		
	Target	Achievement	%age	Target	Achievement	%age	Target	Achievement	%age
2000-01	583800	Achievement	97.70	502060	569497	113.43	544960	548383	100.63
2001-02	565400	510900	90.36	486760	532832	109.47	549860	460864	83.81
2002-03	582000	485977	83.50	501000	517023	103.20	552000	435013	78.81
2003-04	594920	503630	84.66	512713	497124	96.96	561936	535044	95.21
2004-05	595074	520826	87.52	513386	518144	100.93	586908	546451	93.11
2005-06	591082	534156	90.37	509942	531806	104.29	578682	612307	105.81
2006-07	592604	537810	90.75	512333	536117	104.64	601496	623594	103.67
2007-08	544035	471736	86.71	472322	498503	105.54	608304	567743	93.33
2008-09	535061	450445	84.19	465017	425422	91.49	618102	444787	71.96
2009-10	533400	436819	81.89	463500	455049	98.18	598100	525663	87.89
2010-11	533400	419163	78.58	464000	440760	94.99	605000	357987	59.17
2011-12	530000	406128	76.60	462000	411265	89.20	411000	344428	74.70

Source: Director, Health and Family Welfare, Punjab

Table No. 2.35 Immunization in India

India/State	NFHS-1 (1992-93)	NFHS-2 (1998-99)	NFHS-3 (2005-06)
India	35.4	42.0	43.5
Andhra Pradesh	45.0	58.7	46.0
Arunachal Pradesh	22.5	20.5	28.4
Assam	19.4	17.0	31.4
Bihar	10.7	11.0	32.8
Chhattisgarh	NA	NA	48.7
Delhi	57.8	69.8	63.2
Goa	74.9	82.6	78.6
Gujarat	49.8	53.0	45.2
Haryana	53.5	62.7	65.3
Himachal Pradesh	62.9	83.4	74.2
Jammu & Kashmir	65.7	56.7	66.7
Jharkhand	NA	NA	34.2
Karnataka	52.2	60.0	55.0
Kerala	54.4	79.7	75.3
Madhya Pradesh	29.2	22.4	40.3
Maharashtra	64.1	78.4	58.8
Manipur	29.1	42.3	46.8
Meghalaya	9.7	14.3	32.9
Mizoram	56.4	59.6	46.5
Nagaland	3.8	14.1	21.0
Orissa	36.1	43.7	51.8
Punjab	61.9	72.1	60.1
Rajasthan	21.1	17.3	26.5
Sikkim	NA	47.4	69.6
Tamil Nadu	64.9	88.8	80.9
Tripura	19.0	NA	49.7
Uttar Pradesh	19.8	21.2	23.0
Uttarakhand	NA	NA	60.0
West Bengal	34.2	43.8	64.3

Source: National Family Health Survey-III, International Institute for Population Science, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India.

Table No. 2.36 Adjusted HIV prevalence among ANC women (Percentage) in Punjab 2002-2006

(Percentage)

Year	HIV Prevalence among ANC Women
2002	0.10
2003	0.14
2004	0.21
2005	0.30
2006	0.12

Source: Selected Socio Economic Statistics, India, 2011

Table No. 2.37 State wise HIV Prevalence among ANC and STD Clinic Attendees

SN	Name of State/UT	ANC					STD				
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
1	A & N Islands	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.25	1.80	1.60	0.40	0.80	1.33
2	Andhra Pradesh	1.25	1.63	1.75	1.26	1.00	21.47	16.40	22.80	24.40	17.20
3	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0.20	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.00
4	Assam	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.80	0.89	0.50	0.50
5	Bihar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.25	0.40	1.20	0.00	0.40	0.40
6	Chandigarh	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.25	0.25	0.80	1.80	1.00	1.66	0.42
7	Chhattisgarh	0.58	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.25	2.13	2.80	2.77	2.58	3.33
8	D & N Haveli	0.13	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.50	-	-	-	-	-
9	Daman & Diu	0.33	0.38	0.13	0.00	0.13	-	-	-	-	-
10	Delhi	0.13	0.38	0.25	0.00	0.25	6.52	7.98	9.15	2.00	5.20
11	Goa	0.50	1.13	0.00	0.50	0.18	14.62	16.02	14.01	8.60	5.60
12	Gujarat	0.25	0.13	0.25	0.50	0.25	4.47	3.60	2.00	3.31	2.40
13	Haryana	0.26	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	1.20	0.93	1.30	0.81	0.00
14	Himachal Pradesh	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.40	0.60	0.00
15	Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.60	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.20
16	Jharkhand	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.40	0.40
17	Karnataka	1.25	1.25	1.00	1.00	0.50	10.40	12.00	13.60	7.57	8.40
18	Kerala	0.00	0.33	0.25	0.13	0.38	1.88	2.78	2.82	1.23	1.60
19	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20	Madhya Pradesh	0.00	0.25	0.25	0.00	0.00	1.81	1.80	0.47	0.47	1.72
21	Maharashtra	0.75	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.50	12.00	10.80	12.80	10.00	11.62
22	Manipur	1.00	1.38	1.00	1.25	0.75	13.00	7.20	12.20	4.80	4.08
23	Meghalaya	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	1.18	2.21
24	Mizoram	0.97	1.50	0.88	1.00	0.75	3.80	1.00	3.00	3.07	7.13
25	Nagaland	1.13	0.95	1.50	0.93	0.60	0.98	1.72	3.48	0.00	3.42
26	Orissa	0.00	0.50	0.25	0.50	0.00	2.40	2.80	4.00	2.80	1.60
27	Pondicherry	0.13	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.00	2.45	5.74	4.22	4.03	3.22
28	Punjab	0.00	0.25	0.13	0.00	0.00	1.60	1.16	1.07	0.27	1.60
29	Rajasthan	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00	6.08	2.92	5.60	1.60	2.00
30	Sikkim	0.21	0.00	0.25	0.10	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00
31	Tamil Nadu	0.50	0.67	0.50	0.25	0.25	9.64	8.40	9.20	8.00	8.00
32	Tripura	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.42	0.25	2.80	0.73	1.26	0.45	0.40
33	Uttar Pradesh	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.80	0.40	0.62	0.48
34	Uttarakhand	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
35	West Bengal	0.50	0.50	0.84	0.00	0.00	1.61	0.88	2.16	1.01	0.80

Source: National Aids Control Organization, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India

Note: The presented values are median prevalence unless where the number of sites is 3 or less, in which case, mean (Percent positivity) is presented

ANC- Antenatal Care
STD-Sexually Transmitted Disease

Table 2.38 State wise HIV prevalence among IDU, MSM & FSW

Name of State/UT	IDU				MSM				FSW			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2003	2004	2005	2006	2003	2004	2005	2006
A & N Islands	-	-	-	-	1.25	-	-	-	-	0.50	0.40	-
Andhra Pradesh	-	-	-	-	13.2	16.0	6.45	10.25	20.00	16.9	12.9	7.32
Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
Assam	-	4.48	7.86	2.86	-	-	-	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.46
Bihar	-	-	-	0.20	1.60	1.60	0.40	0.30	4.80	0.20	2.24	1.68
Chandigarh	-	4.80	9.20	17.60	-	1.36	1.60	4.80	0.60	0.80	0.67	0.67
Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.57
D & N Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delhi	-	17.6	22.8	10.00	27.4	6.67	20.40	12.27	1.61	4.60	3.15	2.80
Goa	-	-	-	-	9.09	1.68	4.90	4.80	30.15	-	-	-
Gujarat	-	-	-	-	-	6.80	10.67	11.20	-	9.20	8.13	6.40
Haryana	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	0.00	-	-	2.00	1.19
Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.44	-	0.80	0.00	0.66
Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
Jharkhand	-	-	-	0.40	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	0.80	0.88
Karnataka	-	0.00	-	3.60	10.8	10.0	11.61	19.20	14.4	21.6	18.3	8.64
Kerala	-	2.58	5.19	9.57	-	0.89	3.20	0.64	1.94	-	-	0.32
Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Madhya Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.82	1.07
Maharashtra	22.8	29.2	12.8	20.40	18.8	11.2	10.40	15.60	54.29	41.6	23.6	19.5
Manipur	-	21.0	24.1	19.80	29.2	14.0	15.60	10.40	12.8	12.4	10.0	11.6
Meghalaya	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mizoram	6.4	6.80	4.80	3.05	-	-	-	-	-	13.6	14.0	10.4
Nagaland	-	3.22	4.51	2.39	-	-	-	-	4.4	4.44	10.8	16.4
Orissa	-	-	-	10.40	-	-	-	-	-	5.18	2.60	1.00
Pondicherry	-	-	-	-	-	5.22	5.60	2.47	-	1.94	0.28	1.44
Punjab	-	-	-	13.80	-	-	-	4.80	-	-	-	1.36
Rajasthan	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.00	3.92	2.31	3.72	2.55
Sikkim	-	-	0.48	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tamil Nadu	-	39.9	18.0	24.20	4.2	6.80	6.20	5.60	8.8	4.00	5.49	4.62
Tripura	-	-	10.9	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uttar Pradesh	-	-	-	4.63	-	-	-	-	6.60	8.00	3.50	1.52
Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Bengal	-	3.83	7.41	4.64	-	1.33	0.54	6.60	6.47	4.11	6.80	6.12

Source: (i) National Aids Control Organization, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India
(ii) Women and Men in Delhi 2010

Note: The presented values are mean prevalence (Percent positivity) among each high risk group

IDU- Injecting Drug User.
MSM- Men who have Sex with Men
FSW - Female Sex Worker

Table 2.39 State wise HIV prevalence (%) among ANC, STD, IDU, MSM and FSW, 2007

SN	Name of State/UT	Antenatal Clinic	STD Clinic	IDU	MSM	FSW
1	A & N Islands	0.25	1.33	-	-	-
2	Andhra Pradesh	1.00	17.20	3.71	17.04	9.74
3	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-
4	Assam	0.00	0.50	2.41	2.78	0.44
5	Bihar	0.25	0.40	0.60	0.00	3.40
6	Chandigarh	0.25	0.42	8.64	3.60	0.40
7	Chhattisgarh	0.25	3.33	-	-	1.43
8	D & N Haveli	0.50	-	-	-	-
9	Daman & Diu	0.13	-	-	-	-
10	Delhi	0.25	5.20	10.10	11.73	3.15
11	Goa	0.18	5.60	-	7.93	-
12	Gujarat	0.25	2.40	-	8.40	6.53
13	Haryana	0.13	0.00	0.80	5.39	0.91
14	Himachal Pradesh	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.87
15	Jammu & Kashmir	0.00	0.20	-	-	-
16	Jharkhand	0.00	0.40	-	-	1.09
17	Karnataka	0.50	8.40	2.00	17.60	5.30
18	Kerala	0.38	1.60	7.85	0.96	0.87
19	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
20	Madhya Pradesh	0.00	1.72	-	-	0.67
21	Maharashtra	0.50	11.62	24.40	11.80	17.91
22	Manipur	0.75	4.08	17.90	16.40	13.07
23	Meghalaya	0.00	2.21	4.17	-	-
24	Mizoram	0.75	7.13	7.53	-	7.20
25	Nagaland	0.60	3.42	1.91	-	8.91
26	Orissa	0.00	1.60	7.33	7.37	0.80
27	Pondicherry	0.00	3.22	-	2.00	1.30
28	Punjab	0.00	1.60	13.79	1.22	0.65
29	Rajasthan	0.13	2.00	-	-	4.16
30	Sikkim	0.09	0.00	0.47	-	0.00
31	Tamil Nadu	0.25	8.00	16.80	6.60	4.68
32	Tripura	0.25	0.40	0.00	-	-
33	Uttar Pradesh	0.00	0.48	1.29	0.40	0.78
34	Uttaranchal	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
35	West Bengal	0.00	0.80	7.76	5.61	5.92

Source: (i) National Aids Control Organization, M/O Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India
(ii) Women and Men in Delhi 2010

ANC- Antenatal Care
STD- Sexually Transmitted Diseases
IDU- Injecting Drug User
MSM- Men who have Sex with Men
FSW - Female Sex Worker

Table No. 2.40 State-wise adult HIV prevalence

State/UTs	Adult prevalence (15-19)				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Andhra Pradesh	1.16	1.13	1.10	1.08	1.05
Karnataka	0.85	0.84	0.82	0.81	0.81
Maharashtra	1.08	0.98	0.89	0.80	0.74
Manipur	2.42	2.20	2.01	1.83	1.67
Nagaland	2.00	1.83	1.62	1.45	1.26
Tamil Nadu	0.93	0.73	0.59	0.47	0.39
Goa	1.01	0.92	0.84	0.77	0.73
Gujarat	0.54	0.51	0.48	0.45	0.43
Pondicherry	0.50	0.43	0.47	0.50	0.55
Arunachal Pradesh	0.18	0.13	0.09	0.07	0.05
Assam	0.08	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Bihar	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.16
Chhattisgarh	0.59	0.43	0.31	0.22	0.17
Delhi	0.35	0.32	0.30	0.27	0.27
Haryana	0.50	0.32	0.21	0.14	0.10
Himachal Pradesh	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Jammu & Kashmir	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04
Jharkhand	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.11
Kerala	0.59	0.39	0.25	0.17	0.13
Madhya Pradesh	0.17	0.15	0.13	0.12	0.11
Meghalaya	0.19	0.14	0.10	0.07	0.06
Mizoram	1.13	0.99	0.91	0.82	0.74
Orissa	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.15	0.22
Punjab	0.18	0.16	0.14	0.12	0.12
Rajasthan		0.07	0.09	0.12	0.17
Sikkim	0.24	0.17	0.13	0.09	0.08
Tripura	0.41	0.29	0.21	0.15	0.12
Uttar Pradesh	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.11
Uttaranchal	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.08
West Bengal	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.21	0.03
A & N Islands	0.81	0.66	0.54	0.44	0.37
Chandigarh	0.45	0.42	0.38	0.35	0.34
D & N Haveli	<				
Daman & Diu					
Lakshadweep	< results as there are no valid sites				
India	0.	0.43	0.41	0.39	0.36
	S				

Source: (i) India HIV Estimates - 2006 P-17
(ii) Women and Men in Delhi 2010

Table No. 2.41 State-wise percent distribution of HIV infections by age group-2006

State/UTs	Percent Distribution			Number in Lakh
	<15	15-49	>49	
Andhra Pradesh	2.07	90.58	7.36	5.26
Karnataka	2.25	91.28	6.48	2.76
Maharashtra	3.44	87.27	9.29	4.95
Manipur	3.23	88.23	8.53	0.25
Nagaland	2.99	87.60	9.41	0.19
Tamil Nadu	3.34	86.33	10.33	2.46
Goa	2.75	87.54	9.71	0.07
Gujarat	2.13	89.78	8.10	1.44
Pondicherry	2.47	91.55	5.98	0.04
Arunachal Pradesh	2.63	86.85	10.52	0.02
Assam	2.39	90.15	7.46	0.09
Bihar	1.78	93.53	4.99	0.74
Chhattisgarh	1.60	87.25	9.15	0.38
Delhi	3.73	86.64	9.63	0.30
Haryana	2.83	89.08	8.09	0.39
Himachal Pradesh	2.49	91.05	6.46	0.01
Jammu & Kashmir	1.61	93.10	5.29	0.02
Jharkhand	1.83	93.19	4.98	0.18
Kerala	2.00	87.99	10.01	0.62
Madhya Pradesh	3.29	87.88	8.83	0.46
Meghalaya	2.62	89.11	8.27	0.02
Mizoram	2.65	88.24	9.11	0.05
Orissa	0.89	95.29	3.82	0.48
Punjab	2.29	89.04	8.67	0.20
Rajasthan	1.36	94.78	3.86	0.56
Sikkim	2.79	87.96	9.25	0.01
Tripura	2.30	88.38	9.32	0.05
Uttar Pradesh	3.30	89.51	7.19	1.13
Uttaranchal	3.02	90.92	6.06	0.04
West Bengal	0.84	95.24	3.92	1.49
A & N Islands	1.87	88.21	9.92	0.02
Chandigarh	5.07	85.05	9.89	0.03
D & N Haveli	< 100 Cases			
Daman & Diu				
Lakshadweep	No results as there are no valid sites			
India	3.80	88.7	7.5	24.7

Source: (i) India HIV Estimates - 2006 P-17
(ii) Women and Men in Delhi 2010

Table No. 2.42 Percentage of Sex preference of ever married women in Punjab

	NFHS-3 (2005-06)	NFHS-2 (1998-99)	NFHS-1 (1992-93)
1) % who want more sons than daughters	20.7	29.1	48.0
2) who want more daughters than son	1.3	0.4	0.5
3) who want at least one son	77.7	86.2	92.0
4) who want at least one daughters	68.9	78.0	85.0

Source: National Family Health Survey, Punjab

Table No. 2.43 Percentage of sex preference of women with two children living, wanting no more children 2006

India/State/UTs	Married women with 2 living children, wanting no more children (%)			Married women wanting no more children, with two sons living (%)			Married women wanting no more children, with one son, one daughter living(%)			Married women wanting no more children, with two daughters living(%)		
	T	R	U	T	R	U	T	R	U	T	R	U
India	83.2	79.9	88.9	88.9	88.6	92.1	88.1	85.3	92.8	62.1	54.4	74.7
Andhra Pradesh	91.5	91.2	92.0	94.1	94.7	92.8	93.6	93.5	93.9	85.0	83.2	88.5
Arunachal Pradesh	72.2	71.4	73.8	85.0	85.0	*	76.0	76.7	74.4	45.5	*	*
Assam	82.9	79.8	93.8	85.2	82.8	94.2	89.7	87.6	96.5	67.1	60.3	87.2
Bihar	60.2	56.1	80.2	77.4	75.6	85.7	67.5	62.4	92.0	20.0	15.6	41.9
Chhattisgarh	75.3	71.2	87.2	85.7	83.3	94.4	77.3	73.1	88.4	46.8	33.3	73.0
Delhi	91.6	*	*	95.2	*		94.6	*	*	70.7	*	*
Goa	82.5	81.4	83.2	86.3	89.1	84.2	84.8	84.7	84.9	71.7	63.8	77.4
Gujarat	85.7	83.6	87.9	94.8	96.0	93.3	90.1	86.0	93.7	48.8	50.0	47.5
Haryana	87.8	87.8	87.6	97.4	97.7	96.7	91.8	91.4	92.7	25.8	17.9	*
Himachal Pradesh	96.3	96.2	96.6	99.5	99.5	98.8	99.4	99.4	99.4	63.7	62.0	74.1
Jammu & Kashmir	77.6	71.5	87.1	84.9	81.6	90.8	82.5	73.5	94.2	38.6	34.1	46.4
Jharkhand	64.3	55.6	82.7	79.9	72.7	96.5	69.3	60.5	85.8	32.1	22.7	51.4
Karnataka	88.4	87.8	89.2	92.7	92.5	93.1	91.4	90.9	92.3	76.9	72.9	80.8
Kerala	88.0	85.5	93.0	87.5	84.5	92.8	90.9	89.3	94.5	86.4	82.8	92.6
Madhya Pradesh	81.9	79.9	86.0	92.1	92.5	91.2	89.7	87.1	94.3	37.6	27.8	57.0
Maharashtra	88.0	87.4	88.5	95.5	97.5	93.1	92.8	94.2	91.5	55.1	36.5	69.2
Manipur	64.5	60.2	72.7	68.8	62.1	81.0	75.8	75.5	76.4	24.3	19.6	35.0
Meghalaya	36.0	27.3	55.4	33.1	25.9	45.5	44.2	36.2	61.4	27.1	14.3	60.7
Mizoram	43.0	35.0	48.0	51.4	*	63.6	51.7	51.2	51.9	35.4	*	35.7
Nagaland	57.8	52.1	67.7	62.2	57.5	67.9	60.7	53.5	75.0	46.7	40.5	57.7
Orissa	82.3	79.5	94.3	90.3	89.2	94.8	87.6	85.0	97.5	53.2	48.5	78.9
Punjab	91.2	90.8	91.7	96.5	97.9	94.1	95.3	95.1	95.7	43.4	31.6	*
Rajasthan	72.8	64.6	85.3	83.9	79.2	92.1	77.7	68.9	90.5	33.1	18.2	51.4
Sikkim	95.8	95.8	95.7	97.9	98.6	95.7	97.0	97.2	96.6	88.8	88.6	*
Tamil Nadu	94.6	94.1	95.2	96.3	96.0	96.7	95.9	96.0	95.7	90.0	85.6	94.4
Tripura	92.3	92.6	91.2	93.8	94.9	89.3	94.4	94.6	93.8	84.4	83.0	88.5
Uttarakhand	86.3	85.7	87.5	93.0	93.0	93.0	91.3	91.1	91.7	49.4	40.6	60.7
Uttar Pradesh	64.2	58.6	76.3	73.7	71.4	78.3	72.2	66.5	84.2	30.8	21.3	51.9
West Bengal	89.4	87.2	95.2	93.5	91.9	97.6	92.9	91.3	96.9	74.3	86.8	68.9

Source: International institute for Population Science, (2006), NFHS-3 2005-06 India, Mumbai (Statistics on Women in India 2007, National Institute of Public Cooperation and Child Development)

Note: *Not shown on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table No. 2.44 Percentage of decision making by ever married women Aged 15-49 years on own Health care 2005-06

SN	India/State	Decision making on health care by married women aged 15-49 years (%)
1	Punjab	46.7
2	India	51.6

Source: National Family & Health Survey (2005-06)

Table 2.45 Mean Age at Effective Marriage of females by residence, in Punjab and India, 2011

Age at effective Marriage	Punjab	India
TOTAL		
<18	16.9	16.5
18-20	19.4	19.1
21+	23.7	23.6
All Ages	22.4	21.2
RURAL		
<18	16.8	16.5
18-20	19.4	19.1
21+	23.4	23.3
All Ages	22.2	20.7
URBAN		
<18	17.0	16.4
18-20	19.4	19.3
21+	24.0	24.2
All Ages	22.8	22.7

Source: Sample Registration System Statistical Report, 2011

Chapter-3

ECONOMIC STATUS

Table No. 3.1 Gender-wise workers & non-workers as per census in Punjab

Year	Total Population			Total Workers (in numbers and % to Total population)			Non- Workers (in numbers and % to Total population)		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
	1961	6007566 (53.95)	5127503 (46.05)	11135069 (100.00)	3184334 (53.01)	281935 (5.50)	3466269 (31.13)	2823232 (46.99)	4845568 (94.50)	7668800 (68.87)
1971	7266151 (53.62)	6284545 (46.38)	13550696 (100.00)	3838517 (52.83)	74075 (1.18)	3912592 (28.87)	3427998 (47.18)	6210470 (98.82)	9638468 (71.13)
1981	8937210 (53.23)	7851705 (46.77)	16788915 (100.00)	6749646 (75.52)	178113 (2.27)	6927759 (41.26)	4132866 (46.24)	7368138 (93.84)	11501004 (68.50)
1991	10778034 (53.14)	9503935 (46.86)	20281969 (100.00)	5832852 (54.12)	265522 (2.79)	6098374 (30.07)	4934691 (45.78)	9085289 (95.60)	14019980 (69.13)
2001	12985045 (53.31)	11373954 (46.69)	24358999 (100.00)	6426028 (49.49)	1409704 (12.39)	7835732 (32.17)	6024832 (46.40)	9206693 (80.95)	15231525 (62.53)
2011	14639465 (52.77)	13103873 (47.23)	27743338 (100.00)	8074157 (55.15)	1823205 (13.91)	9897362 (35.67)	6565308 (44.85)	11280668 (86.09)	17845976 (64.33)
INDIA 2011	623270258 (51.47)	587284719 (48.50)	1210854977 (100.00)	331865930 (53.25)	149877381 (25.52)	481743311 (39.79)	291404328 (46.75)	437407338 (74.48)	729111666 (60.21)

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

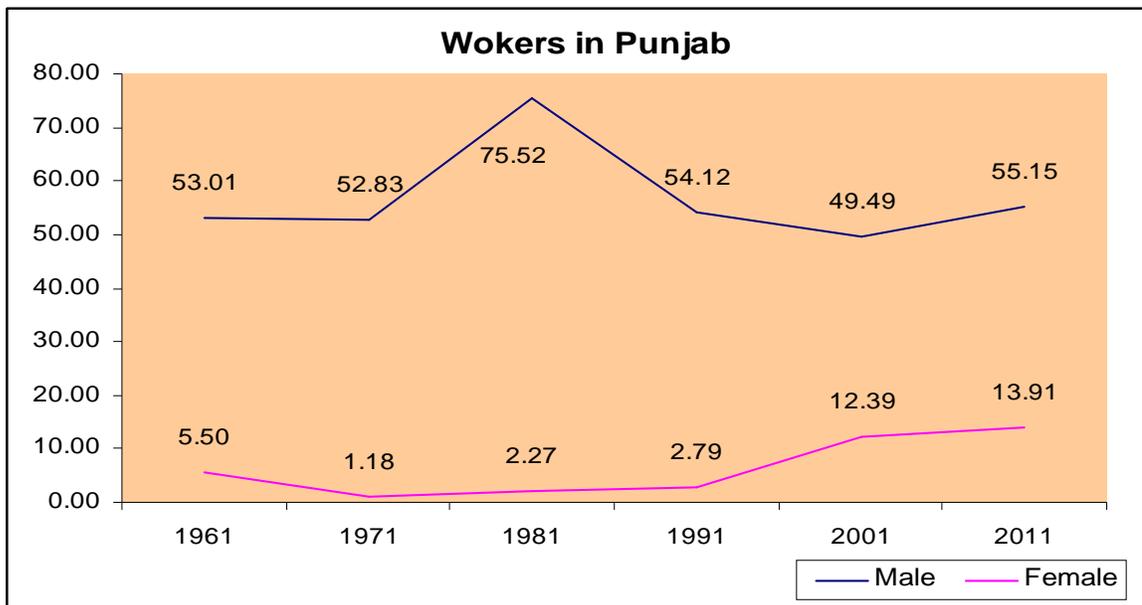


Table No. 3.2 Gender-wise distribution of main workers, marginal workers and total workers as per census in Punjab

Year	Total Workers*			Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1961	6007566	5127503	11135069	3184334	281935	3466269	NA	NA	NA
1971	7266151	6284545	13550696	3838517	74075	3912592	NA	NA	NA
1981	8937210	7851705	16788915	6749646	178113	6927759	NA	NA	NA
1991	5843343	418646	6261989	5832852	265522	6098374	10491	153124	163615
2001	6960213	2167261	9127474	6426028	1409704	7835732	534185	757557	1291742
2011	8074157	1823205	9897362	7264631	1186305	8450936	809526	636900	1446426
INDIA 2011	331865930	149877381	481743311	273149359	89271061	632446420	58716571	60580320	119296891

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

* Total workers = (Main Workers + Marginal Workers)

Workers in Punjab

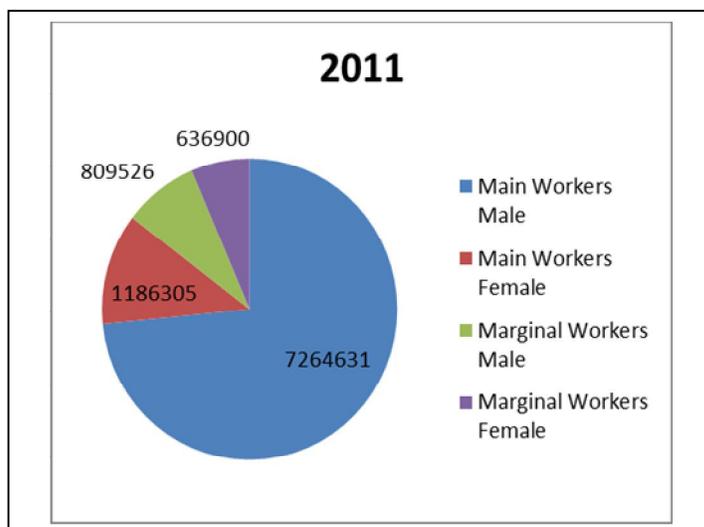
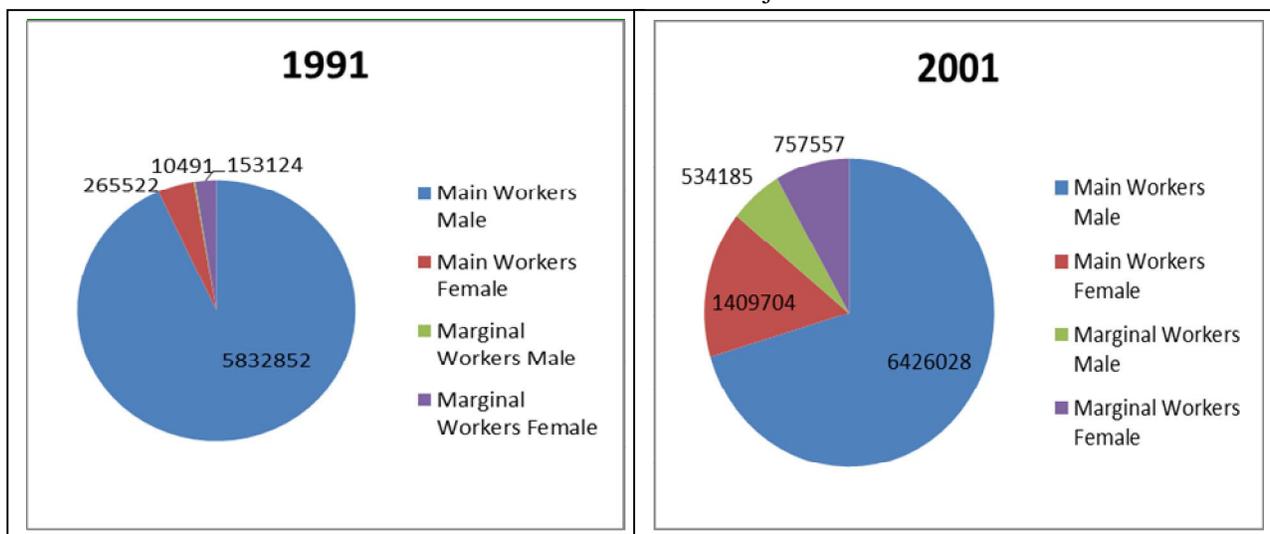


Table No. 3.3 Workers and Non workers in Punjab

SN	District	Main Workers						Marginal Workers						Non-Workers					
		Male		Female		Total		Male		Female		Total		Male		Female		Total	
		2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
1	Gurdaspur	500517	548676	67805	77102	568322	625778	70431	88976	61804	42384	132235	131360	542129	574965	861325	966220	1403454	1541185
2	Amritsar	560834	662368	98145	124886	658979	787254	47138	72827	57335	57775	104473	130602	544849	583213	848719	989587	1393568	1572800
3	Tarn Taran	235677	272951	43444	43359	279121	316310	27284	40688	42343	23704	69627	64392	234807	275730	355502	463195	590309	738925
4	Kapurthala	194698	213028	36524	35180	231222	248208	16368	22534	15151	13423	31519	35957	188557	190749	303223	340254	491780	531003
5	Jalandhar	516905	586721	82419	102871	599324	689592	41597	52763	35914	32117	77511	84880	481675	505727	804190	913391	1285865	1419118
6	S.B.S. Nagar	160036	150279	78369	23228	238405	173507	10417	19973	14876	10849	25293	30822	136449	143039	187321	264942	323770	407981
7	Hoshiarpur	341093	352281	74030	58730	415123	411011	46269	60225	51959	28586	98228	88811	377770	396551	589615	690252	967385	1086803
8	Rupnagar	160339	161858	59518	32351	219786	194209	11992	25052	15795	14415	27787	39467	160689	170575	220584	280376	381273	450951
9	S.A.S. Nagar	196339	258369	50880	57867	247219	316236	9591	24998	13213	14761	22804	39759	173603	245886	254691	392747	428294	638633
10	Ludhiana	869411	969954	172106	168700	1041517	1138654	54230	83646	53891	62522	108121	146168	739075	814216	1144118	1399701	1883193	2213917
11	Ferozpur	455184	541494	80705	76868	535889	618362	38209	54912	74578	83421	112787	138333	432831	475231	664600	797148	1097431	1272379
12	Faridkot	145290	168224	36583	22191	181873	190415	11302	16825	16579	14315	87881	31140	136004	141622	205134	254331	341138	395953
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	212693	253207	51886	33998	264579	287205	13326	19492	31667	28629	44993	48121	185198	202923	282723	363647	467921	566570
14	Moga	233890	259626	68712	45254	302602	304880	21825	32753	34336	21539	56161	54292	218424	233541	317667	403033	536091	636574
15	Bathinda	324536	390057	84388	62621	408924	452678	24692	42931	67051	54377	91743	97308	283581	310209	399047	528330	682628	838539
16	Mansa	185194	207008	42428	40167	227622	247175	13814	23731	40055	57606	53869	81337	167438	177993	239829	263246	407267	441239
17	Sangrur	401964	443632	102604	56160	504568	499792	24866	41497	50480	27469	75346	68966	360965	392900	532363	693511	893328	1086411
18	Barnala	151515	164322	57993	22112	209508	186434	6830	13841	17846	9056	24676	22897	123149	139359	169598	246837	292747	386196
19	Patiala	431622	492466	87507	77925	519129	570391	32994	57195	49575	32681	82569	89876	406874	452861	625307	782558	1032181	1235419
20.	Fatehgarh Sahib	148362	168110	33658	24735	182020	192845	11010	14667	13109	7271	24119	21938	130765	138018	201137	247362	331902	385380
	Punjab	6426099	7264631	7264631	1186305	7835803	8450936	534185	809526	757557	636900	1291742	1446426	6024832	6565308	9206693	11280668	15231525	17845976

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Table No. 3.4 Sector wise total workers, marginal workers and non-workers in Punjab

Total/ Rural/ Urban	Persons/Male/ Female	Total Workers		Main Workers		Marginal Workers	
		2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
Total	Persons	9127474	9897362	7835732	8450936	1291742	1446426
	Male	6960213	8074157	6426028	7264631	534185	809526
	Female	2167261	1823205	1409704	1186305	757557	636900
Rural	Persons	5248225	6179199	5248225	5107024	NA	1072175
	Male	4161003	4995819	4161003	4417839	NA	577980
	Female	1087222	1183380	1087222	689185	NA	494195
Urban	Persons	2587507	3718163	2587507	3343912	NA	374251
	Male	2265025	3078338	2265025	2846792	NA	231546
	Female	322482	639825	322482	497120	NA	142705

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

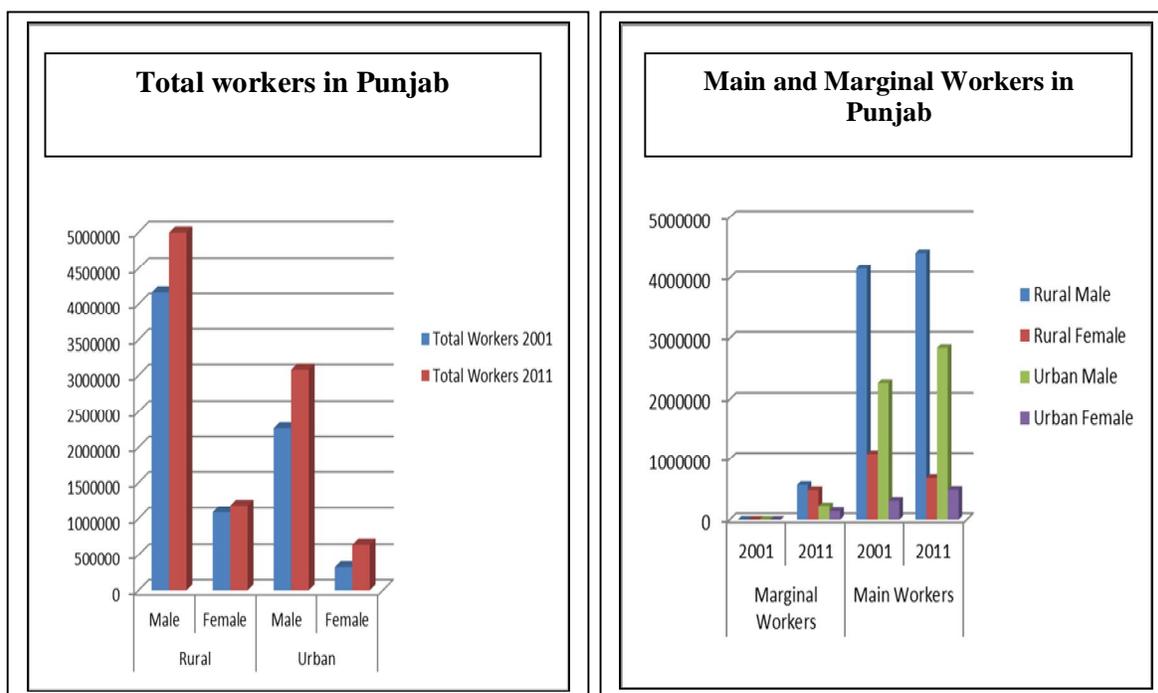


Table No. 3.5 Sex-wise distribution of workers according to category of workers in Punjab

Category of workers	Male		Female		Total	
	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
Main Cultivators	1762869	1691777	302198	112083	2065067	1803860
Main Agricultural Labourers	1104140	1013979	385721	154042	1489861	1168021
Main Household Industry Workers	178798	215971	154972	84689	333770	300660
Main Other Workers	3914406	4342904	1324370	835491	5238776	5178395
Total Workers (Main+Marginal)	6960213	8074157	2167261	1823205	9127474	9897362

Source: Director, Census Operation, Punjab

Table No. 3.6 Comparative classification of cultivators India & Punjab -2011

Rural/Urban/Total	Total		Male		Female	
	<i>Cultivators (Main and Marginal)</i>	<i>Agricultural Labour (Main and Marginal)</i>	<i>Male Cultivators (Main and Marginal)</i>	<i>Male Agricultural Labour (Main and Marginal)</i>	<i>Female Cultivators (Main and Marginal)</i>	<i>Female Agricultural Labour (Main and Marginal)</i>
PUNJAB						
Rural	1840001	1474732	1669638	1146165	170363	328567
Urban	94510	113723	83721	93280	10789	20443
Total	1934511	1588455	1753359	1239445	181152	349010
INDIA						
Rural	114968498	136994451	79839098	77930236	35129400	59064215
Urban	3724142	7335382	2867626	4810115	856516	2525267
Total	118692640	144329833	82706724	82740351	35985916	61589482

Source: Registrar General of India

Table No. 3.7: Sectoral and sex-wise participation rate of workforce in Punjab-2011

	(Percentage)	
	Punjab	India
Rural		
Male	54.9	53.0
Female	14.3	30.0
Total	35.6	41.8
Urban		
Male	55.5	53.8
Female	13.2	15.4
Total	35.8	35.3
Total		
Male	55.2	53.3
Female	13.9	25.5
Total	35.7	39.8

Source: Population Census 2011 India

Note: 1. India and Manipur figures exclude those of the three sub- divisions viz. Mao Maram, Paomata and Purul of Senapati district of Manipur as population Census 2001 in these three sub-divisions were cancelled due to technical and administrative reasons although a population census was carried out in these sub-divisions as per schedule.

Table No. 3.8: Work Participation Rate at the district level in Punjab

SN	State/Districts	Work Participation Rate					
		Male		Female		Total	
		2001	1991	2001	1991	2001	1991
1	SBS Nagar	55.6	53.0	33.0	4.0	44.9	29.8
2	Faridkot	59.5	55.7	23.0	6.8	42.4	32.8
3	Bathinda	55.4	55.5	27.0	7.1	42.2	32.8
4	Mansa	54.4	57.6	25.1	7.5	40.7	34.3
5	Sangrur	54.9	56.3	24.1	4.7	40.6	32.3
6	Moga	54.3	55.1	24.2	4.5	40.1	31.4
7	Shri Muktsar Sahib	55.2	56.8	22.3	7.1	39.7	33.5
8	Rupnagar	52.8	52.2	23.8	4.6	39.3	30.1
9	Fatehgarh Sahib	55.1	54.7	18.3	2.1	38.2	30.2
10	Ludhiana	55.9	55.5	15.7	2.6	37.8	31.3
11	Patiala	54.1	53.2	17.6	4.1	37.2	30.2
12	Firozpur	53.6	54.5	18.5	7.4	37.1	32.3
13	Amritsar	53.2	55.0	16.3	2.7	36.0	30.7
14	Kapurthala	53.4	54.0	14.1	5.8	35.0	31.2
15	Hoshiarpur	51.0	50.6	17.3	4.7	34.7	28.6
16	Jalandhar	54.1	53.0	12.3	4.6	34.5	30.1
17	Gurdaspur	51.9	51.3	12.7	2.4	33.4	28.1
	Punjab	54.1	54.2	18.7	4.4	37.6	30.9

Source: Director of Census Operations, Punjab

Table No. 3.9 Sex-wise Work Participation Rate in India -2001 and 2011

SN	India/State	Male		Female		Total	
		2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
	India	51.7	53.3	25.6	25.5	39.1	39.8
1	Andhra Pradesh	56.2	57.0	35.1	36.2	45.8	46.6
2	Arunachal Pradesh	50.6	49.1	36.5	35.4	44.0	42.5
3	Assam	49.9	53.6	20.7	22.5	35.8	38.4
4	Bihar	47.4	46.5	18.8	19.1	33.7	33.4
5	Chhattisgarh	52.8	55.6	40.0	39.7	46.5	47.7
6	Goa	54.6	56.8	22.4	21.9	38.8	39.6
7	Gujarat	54.9	57.2	27.9	23.4	41.9	41.0
8	Haryana	50.3	50.4	27.2	17.8	39.6	35.2
9	Himachal Pradesh	54.6	58.7	43.7	44.8	49.2	51.9
10	Jammu & Kashmir	50.0	48.1	22.5	19.1	37.0	34.5
11	Jharkhand	48.0	49.8	26.4	29.1	37.5	39.7
12	Karnataka	56.6	59.0	32.0	31.9	45.5	45.6
13	Kerala	50.2	52.7	15.4	18.2	32.3	34.8
14	Madhya Pradesh	51.5	53.6	33.2	32.6	42.7	43.5
15	Maharashtra	53.3	56.0	30.8	31.1	42.5	44.0
16	Manipur	48.1	51.6	39.0	38.6	43.6	45.1
17	Meghalaya	48.3	47.2	35.1	32.7	41.8	40.0
18	Mizoram	57.3	52.4	47.5	36.2	52.6	44.4
19	Nagaland	46.7	53.4	38.1	44.7	42.6	49.2
20	Orissa	52.5	56.1	24.7	27.2	38.8	41.8
21	Punjab	53.6	55.2	19.1	13.9	37.5	35.7
22	Rajasthan	50.0	51.5	33.5	35.1	42.1	43.6
23	Sikkim	57.4	60.2	38.6	39.6	48.6	50.5
24	Tamil Nadu	57.6	59.3			44.7	45.6
25	Tripura	50.6	55.8	21.1	23.6	36.2	40.0
26	Uttarakhand	46.1	49.7	27.3	26.7	36.9	38.4
27	Uttar Pradesh	46.8	47.7	16.5	16.7	32.5	32.9
28	West Bengal	54.0	57.1	18.3	18.1	36.8	38.1
Union Territories							
29	Delhi	52.1	53.0	9.4	10.6	32.8	33.3
30	Andaman & Nicobar	56.6	59.6	16.6	17.8	38.3	40.1
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	62.3	61.6	38.7	25.3	51.8	45.7
32	Daman & Diu	65.5	71.5	18.6	14.9	46.0	49.9
33	Lakshadweep	42.4	46.2	7.3	11.0	25.3	29.1
34	Pondicherry	53.1	54.4	17.2	17.6	35.2	35.7
35	Chandigarh	56.1	56.5	14.2	16.0	37.8	38.3

Source: Population Census 2011 India

Table no. 3.10 Sectoral and sex-wise distribution of employment in different types of establishments in Punjab

SN	Type of Establishment	Rural			Urban			Combined		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
<i>I</i>	<i>Agricultural Establishments</i>									
(a)	OAE	46036	17655	63691	3588	813	4401	49624	18468	68092
(b)	Establishment(H)	42179	11466	53645	11130	961	12091	53309	12427	65736
(c)	Total	88215	29121	117336	14718	1774	16492	102933	30895	133828
<i>II</i>	<i>Non- Agricultural Establishments</i>									
(a)	OAE	316338	16289	332627	330957	14467	345424	647295	30756	678051
(b)	Establishment(H)	492793	125568	618361	1140999	130830	1271829	1633792	256398	1890190
(c)	Total	809131	141657	950988	1471956	145297	1617253	2281087	286954	2568241
<i>III</i>	<i>Total Establishments</i>									
(a)	OAE	362374	33944	396318	334545	15280	349825	696919	383769	1080688
(b)	Establishment(H)	534972	137034	672006	1152129	131791	1283920	1687101	1420954	3108055
(c)	Total	897346	170978	1068324	1486674	147071	1633745	2384020	1804723	4188743

Source: Economic Census, 2005

OAE - Own Account Establishment
Establishment (H) - Hired Establishment

Table No. 3.11 District-wise distribution of Workers in Non-Agriculture Own Account Establishments

SN	District	Number of Workers											
		Rural				Urban				Total			
		Total	Female	Child Male	Child Female	Total	Female	Child Male	Child Female	Total	Female	Child Male	Child Female
1	Gurdaspur	37642	1214	51	17	24036	745	25	0	61678	1959	76	17
2	Amritsar	32497	1265	99	21	38161	1367	128	14	70658	2632	227	35
3	Kapurthala	11174	522	19	10	9810	354	14	0	20984	876	33	10
4	Jalandhar	26795	1193	24	2	44755	2719	111	25	71550	3912	135	27
5	Hoshiarpur	36823	2741	32	11	18003	713	15	14	54826	3454	47	25
6	S.B.S. Nagar	11873	671	112	24	5603	176	24	5	17476	847	136	29
7	Rupnagar	11010	257	4	1	5799	192	11	0	16809	449	15	1
8	Fatehgarh Sahib	8470	491	77	52	9367	337	36	0	17837	828	113	52
9	Ludhiana	26391	1146	25	0	56615	2047	91	15	83006	3193	118	15
10	Moga	14242	651	56	9	8474	453	11	0	22716	1104	67	9
11	Ferozpur	21044	886	69	22	18913	542	39	1	39957	1428	108	23
12	Shri Muksar Sahib	7742	300	11	5	9031	217	7	2	16773	517	18	7
13	Faridkot	6640	328	9	4	9735	424	16	0	16375	552	25	4
14	Bathinda	12655	794	61	13	14503	547	21	3	27158	1341	82	16
15	Mansa	7336	304	28	7	6620	208	11	0	13956	512	39	7
16	Sangrur	26973	1288	71	14	30036	951	56	11	57009	1239	127	25
17	Patiala	33320	2238	157	27	35963	2475	321	217	69283	4713	478	244
	Punjab	332627	16289	905	239	345424	14467	939	307	678051	30756	1844	5460

Source: Economic Census, 2005

Table No. 3.12 Major Activity-Wise distribution of workers in Non-Agriculture Establishments

SN	Major Activity	Total Workers				Hired Workers			
		Total	Female	Child Male	Child Female	Total	Female	Child Male	Child Female
1	Mining and Quarrying	2720	369	6	0	2474	345	6	0
2	Manufacturing	640520	39560	3615	1165	552537	37593	3391	1135
3	Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	34069	2161	4	2	33714	2156	4	2
4	Construction	7637	248	77	27	5811	235	74	27
5	Wholesale Trade	47086	1317	182	45	32372	1254	164	43
6	Retail Trade	317065	10662	4459	918	214682	9366	4127	900
7	Restaurants & Hotels	38248	1071	947	71	28445	962	921	71
8	Transport and Storage	35529	1039	106	39	30241	1019	98	39
9	Sale, maintenance and Repair	63504	815	604	72	45311	778	533	72
10	Posts & Telecommunication	29467	3752	176	66	25390	3610	165	64
11	Financial Intermediation	48277	6045	57	54	46198	6024	56	54
12	Real Estate, Renting & Business Activities	49068	1721	343	60	34790	1577	316	60
13	Public Administration Defense & Social Service	169059	16546	33	12	168190	16534	32	12
14	Education	244934	136769	165	130	234790	133808	161	129
15	Health & Social Worker	75448	25033	226	119	66389	24148	213	113
16	Other Community & Personnel Services	87526	9290	889	349	70048	7604	723	308
17	Other Activities	33	0	0	0	28	0	0	0
Total		1890190	256398	11889	3129	1591410	247013	10984	3029

Source: Economic Census, 2005

Chapter-4

EDUCATION

Table No 4.1 Sex-wise Literacy Rate in Punjab as per census year 1961 – 2011

Year	Total Population	Literates			Literacy Rate		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1961	11135069	2084556	892588	2977144	NA	NA	NA
1971	13551060	2934281	1627842	4562123	42.23	24.65	34.12
1981	16788915	4214878	2645471	6860349	51.23	34.35	43.37
1991	20281969	5919225	4012891	9932116	65.66	50.41	58.51
2001	24358999	8442493	6314677	14757170	75.63	63.55	69.95
2011	27743338	10436056	8271081	18707137	80.4	70.7	75.8

Source: Director, Census Operations, Punjab

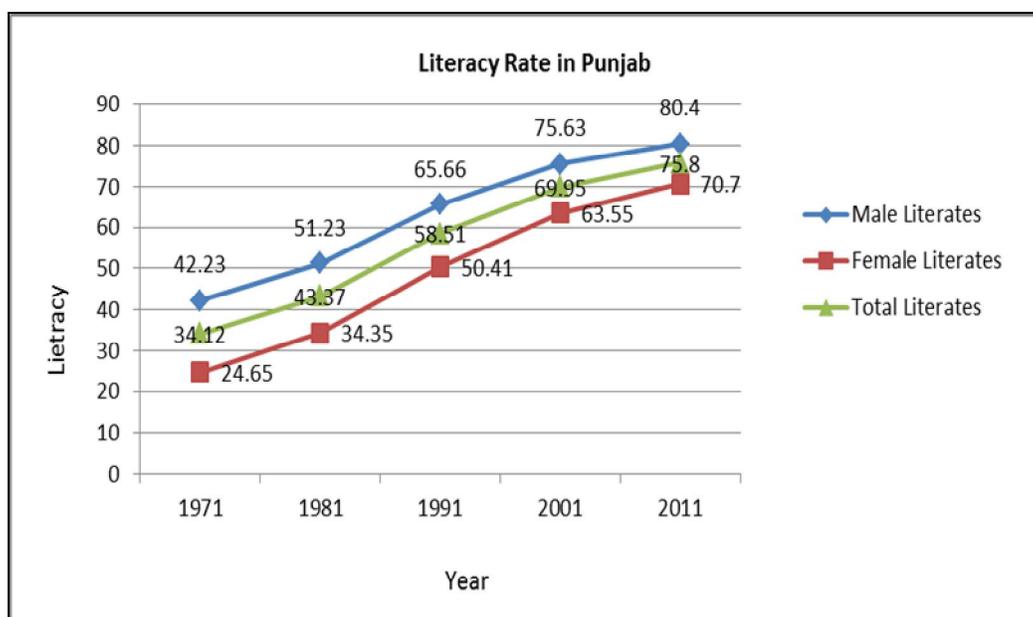


Table No. 4.2 Rural-Urban Literacy Rates for census year 1961-2011

Year	Rural			Urban		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1961	28.12	11.51	20.42	56.09	37.70	47.82
1971	34.69	19.88	27.81	58.6	45.4	52.49
1981	41.91	27.63	35.21	60.7	49.7	55.63
1991	60.71	43.85	52.77	77.3	66.1	72.08
2001	71.05	57.75	64.72	83.05	74.49	79.10
2011	76.60	65.70	71.40	86.70	79.20	83.20

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Table No. 4.3 Literates in Punjab

SN	District	No. of Literates					
		Male		Female		Total	
		2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
1	Gurdaspur	763030	907660	582417	727059	1345447	1634719
2	Amritsar	744110	932981	570789	751789	1314899	1684770
3	Taran Tarn	280338	376427	198762	289735	479100	666162
4	Kapurthala	273723	316254	213831	260313	487554	576567
5	Jalandhar	752915	882581	599129	739956	1352044	1622537
6	SBS Nagar	221584	239155	172845	199304	394429	438459
7	Hoshiarpur	573589	637927	476789	561772	1050378	1199699
8	Rupnagar	238039	278534	178490	224197	416529	502731
9	SAS Nagar	274934	409944	200717	326631	475651	736575
10	Ludhiana	1170514	1428348	865764	1131877	2036278	2560225
1	Firozpur	539345	707070	363928	520441	903273	1227511
12	Faridkot	171670	215767	123948	165518	295618	381285
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	231134	300401	160524	224447	391658	524848
14	Moga	278962	348549	215563	279340	494525	627889
15	Bathinda	372228	488261	260342	356607	632570	844868
16	Mansa	184064	244037	126568	179523	310632	423560
17	Sangrur	447942	570413	317927	431664	765869	1002077
18	Barnala	158495	201999	116946	157832	275441	359831
19	Patiala	567991	711052	419720	555739	987711	1266791
20	Fatehgarh Sahib	197686	238696	149678	187337	347364	426033
Punjab		8442293	10626788	10436056	8361823	8271081	18707137

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Table No. 4.4 Literacy rate in Punjab

SN	District	Literacy Rate					
		Male		Female		Total	
		2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
1	Gurdaspur	79.8	84.6	67.1	74.8	73.8	79.9
2	Amritsar	75.1	80.1	65.2	72.0	70.4	76.3
3	Taran Tarn	66.7	73.2	52.3	61.9	59.9	67.8
4	Kapurthala	79.0	83.2	68.3	74.6	73.9	79.1
5	Jalandhar	82.5	86.1	73.1	78.5	78.0	82.5
6	SBS Nagar	82.9	85.4	69.5	73.9	76.4	79.8
7	Hoshiarpur	86.5	88.8	75.3	80.3	81.0	84.6
8	Rupnagar	82.7	87.5	68.7	76.4	76.1	82.2
9	SAS Nagar	83.8	87.9	72.1	79.2	78.4	83.8
10	Ludhiana	80.3	86.0	71.9	77.9	76.5	82.2
1	Firozpur	68.7	75.4	51.7	61.7	60.7	68.9
12	Faridkot	68.1	74.6	55.0	63.9	62.0	69.6
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	65.4	71.8	50.3	59.2	58.2	65.8
14	Moga	68.0	74.4	58.5	66.5	63.5	70.7
15	Bathinda	67.8	73.8	53.7	61.9	61.2	68.3
16	Mansa	58.9	67.3	45.2	55.7	52.4	61.8
17	Sangrur	66.0	73.2	53.0	62.2	59.9	68.0
18	Barnala	65.4	71.6	54.5	63.6	60.3	67.8
19	Patiala	75.4	80.2	62.6	69.8	69.3	75.3
20	Fatehgarh Sahib	78.3	83.3	68.3	74.8	73.6	79.4
Punjab		75.2	80.4	63.4	70.7	69.7	75.8

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Female Literacy rate in Punjab

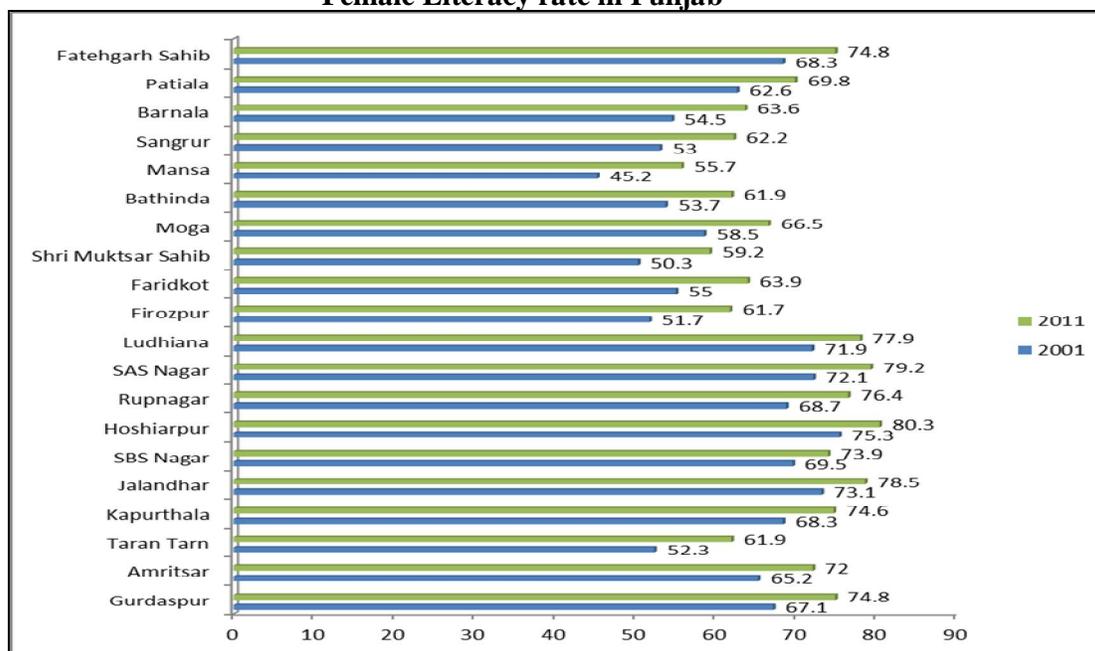


Table No. 4.5 State-wise Literacy Rate in India

State/Union Territory	1991				2001				2011			
	Female	Male	Total	Gap (2-1)	Female	Male	Total	Gap (6-5)	Female	Male	Total	Gap (10-9)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Andhra Pradesh	32.7	55.1	44.1	22.4	50.4	70.3	60.5	19.9	59.1	74.9	67.0	15.8
Arunachal Pradesh	29.7	51.5	41.6	21.8	43.5	63.8	54.3	20.3	57.7	72.6	65.4	14.9
Assam	43.0	61.9	52.9	NA	54.6	71.3	63.3	16.7	66.3	77.8	72.2	11.5
Bihar	22.0	51.4	37.5	29.4	33.1	59.7	47.0	26.6	51.5	71.2	61.8	19.7
Chhattisgarh	27.5	58.1	42.9	30.6	51.9	77.4	64.7	25.5	60.2	80.3	70.3	20.1
Goa	67.1	83.6	75.5	16.6	75.4	88.4	82.0	13.1	84.7	92.6	88.7	7.9
Gujarat	48.6	73.1	61.3	24.5	58.6	80.5	70.0	21.9	69.7	85.8	78.0	16.1
Haryana	40.5	69.1	55.9	28.6	45.7	78.5	67.9	32.8	65.9	84.1	75.6	18.2
Himachal Pradesh	52.1	75.4	63.9	23.2	67.4	85.4	76.5	17.9	75.9	89.5	82.8	13.6
Jammu & Kashmir	NA	NA	NA	NA	43.0	66.6	55.5	23.6	56.4	76.8	67.2	20.4
Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	38.9	67.3	53.6	28.4	55.4	76.8	66.4	21.4
Karnataka	44.3	67.3	56.0	22.9	56.9	76.1	66.6	19.2	68.1	82.5	75.4	14.4
Kerala	86.1	93.6	89.8	7.5	87.9	94.2	90.9	6.3	92.1	96.1	94.0	4.0
Madhya Pradesh	29.4	58.5	44.7	29.2	50.3	76.1	63.7	25.8	59.2	78.7	69.3	19.5
Maharashtra	52.3	76.6	64.9	24.2	67.0	86.0	76.9	18.9	75.9	88.4	82.3	12.5
Manipur	47.6	71.6	59.9	24.0	60.5	80.3	70.5	19.8	72.4	86.1	79.2	13.7
Meghalaya	44.9	53.1	49.1	8.3	59.6	65.4	62.6	5.8	72.9	76.0	74.4	3.1
Mizoram	78.6	85.6	82.3	7.0	86.8	90.7	88.8	4.0	89.3	94.3	91.3	5.0
Nagaland	54.8	67.6	61.7	12.9	61.5	71.2	66.6	9.7	76.1	82.8	79.6	6.7
Orissa	34.7	63.1	49.1	28.4	50.5	75.4	63.1	24.8	64.0	81.6	72.9	17.6
Punjab	50.4	65.7	58.5	15.3	63.4	75.2	69.7	11.9	70.7	80.4	75.8	9.7
Rajasthan	20.4	55.0	38.6	34.6	43.9	75.7	60.4	31.9	52.1	79.2	66.1	27.1
Sikkim	46.7	65.7	56.9	19.1	60.4	76.0	68.8	15.6	75.6	86.6	81.4	11.0
Tamil Nadu	51.3	73.8	62.7	22.4	64.4	82.4	73.5	18.0	73.4	86.8	80.1	13.4
Tripura	49.7	70.6	60.4	20.9	64.9	81.0	73.2	16.1	82.7	91.5	87.2	8.8
Uttar Pradesh	24.4	54.8	40.7	30.5	42.2	68.8	56.3	26.6	57.2	77.3	67.7	20.1
Uttrakhand	41.6	72.8	57.8	31.2	59.6	83.3	71.6	23.7	70.0	87.4	78.8	17.4
West Bengal	46.6	67.8	57.7	21.3	59.6	77.0	68.6	17.4	70.5	81.7	76.3	11.2
A & N Islands	65.5	79.0	73.0	13.5	75.2	86.3	81.3	11.1	82.4	90.3	86.6	7.9
Chandigarh	72.3	82.0	77.8	9.7	76.5	86.1	81.9	9.7	81.2	90.0	86.0	8.8
D & N Haveli	27.0	53.6	40.7	26.6	43.0	73.3	60.0	30.3	64.3	85.2	76.2	20.9
Daman & Diu	59.4	82.7	71.2	23.3	70.4	88.4	81.1	18.0	79.5	91.5	87.1	12.0
Delhi	67.0	82.0	75.3	15.0	74.7	87.3	81.7	12.6	80.8	90.9	86.2	10.1
Lakshadweep	72.9	90.2	81.8	17.3	80.5	92.5	86.7	12.1	87.9	95.6	91.8	7.7
Pondicherry	65.6	83.7	74.7	18.1	73.9	88.6	81.2	14.7	80.7	91.3	85.8	10.6
India	39.3	64.1	52.2	24.8	53.7	75.3	64.8	21.6	64.6	80.9	73.0	16.3

Source: Census of India

**Table No. 4.6 Gender-wise enrolment in Punjab
(No. of Students)**

Year	Primary School			Middle School			Secondary School			Senior Secondary School			Total		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
2005	856226	769028	1625254	134676	118722	253398	424429	366396	790825	645948	519561	1165509	2061279	1773707	3834986
2006	880051	779523	1659574	140229	124435	264754	434392	363113	797505	651977	526009	1177986	2106649	1793080	3899819
2007	818097	719811	1537908	136686	119810	256496	420422	347644	768066	650311	514334	1164645	2025516	1701599	3727115
2008	804594	717274	1521868	140571	122180	262751	431031	364279	795310	658690	536549	1195239	2034886	1740282	3775168
2009	669790	599336	1269126	192454	156609	349063	437966	345585	783551	783170	632793	1415963	2083380	1734323	3817703
2010	661536	595277	1256813	191488	154459	345947	488292	383319	871611	955621	1179101	2134722	2296937	2312156	4609093
2011	733670	647649	1381319	300245	239856	540101	691573	535988	1227561	1215211	945963	2161174	2940699	2369456	5310155

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Table No. 4.7 Girls Enrolment Ratio in Punjab

Year	Class I-V (6-11 years)			Class VI-VIII (11-14 years)			Class I-VIII (6-14 years)		
	<i>Boys</i>	<i>Girls</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Boys</i>	<i>Girls</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Boys</i>	<i>Girls</i>	<i>Total</i>
2001-02	76.49	77.38	76.91	65.15	64.57	64.88	72.41	72.72	72.55
2004-05	74.49	80.52	77.20	63.78	67.40	65.42	70.30	75.34	72.57
2006-07	78.07	85.36	81.33	68.12	70.15	69.03	74.13	79.29	76.45
2007-08	93.51	91.96	92.78	70.35	67.62	69.09	84.45	82.53	83.55
2009-10	108.56	107.50	108.09	93.59	89.73	91.84	102.84	100.60	101.83
2010-11	109.1	108.3	108.8	95.8	91.7	94.0	104.1	101.9	103.1

Source: Statistics of School Education, Ministry of HRD, GOI

Table No. 4.8 Age group/class-wise Gross Enrolment Ratio in India

SN	State/UTs	Classes I - V (6-10 Years)			Classes VI - VIII (11-13 Years)			Classes IX - X (14-15 Years)		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	Andhra Pradesh	99.7	99.4	99.5	80.3	79.9	80.1	67.1	67.3	67.2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	184.5	176.9	180.8	108.5	102.6	105.5	73.3	67.9	70.6
3	Assam	93.1	95.6	94.3	67.2	68.7	67.9	52.0	46.9	49.5
4	Bihar	131.3	123.6	127.7	68.4	60.4	64.6	46.3	37.0	41.8
5	Chhattisgarh	125.6	120.0	122.8	90.2	84.7	87.5	63.6	58.9	61.3
6	Goa	106.9	101.5	104.3	99.2	92.2	95.8	67.8	64.7	66.3
7	Gujarat	119.4	121.4	120.3	79.5	81.5	85.7	71.3	56.5	64.3
8	Haryana	90.6	100.2	94.9	82.3	84.8	83.5	60.8	71.4	65.7
9	Himachal Pradesh	109.1	109.4	109.2	116.0	111.4	113.8	102.4	101.0	101.7
10	Jammu & Kashmir	108.3	111.7	109.9	96.6	92.6	94.7	66.8	63.2	65.1
11	Jharkhand	145.9	148.5	147.1	81.7	81.0	81.3	47.4	43.1	45.3
12	Karnataka	105.2	104.1	104.7	92.2	89.1	90.7	74.0	72.5	73.3
13	Kerala	91.4	91.5	91.4	106.5	101.3	103.9	101.6	99.7	100.6
14	Madhya Pradesh	131.2	139.7	135.2	100.2	102.6	101.4	80.4	52.8	67.0
15	Maharashtra	105.5	103.7	104.7	95.1	89.6	92.4	76.0	71.2	73.7
16	Manipur	195.7	188.4	192.1	108.5	100.8	104.6	83.5	80.1	81.8
17	Meghalaya	193.7	196.3	195.0	95.9	96.2	91.0	49.0	49.9	49.5
18	Mizoram	191.7	180.0	186.0	108.2	101.3	104.8	75.4	78.3	76.8
19	Nagaland	103.7	102.8	103.3	59.4	60.7	60.0	27.4	29.5	28.4
20	Orissa	118.7	120.1	119.4	83.3	80.7	82.0	60.7	56.8	58.8
21	Punjab	109.1	108.3	108.8	95.8	91.7	94.0	64.8	65.8	65.2
22	Rajasthan	110.3	109.5	109.9	91.0	73.0	82.4	72.4	50.1	61.8
23	Sikkim	164.4	158.7	161.6	71.2	86.6	78.8	44.9	50.3	47.6
24	Tamil Nadu	111.0	112.6	111.8	103.0	111.5	112.3	84.4	83.3	82.3
25	Tripura	134.9	133.3	134.1	92.2	91.5	91.9	73.0	73.3	73.1
26	Uttar Pradesh	123.8	130.4	126.9	84.1	75.5	79.9	75.0	60.4	68.1
27	Uttarakhand	107.9	110.2	109.0	102.6	109.2	105.8	89.0	84.8	87.0
28	West Bengal	91.5	93.9	92.7	84.6	88.0	81.3	58.3	59.7	59.0
29	A & N Islands	87.5	84.9	96.2	89.4	86.4	87.9	84.7	79.7	82.2
30	Chandigarh	78.6	78.1	78.4	84.5	77.1	81.0	69.3	57.7	63.5
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	104.3	107.0	105.6	100.7	100.5	100.6	72.1	69.9	71.2
32	Daman & Diu	76.5	82.6	79.3	72.4	81.3	76.4	60.7	65.7	62.9
33	Delhi	126.0	129.6	127.7	110.9	106.4	108.8	101.9	98.4	100.2
34	Lakshadweep	81.4	80.8	81.1	74.0	93.0	83.0	71.0	76.1	73.5
35	Pondicherry	104.8	102.3	103.6	106.8	99.7	103.2	98.3	96.5	97.4
	India	115.4	116.7	116.0	87.7	83.1	85.5	69.0	60.8	65.0

Source: Statistics of School education 2010-11 Ministry of HRD, GOI

Table No. 4.9 Sex-wise number of students enrolled in higher education in Punjab

(As on 30th Sept)

Year	PhD			M.Phil.			Master Degree (MA, M.sc, M.com)			Bachelor degree (B.sc Eng, BA, B.com, BE, B. Arch., B. Tech.)			MBBS			Total		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
2002	80	131	211	40	71	111	3818	10049	13867	92996	94024	187020	1326	1315	2641	98260	105590	203850
2003	90	104	194	59	85	144	4344	11309	15653	90221	93232	183453	1187	1311	2498	95901	106041	201942
2004	140	188	328	38	109	147	5224	13735	18959	92293	98201	190494	1306	1454	2760	99001	113687	212688
2005	160	203	363	61	113	174	5144	14429	19573	96319	98203	194522	1311	1399	2710	102995	114347	217342
2006	282	384	666	131	278	409	5635	15235	20870	98824	99399	198223	982	1023	2005	105854	116319	222173
2007	282	384	666	131	278	409	5633	16110	21743	96081	109650	205731	1184	1222	2406	103311	127644	230955
2008	282	384	666	131	278	409	5443	17685	23128	98819	101310	200129	1133	1135	2268	105808	120792	226600
2009	343	424	767	79	278	357	4920	16982	21902	102324	106022	208346	1505	1457	2962	109171	125163	234334
2010	402	593	995	86	221	307	5156	18792	23948	107061	110756	217817	1081	1276	2357	113786	131638	245424
2011	488	817	1305	103	231	334	5404	19916	25320	117093	114799	231892	1198	1794	2992	124286	137557	261843

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Table No. 4.10 Number of Teachers in schools by departments in Punjab

(As on 30th Sept)

Year	Primary			Middle			Sec./Sr. Sec			Total		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
2003	15878	29388	45266	17072	19432	36504	17444	18687	36131	50394	67507	117901
2005	14847	28667	43509	16837	19228	36065	17072	18620	35692	48756	66515	115271
2007	14945	27465	42410	14840	19084	33924	17771	18955	36726	47556	65504	113060
2009	16742	37993	54735	18574	27487	46061	12405	18526	30931	47721	84006	131727
2010	23068	50159	73227	16676	32523	49199	20402	27860	48262	60146	110542	170688
2011	20050	48557	68607	14264	33741	48005	18243	23050	41293	52557	105348	157905

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Table No. 4.11 Number of Teachers in Higher Education Institutions in Punjab(As on 30th Sept)

Year	Universities			Colleges & Other Institution*			Total			% of Female Teachers
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
2002	546	258	804	5816	4934	10750	6362	5192	11654	44.55
2003	474	246	720	5576	5079	10655	6050	5325	11375	46.81
2004	520	266	786	5443	5400	10843	5963	5666	11629	48.72
2005	502	236	738	5492	5691	11183	5994	5927	11921	49.72
2006	588	363	951	6168	5959	12127	6756	6322	13078	48.34
2007	588	363	951	6065	6249	12314	6653	6612	13265	49.85
2008	588	363	951	6303	7058	13361	6891	7421	14312	51.85
2009	1731	509	2240	7328	7533	14861	9059	8042	17101	47.03
2010	510	417	927	8060	8819	16879	8570	9236	17806	51.87
2011	580	431	1011	9454	9990	19444	10034	10421	20455	50.95

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

* Colleges and other institutions include arts, science, commerce, home science, engineering technology & architecture, medical and polytechnic colleges

Table No. 4.12 Gender Parity Index, Punjab

Years	I-V	VI-VIII	IX-XII
2001-02	1.01	0.99	0.95
2002-03	1.08	1.05	1.06
2003-04	1.08	1.03	1.01
2004-05	1.08	1.06	1.02
2005-06	1.08	1.05	1.00
2006-07	1.09	1.03	0.94
2007-08	0.98	0.96	1.04
2009-10	0.99	0.96	1.05
2010-11	0.99	0.96	1.01

Source: Selected Educational Statistics - State Profile, Ministry of HRD, GOI

Table No. 4.13 Gender Parity Index - States & UT's – (2010-11)

SN	States/UTs	I-V	VI-VIII	I-VIII	IX-X	I-X	XI-XII	IX-XII	I-XII
1	Andhra Pradesh	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.96	0.99
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.96	0.95	0.95	0.93	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.96
3	Assam	1.03	1.02	1.03	0.90	1.01	0.80	0.88	1.00
4	Bihar	0.94	0.88	0.92	0.80	0.91	0.75	0.78	0.90
5	Chhattisgarh	0.96	0.94	0.95	0.93	0.95	0.81	0.89	0.94
6	Goa	0.95	0.93	0.94	0.95	0.94	1.04	0.99	0.95
7	Gujarat	1.02	0.91	0.98	0.79	0.95	0.84	0.81	0.94
8	Haryana	1.11	1.03	1.08	1.17	1.09	1.00	1.09	1.08
9	Himachal Pradesh	1.00	0.96	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.98	0.98	0.98
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1.03	0.96	1.01	0.94	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.99
11	Jharkhand	1.02	0.99	1.01	0.91	1.00	0.89	0.91	1.00
12	Karnataka	0.99	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.98	1.04	1.00	0.99
13	Kerala	1.00	0.95	0.98	0.98	0.98	1.12	1.04	1.00
14	Madhya Pradesh	1.06	1.02	1.05	0.66	0.99	0.69	0.67	0.97
15	Maharashtra	0.98	0.94	0.97	0.94	0.96	0.83	0.89	0.95
16	Manipur	0.96	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.95	0.82	0.91	0.94
17	Meghalaya	1.01	1.12	1.04	1.02	1.03	1.27	1.08	1.04
18	Mizoram	0.94	0.94	0.94	1.04	0.95	0.98	1.01	0.95
19	Nagaland	0.99	1.02	1.00	1.08	1.01	0.91	1.01	1.01
20	Orissa	1.01	0.97	1.00	0.93	0.99	0.82	0.90	0.98
21	Punjab	0.99	0.96	0.98	1.02	0.98	1.00	1.01	0.98
22	Rajasthan	0.99	0.80	0.93	0.69	0.89	0.63	0.67	0.86
23	Sikkim	0.97	1.22	1.04	1.12	1.04	1.07	1.10	1.04
24	Tamil Nadu	1.01	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.01	1.24	1.10	1.02
25	Tripura	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.00	0.99	0.78	0.94	0.98
26	Uttar Pradesh	1.05	0.90	1.00	0.81	0.97	0.77	0.79	0.96
27	Uttrakhand	1.02	1.07	1.04	0.95	1.02	0.97	0.96	1.02
28	West Bengal	1.03	1.04	1.03	1.02	1.03	0.90	0.98	1.02
29	A & N Islands	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.94	0.96	1.11	1.01	0.98
30	Chandigarh	0.99	0.91	0.96	0.83	0.93	1.00	0.95	0.96
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1.03	1.00	1.02	0.97	1.02	0.88	0.93	1.02
32	Daman & Diu	1.08	1.12	1.09	1.08	1.09	1.28	1.18	1.12
33	Delhi	1.03	0.96	1.00	0.97	0.99	0.99	0.97	0.99
34	Lakshadweep	0.99	1.26	1.09	1.07	1.09	1.12	1.09	1.09
35	Pondicherry	0.98	0.93	0.96	0.98	0.96	1.18	1.05	0.98
	INDIA	1.01	0.95	0.99	0.88	0.97	0.86	0.87	0.96

Source: Statistics of School Education 2010-11, Ministry of HRD, GOI

Table No. 4.14 School Attendance Ratio in Punjab-2005-06

Residence	Net attendance ratio			Gender Parity Index
	Male	Female	Total	
PRIMARY SCHOOL (6-10 Years)				
Urban	85.1	85.6	85.3	1.01
Rural	90.5	88.0	89.4	0.97
Total	88.7	87.2	88.0	0.98
MIDDLE AND SECONDARY (11-14 Years)				
Urban	81.6	86.6	83.7	1.06
Rural	83.1	79.9	81.6	0.96
Total	82.5	82.0	82.3	0.99
HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL (15-17 Years)				
Urban	51.6	60.0	55.1	1.16
Rural	50.4	40.9	46.0	0.81
Total	50.9	47.2	49.2	0.93

Source: National Family Health Survey-III (2005-06)

Table No. 4.15 Net Enrolment Ratio: 2005-06 to 2008-09

	PUNJAB	INDIA
<i>Primary¹</i>		
2005-06	51.78	84.53
2006-07	55.49	92.75
2007-08	53.02	95.92
2008-09	59.69	98.59
<i>Upper Primary²</i>		
2005-06	37.68	43.14
2006-07	44.02	48.45
2007-08	42.70	52.55
2008-09	49.64	56.22

Source: DISE (2008-2009); NUEPA and Ministry of Human Resource Development

1, 2: Computed based upon the population Projections provided by the office of the Registrar General, India

1: Based on the Incomplete Coverage as a number of States have not reported Grade VIII Enrolment

DISE: District Information System for Secondary Education

NUEPA: National University of Educational Planning and Administration

Table 4.16 Annual Average Dropout Rate as per District Information System for Secondary Education

S N	District	Primary									Upper Primary								
		Boys			Girls			Total			Boys			Girls			Total		
		2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
1	Amritsar	-0.65	0.71	-0.30	2.19	0.69	-0.25	0.77	0.82	-0.27	-8.41	0.57	-1.22	-6.05	-0.14	-1.49	-7.23	-1.71	-1.36
2	Barnala	4.43	0.70	5.25	5.45	0.51	3.82	4.94	2.98	4.54	5.34	2.61	1.77	5.87	2.11	3.14	5.61	3.09	2.45
3	Bathinda	2.99	3.07	3.00	4.27	1.27	2.11	3.63	2.90	2.56	-1.32	2.80	1.03	0.82	1.19	0.77	-0.25	1.46	0.90
4	Faridkot	5.53	1.97	-0.28	5.31	2.16	-0.78	5.4	2.29	-0.53	2.79	4.90	2.25	2.52	4.84	1.27	2.65	3.63	1.76
5	Fatehgarh Sahib	1.44	2.25	4.72	1.48	2.76	4.34	1.46	2.80	4.53	3.11	1.88	1.31	1.7	1.56	-0.43	2.4	1.61	0.44
6	Fazilka	-	-	4.43	-	-	3.45	-	-	3.94	-	-	3.26	-	-	4.43	-	-	3.84
7	Firozpur	-1.2	3.72	2.34	0.52	3.29	2.46	-0.14	2.47	2.40	-4.41	4.17	1.39	-2.96	4.00	1.65	-3.69	1.65	1.52
8	Gurdaspur	-2.55	0.44	2.09	-1.55	0.16	0.93	-2.05	0.28	1.51	-4.68	1.22	-0.42	-3.7	0.07	-0.30	-4.19	-0.71	-0.36
9	Hoshiarpur	2.9	2.10	3.36	2.89	2.55	3.15	2.89	2.72	3.25	2.84	1.87	1.75	1.86	1.28	1.08	2.35	1.69	1.42
10	Jalandhar	4.61	0.69	4.32	3.02	0.41	4.65	3.82	2.11	4.49	4.73	0.76	2.30	2.87	-0.47	-0.08	3.8	1.37	1.11
11	Kapurthala	2.57	1.47	4.85	3.19	1.89	4.27	2.88	2.85	4.56	2.53	0.79	3.12	1.61	1.18	3.42	2.07	1.68	3.27
12	Ludhiana	0.65	3.84	-9.75	2.02	2.35	-8.65	1.34	-0.39	-9.20	0.33	1.17	-11.18	1.27	-0.09	-11.15	0.8	-2.21	-11.17
13	Mansa	4.13	6.06	5.10	6.19	5.50	5.52	5.16	5.71	5.31	1.93	2.06	1.51	2.92	0.95	2.96	2.43	1.86	2.23
14	Moga	4.55	1.61	-0.22	4.36	2.40	0.35	4.46	2.04	0.06	2.09	1.99	0.57	1.32	1.05	1.03	1.7	1.23	0.80
15	SAS Nagar	-6.59	-5.43	4.13	-5.01	-6.77	4.78	-5.8	-3.27	4.46	-6.57	-8.05	-0.35	-7	-6.73	0.17	-6.79	-5.53	-0.09
16	Shri Muktsar Sahib	8.51	1.58	3.82	8.8	2.02	3.83	8.65	4.06	3.83	1.33	2.90	1.68	-0.03	2.36	0.46	0.65	1.73	1.07
17	SBS Nagar	-1.05	1.60	2.79	0.61	2.85	2.57	-0.22	1.96	2.68	1.98	4.87	1.08	1.65	-0.54	1.46	1.81	1.77	1.27
18	Pathankot	-	-	2.39	-	-	3.12	-	-	2.75	-	-	3.66	-	-	2.62	-		3.14
19	Patiala	2.3	5.90	4.94	2.17	6.39	3.84	2.23	4.85	4.39	4.93	6.37	2.32	3.7	6.93	1.76	4.32	4.83	2.04
20	Rupnagar	0.73	0.88	2.24	1.38	0.77	2.11	1.06	1.32	2.17	0.18	0.60	0.19	1.29	-0.89	1.68	0.74	0.30	0.93
21	Sangrur	1.17	1.47	4.77	1.39	1.65	3.88	1.28	2.32	4.33	3.01	1.12	2.29	1.39	1.17	1.93	2.2	1.49	2.11
22	Tarn Taran	2.54	2.14	2.59	3.82	1.47	2.72	3.18	2.51	2.66	-0.94	0.42	3.60	1.07	1.76	4.17	0.06	1.71	3.89
	Punjab	1.85	2.13	1.75	2.65	1.88	1.56	2.25	2.10	1.65	0.54	1.85	0.13	0.61	1.18	-0.15	0.57	0.94	-0.01

Source: Sarv Sikhya Abhiyaan Authority

Table No. 4.17 School Drop-out Rate in Punjab

Level	Year	All communities		
		<i>Total</i>	<i>Boys</i>	<i>Girls</i>
Drop out at Primary Level	2007-08	1.16	1.39	0.92
	2008-09	8.50	8.84	8.16
	2009-10	2.54	2.40	2.69
	2010-11	2.25	1.85	2.65
	2011-12	2.01	2.13	1.88
	2012-13	1.65	1.75	1.56
Drop out at upper primary level	2007-08	11.57	12.33	10.80
	2008-09	9.58	10.83	8.32
	2009-10	5.99	6.19	5.79
	2010-11	0.57	0.54	0.61
	2011-12	1.51	2.03	1.64
	2012-13	-0.01	0.13	-0.15

Source: Sarv Sikhya Abhiyaan Authority

Table No. 4.18 Dropout Rates in Classes (I-V), (I-VIII) and (I-X) in India

States/Union Territory	Classes I-V			Classes I-VIII			Classes I-X		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Andhra Pradesh	18.1	16.7	17.4	33.0	32.7	32.9	45.8	46.6	46.2
Arunachal Pradesh	43.8	42.1	43.0	51.7	49.1	50.5	62.3	61.0	61.7
Assam	33.2	26.4	29.9	49.8	58.2	54.0	76.8	78.1	77.4
Bihar	39.2	30.7	35.7	58.5	58.0	58.3	64.4	58.9	62.2
Chhattisgarh	29.7	32.2	31.0	47.7	49.0	48.3	58.4	57.5	58.0
Goa	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	29.23	26.9	28.1
Gujarat	36.9	6.6	25.7	44.6	49.4	46.7	61.1	52.4	57.9
Haryana	9.8	8.9	9.4	5.3	3.9	4.6	21.2	16.0	18.9
Himachal Pradesh	3.9	3.6	3.8	-	-	-	15.2	17.0	16.0
Jammu & Kashmir	9.8	6.8	8.4	7.8	4.0	6.1	47.1	38.9	43.6
Jharkhand	31.0	25.6	28.4	48.4	41.2	45.1	70.6	68.1	69.5
Karnataka	9.2	8.5	8.9	20.1	21.5	20.8	44.5	42.1	43.3
Kerala	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Madhya Pradesh	33.5	25.0	29.5	34.0	27.0	30.7	44.3	59.3	51.1
Maharashtra	21.4	19.0	20.3	24.5	27.4	25.9	36.5	40.0	38.2
Manipur	46.1	45.3	45.7	51.7	53.9	52.8	45.7	44.8	45.3
Meghalaya	61.0	55.7	58.4	72.5	68.3	70.4	78.0	76.7	77.4
Mizoram	37.1	38.7	37.9	37.5	35.7	36.7	55.0	52.3	53.7
Nagaland	40.1	39.8	39.9	45.2	45.6	45.4	75.8	74.4	75.1
Orissa	11.0	2.4	7.0	54.4	55.6	55.0	67.2	59.7	64.0
Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.2	30.7	30.5
Rajasthan	49.9	51.5	50.6	49.2	58.1	53.3	68.2	69.0	68.5
Sikkim	24.9	11.0	18.4	50.6	34.3	42.8	72.4	67.1	69.9
Tamil Nadu	-	-	-	7.8	8.2	8.0	28.2	23.6	25.9
Tripura	31.9	30.3	31.1	50.2	45.9	48.2	59.1	57.5	58.4
Uttar Pradesh	33.5	34.8	34.1	49.3	50.2	49.7	29.8	14.4	24.0
Uttrakhand	33.5	32.2	32.9	33.7	29.3	31.6	31.8	41.3	36.6
West Bengal	29.8	27.0	28.4	50.4	47.7	49.1	64.9	63.5	64.2
A & N Islands	8.4	7.1	7.8	13.2	17.1	15.1	19.0	23.3	21.1
Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	9.1	16.5	12.7	27.4	40.2	33.7	51.7	58.3	54.7
Daman & Diu	8.5	8.0	8.3	13.1	8.3	10.8	26.7	30.2	28.3
Delhi	3.7	8.5	5.9	-	-	-	19.7	26.3	22.9
Lakshadweep	10.8	3.1	7.1	15.5	9.7	12.7	41.1	20.3	31.3
Pondicherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.9	1.4	6.4
India	28.7	25.1	27.0	40.3	41.0	40.6	50.4	47.9	49.3

Source: Annual Report 2010-11 Ministry of HRD

Chapter-5

EMPLOYMENT

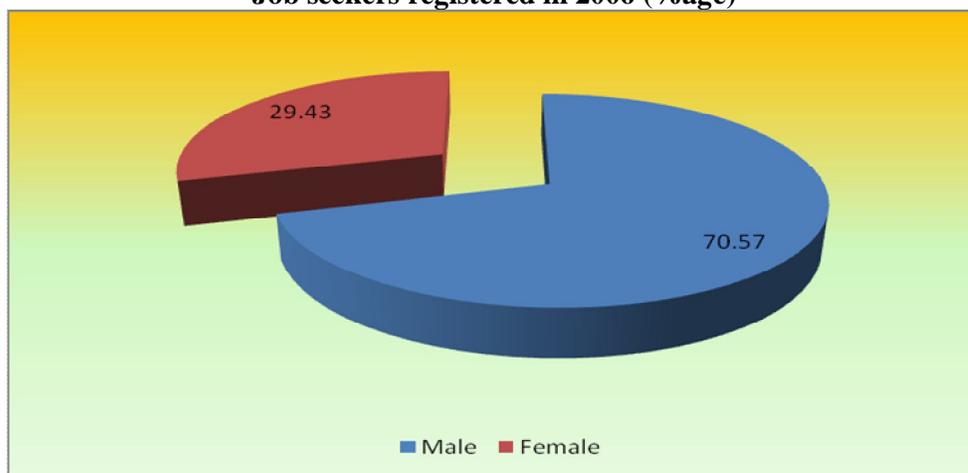
**Table No. 5.1 Job-Seekers registered with employment exchanges in Punjab
Number on Live Register as at the end of the year**

(Number in thousands)

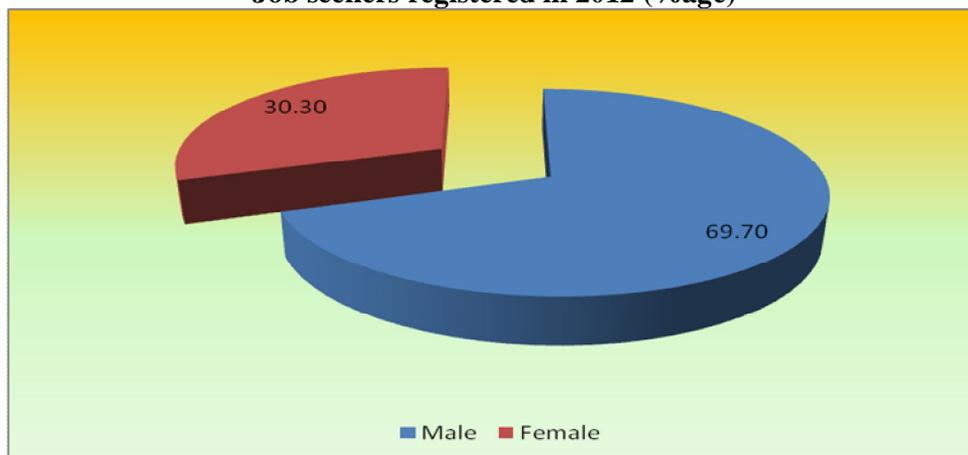
Year	Male		Female		Total
	Number	%age to total	Number	%age to total	
2006	320.60	70.57	133.70	29.43	454.30
2007	305.70	70.23	129.60	29.77	435.30
2008	284.40	70.29	120.20	29.71	404.60
2009	270.80	69.65	118.00	30.35	388.80
2010	266.18	70.40	111.94	29.60	378.12
2011	250.28	70.57	104.39	29.43	354.67
2012	245.80	69.70	106.85	30.30	352.66

Source: Selected Socio economic Statistics, India

Job seekers registered in 2006 (%age)



Job seekers registered in 2012 (%age)



**Table 5.2: Job-Seekers Registered with Employment Exchanges
by States/Union Territories and India**

(In thousands)

State/Union Territory	No. on live register as at the end of the year								
	2007			2008			2009		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Andhra Pradesh	1726.0	623.9	2349.9	1590.6	598.4	2189.0	1436.7	565.0	2001.7
Arunachal Pradesh	22.1	10.1	32.2	22.0	11.1	33.1	23.2	12.8	36.0
Assam	1471.3	467.0	1938.3	1522.5	491.4	2013.9	1264.8	451.6	1716.4
Bihar	1136.3	173.3	1309.6	770.9	153.3	924.2	708.8	114.5	823.3
Chhattisgarh	870.5	227.2	1097.7	952.7	276.9	1229.6	1023.4	335.8	1359.2
Delhi	297.6	153.9	451.5	337.2	169.7	506.9	330.9	129.9	460.8
Goa	67.4	33.9	101.3	65.6	34.3	99.9	66.7	36.1	102.8
Gujarat	619.6	189.2	808.8	636.2	210.1	846.3	665.7	239.8	905.5
Haryana	808.9	195.3	1004.2	742.3	182.0	924.3	740.1	218.8	958.9
Himachal Pradesh	508.6	266.8	775.4	526.8	282.4	809.2	524.6	277.5	802.1
Jammu & Kashmir	88.2	18.7	106.9	72.6	16.5	89.1	209.4	112.2	321.6
Jharkhand	998.5	113.7	1112.2	901.3	102.5	1003.8	544.2	80.6	624.8
Karnataka	727.8	231.8	959.6	476.1	173.7	649.8	430.9	152.3	583.2
Kerala	1687.5	2361.7	4049.2	1721.3	2439.1	4160.4	1797.9	2559.0	4356.9
Madhya Pradesh	1454.1	386.5	1840.6	1508.8	409.9	1918.7	1518.7	417.6	1936.3
Maharashtra	2557.5	808.9	3366.4	2383.2	771.2	3154.4	2283.0	725.3	3008.3
Manipur	429.3	167.7	597.0	462.3	175.9	638.2	485.3	183.2	668.5
Meghalaya	18.6	12.7	31.3	17.1	12.4	29.5	19.4	15.2	34.6
Mizoram	30.5	18.8	49.3	34.7	20.2	54.9	32.2	19.9	52.1
Nagaland	33.4	12.6	46.0	35.6	13.0	48.6	33.7	20.0	53.7
Orissa	632.3	186.8	819.1	619.7	196.9	816.6	635.0	213.6	848.6
Punjab	305.7	129.6	435.3	284.4	120.2	404.6	270.8	118.0	388.8
Rajasthan	743.6	129.9	873.5	734.5	142.2	876.7	675.6	141.8	817.4
Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tamil Nadu	2693.1	2148.0	4841.1	2861.3	2411.3	5272.6	2976.3	2593.8	5570.1
Tripura	281.1	161.5	442.6	287.1	164.2	451.3	305.9	178.1	484.0
Uttarakhand	381.0	99.4	480.4	375.7	112.8	488.5	369.2	118.2	487.4
Uttar Pradesh	2572.8	770.7	3343.5	2374.5	790.0	3164.5	1739.4	396.3	2135.7
West Bengal	4619.6	1780.2	6399.8	4279.5	1719.8	5999.3	4442.7	1846.2	6288.9
A & N Islands	27.1	13.1	40.2	27.6	13.2	40.8	26.6	13.7	40.3
Chandigarh	36.6	12.2	48.8	32.9	10.5	43.4	30.4	9.7	40.1
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	4.6	1.9	6.5	5.4	2.6	8.0	5.5	2.7	8.2
Daman & Diu	8.0	2.9	10.9	8.0	2.9	10.9	10.1	3.0	13.1
Lakshadweep	7.7	3.5	11.2	9.1	4.6	13.7	9.7	4.9	14.6
Pondicherry	105.8	87.9	193.7	107.6	92.7	200.3	110.6	97.5	208.1
All India	27972.5	12001.5	39974.0	26786.7	12328.2	39114.9	25747.5	12404.7	38152.2

Source: (i) Directorate General of Employment and Training, Ministry of Labour
(ii) Selected Socio Economic Statistics India, 2011

Note: No employment exchange is functioning in Sikkim.

Table No. 5.3 District-wise, Group-wise and Sex-wise Distribution of Punjab Govt. Employees as on 31st March, 2010

SN	Name of District	Group-A		Group-B		Group-C		Group-D		Work Charged		Contingency Paid		Contract Basis		Total		Grand Total (17+18)	%age to Grand Total	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		Male (17/19)	Female (18/19)
1	Gurdaspur	754	154	1696	392	11939	4410	6338	1030	50	7	1125	374	375	4429	22277	10796	33073	67.36	32.64
2	Amritsar	684	278	1049	390	12098	5169	3668	768	348	4	138	9	423	2789	18408	9407	27815	66.18	33.82
3	Tarntaran	138	46	143	57	3525	806	2903	332	165	9	93	15	307	252	7274	1517	8791	82.74	17.26
4	Kapurthala	251	36	722	314	3966	1270	1351	221	0	0	420	47	22	6	6732	1894	8626	78.04	21.96
5	Jalandhar	585	137	1295	447	14807	4147	3085	557	0	0	528	0	112	184	20412	5472	25884	78.86	21.14
6	Hoshiarpur	534	57	257	43	10247	4762	3147	410	551	234	816	265	68	4	15620	5775	21395	73.01	26.99
7	Rupnagar	276	112	362	266	4569	1469	1475	264	192	5	745	1748	193	75	7812	3939	11751	66.48	33.52
8	S.A.S. Nagar	251	161	836	1085	1736	1262	1322	230	188	14	226	71	156	1485	4715	4308	9023	52.26	47.74
9	Ludhiana	730	265	599	426	12457	7288	3693	1182	181	2	3	6	1500	600	19163	9769	28932	66.23	33.77
10	Firozpur	304	50	866	254	7987	2643	3006	386	2	0	929	67	248	166	13342	3566	16908	78.91	21.09
11	Faridkot	200	60	404	162	3067	1519	1242	322	0	0	117	115	71	1008	5101	3186	8287	61.55	38.45
12	Bathinda	342	93	682	297	5133	2201	1743	288	202	1	35	59	655	2199	8792	5138	13930	63.12	36.88
13	Sangrur	375	106	803	332	5707	2198	1975	306	0	0	118	190	637	587	9615	3719	13334	72.11	27.89
14	Barnala	116	17	210	87	2325	773	717	75	128	2	136	84	173	123	3805	1161	4966	76.62	23.38
15	Fatehgarh Sahib	156	50	238	77	2466	1010	825	215	204	0	153	61	24	922	4066	2335	6401	63.52	36.48
16	Patiala	966	456	856	526	14988	5278	4926	1096	654	1	608	1882	577	197	23575	9436	33011	71.42	28.58
17	Mansa	140	23	376	119	2872	1394	946	205	0	0	104	1656	101	99	4539	3496	8035	56.49	43.51
18	S.B.S Nagar	168	46	448	149	2606	1124	744	178	0	0	28	80	146	170	4140	1747	5887	70.32	29.68
19	Shri Muktsar Sahib	166	21	567	173	4138	1674	983	169	0	0	63	949	0	0	5917	2986	8903	66.46	33.54
20	Moga	184	53	291	227	4086	1971	1201	464	4	0	207	75	1614	291	7587	3081	10668	71.12	28.88
21	Chandigarh	1013	214	1604	706	6662	1683	2512	305	9	0	78	10	286	59	12164	2977	15141	80.34	19.66
	Total	8333	2435	14304	6529	137381	54051	47802	9003	2878	279	6670	7763	7688	15645	225056	95705	320761	70.16	29.84

Source: Census Of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees, Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table No. 5.4 District-wise No. of Semi- Govt. Employees working in Municipal Corporations/Committees as on 31st March, 2010

SN	Name of the District	Sanctioned Posts	Filled Up Posts				Total
			Male		Female		
			Number	%age to total	Number	%age to total	
1	Gurdaspur	1296	1062	84.22	199	15.78	1261
2	Amritsar	4650	2526	78.86	677	21.14	3203
3	Tarntaran	271	194	78.23	54	21.77	248
4	Kapurthala	700	489	77.37	143	22.63	632
5	Jalandhar	4192	2408	63.75	1369	36.25	3777
6	Hoshiarpur	1070	561	80.84	133	19.16	694
7	Rupnagar	480	330	77.28	97	22.72	427
8	S.A.S. Nagar	742	516	82.03	113	17.97	629
9	Ludhiana	8872	5695	83.96	1088	16.04	6783
10	Ferozpur	1184	965	82.98	198	17.02	1163
11	Faridkot	621	449	79.19	118	20.81	567
12	Bathinda	1455	963	75.77	308	24.23	1271
13	Sangrur	1016	706	75.35	231	24.65	937
14	Barnala	353	235	71.87	92	28.13	327
15	Fatehgarh Sahib	710	421	68.23	196	31.77	617
16	Patiala	2334	1406	67.27	684	32.73	2090
17	Mansa	415	263	77.81	75	22.19	338
18	S.B.S Nagar	316	183	60.40	120	39.60	303
19	Shri Muktsar Sahib	545	376	75.96	119	24.04	495
20	Moga	525	397	81.69	89	18.31	486
Total		31747	20145	76.75	6103	23.25	26248

Source: Census Of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees,
Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table No. 5.5 District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Improvement Trusts as on 31st March, 2010

SN	Name of the District	Sanctioned Posts	Filled Up Posts				Total
			Male		Female		
			Number	%age to total	Number	%age to total	
1	Gurdaspur	75	58	92.06	5	7.94	63
2	Amritsar	269	177	87.19	26	12.81	203
3	Tarntaran	4	3	100.00	0	0.00	3
4	Kapurthala	60	32	82.05	7	17.95	39
5	Jalandhar	120	82	90.11	9	9.89	91
6	Hoshiarpur	20	9	81.82	2	18.18	11
7	Rupnagar	29	20	83.33	4	16.67	24
8	S.A.S. Nagar	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Ludhiana	225	165	90.66	17	9.34	182
10	Ferozpur	14	3	60.00	2	40.00	5
11	Faridkot	14	8	80.00	2	20.00	10
12	Bathinda	41	21	87.50	3	12.50	24
13	Sangrur	25	14	77.78	4	22.22	18
14	Barnala	18	15	100.00	0	0.00	15
15	Fatehgarh Sahib	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Patiala	80	62	91.18	6	8.82	68
17	Mansa	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	S.B.S Nagar	2	2	100.00	0	0.00	2
19	Shri Muktsar Sahib	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Moga	14	9	100.00	0	0.00	9
Total		1010	680	88.66	87	11.34	767

Source: Census Of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees,
Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table No. 5.6 District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Zila Parishads as on 31st March, 2010

SN	Name of the District	Sanctioned Posts	Filled Up Posts				Total
			Male		Female		
			Number	%age to total	Number	%age to total	
1	Gurdaspur	96	50	84.75	9	15.25	59
2	Amritsar	194	73	85.88	12	14.12	85
3	Tarnataran	13	7	100.00	0	0.00	7
4	Kapurthala	17	6	66.67	3	33.33	9
5	Jalandhar	89	42	91.30	4	8.70	46
6	Hoshiarpur	117	33	94.29	2	5.71	35
7	Rupnagar	734	253	38.10	411	61.90	664
8	S.A.S. Nagar	12	3	42.86	4	57.14	7
9	Ludhiana	1290	504	41.69	705	58.31	1209
10	Ferozpur	50	38	95.00	2	5.00	40
11	Faridkot	16	6	75.00	2	25.00	8
12	Bathinda	536	234	47.27	261	52.73	495
13	Sangrur	23	9	69.23	4	30.77	13
14	Barnala	12	3	100.00	0	0.00	3
15	Fatehgarh Sahib	12	7	87.50	1	12.50	8
16	Patiala	20	11	78.57	3	21.43	14
17	Mansa	710	415	68.48	191	31.52	606
18	S.B.S Nagar	114	62	83.78	12	16.22	74
19	Shri Muktsar Sahib	20	15	83.33	3	16.67	18
20	Moga	44	18	85.71	3	14.29	21
Total		4119	1789	52.29	1632	47.71	3421

Source: Census of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees, Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table No. 5.7 District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Market Committees as on 31st March, 2010

SN	Name of the District	Sanctioned Posts	Filled Up Posts				Total
			Male		Female		
			Number	%age to total	Number	%age to total	
1	Amritsar	263	210	86.42	33	13.58	243
2	Tarntaran	207	147	83.05	30	16.95	177
3	Kapurthala	149	105	92.11	9	7.89	114
4	Jalandhar	298	175	87.50	25	12.50	200
5	Hoshiarpur	163	113	90.40	12	9.60	125
6	Rupnagar	80	66	90.41	7	9.59	73
7	S.A.S. Nagar	92	69	84.15	13	15.85	82
8	Ludhiana	433	298	91.98	26	8.02	324
9	Ferozpur	454	340	87.40	49	12.60	389
10	Faridkot	152	99	86.84	15	13.16	114
11	Bathinda	276	199	90.87	20	9.13	219
12	Sangrur	315	242	93.44	17	6.56	259
13	Barnala	122	97	89.81	11	10.19	108
14	Fatehgarh Sahib	180	96	75.00	32	25.00	128
15	Patiala	345	303	94.39	18	5.61	321
16	Mansa	141	110	92.44	9	7.56	119
17	S.B.S Nagar	83	64	90.14	7	9.86	71
18	Shri Muktsar Sahib	193	164	92.13	14	7.87	178
19	Moga	256	210	88.98	26	11.02	236
Total		4202	3107	89.28	373	10.72	3480

Source: Census of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees, Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

**Table No. 5.8 District-wise No. of Semi-Govt. Employees working in Panchayat Samities
as on 31st March, 2010**

SN	Name of the District	Sanctioned Posts	Filled Up Posts				Total
			Male		Female		
			Number	%age to total	Number	%age to total	
1	Gurdaspur	847	463	60.92	297	39.08	760
2	Amritsar	242	178	86.41	28	13.59	206
3	Tarntaran	188	138	87.90	19	12.10	157
4	Kapurthala	153	79	87.78	11	12.22	90
5	Jalandhar	271	138	89.61	16	10.39	154
6	Hoshiarpur	371	194	90.23	21	9.77	215
7	Rupnagar	166	62	80.52	15	19.48	77
8	S.A.S. Nagar	111	62	80.52	15	19.48	77
9	Ludhiana	302	149	88.17	20	11.83	169
10	Ferozpur	296	210	91.70	19	8.30	229
11	Faridkot	399	216	59.02	150	40.98	366
12	Bathinda	121	87	87.88	12	12.12	99
13	Sangrur	204	148	87.57	21	12.43	169
14	Barnala	251	89	41.98	123	58.02	212
15	Fatehgarh Sahib	602	315	59.10	218	40.90	533
16	Patiala	244	213	95.52	10	4.48	223
17	Mansa	99	78	84.78	14	15.22	92
18	S.B.S Nagar	580	155	34.60	293	65.40	448
19	Shri Muktsar Sahib	95	68	82.93	14	17.07	82
20	Moga	118	93	88.57	12	11.43	105
Total		5660	3135	70.24	1328	29.76	4463

Source: Census of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees,
Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table No. 5.9 Female Employees in Punjab

Year	Female Employees					
	Punjab Govt.					Autonomous Bodies
	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	Total	Total
2001	2203	3010	66467	8418	80098	16723
2002	2313	3424	67127	8999	81863	15997
2003	2545	3634	68046	9044	83269	16246
2004	2625	3566	66875	9086	82152	14192
2005	2445	3630	65190	8966	80231	13535
2006	2348	3834	60798	9088	76068	13731
2007	2399	4122	61805	9880	78206	16985
2008	2383	4123	59601	10143	76250	17119
2009	2254	4116	59007	9896	75273	16819
2010	2435	6529	54051	9003	72018	16334
2011	2599	7153	50119	8887	68758	15973

Source: Census of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees, Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table No. 5.10 Group-wise female employees in Government of Punjab

Group	2009			2010			2011		
	Total	Female	% to Total	Total	Female	% to Total	Total	Female	% to Total
Group A	10819	2254	20.83	10768	2435	22.61	11075	2599	23.47
Group B	13161	4116	31.27	20833	6529	31.34	22157	7153	32.28
Group C	204641	59007	28.83	191432	54051	28.23	182317	50119	27.49
Group D	57508	9896	17.21	56805	9003	15.85	55359	8887	16.05
Total	286129	75273	26.31	279838	72018	25.73	270908	68758	25.38

Source: Census of Punjab Government And Semi-Government Employees, Economic and Statistical Organisation, Punjab

Table 5.11 Total employment in Public and Private Sector - As on December 2011

S N	District	Employed in Public Sector		Employed in Private Sector		Total Employed	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	Gurdaspur	23721	7007	1602	2036	25323	9043
2	Amritsar	38909	10169	14147	6347	53056	16516
3	Tarn Taran	8202	1838	997	796	9199	2634
4	Kapurthala	21051	5925	13537	3026	34588	8951
5	Jalandhar	45069	10177	36378	6603	81447	16780
6	S.B.S. Nagar	6911	3074	5564	992	12475	4066
7	Hoshiarpur	27660	8507	15270	4003	42930	12510
8	Rupnagar	20292	5333	2177	1197	22469	6530
9	S.A.S. Nagar	27191	6542	33173	6662	60364	13204
10	Ludhiana	35365	12178	124786	21723	160151	33901
11	Ferozpur	42595	5460	1655	2045	44250	7505
12	Faridkot	8676	2306	39	536	8715	2842
13	Shri Muktsar Sahib	7315	1427	2062	681	9377	2108
14	Moga	5169	3767	1670	919	6839	4686
15	Bathinda	17504	2514	1311	1751	18815	4265
16	Mansa	4408	1325	127	453	4535	1778
17	Sangrur	543	67	6475	1666	7018	1733
18	Barnala	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Patiala	34252	8895	12409	3433	46661	12328
20	Fatehgarh Sahib	3955	1482	7311	361	11266	1843
PUNJAB		378788	97993	280690	65230	659478	163225
%age		79.45	20.55	81.14	18.86	80.16	19.84

Source: Director, Employment Generation and Training, Punjab

Chapter-6

CRIME AGAINST WOMEN IN PUNJAB

Table No. 6.1 Suicide Rate in Punjab

Year	Rate (Incidence of Suicides per lakh population)		
	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Total</i>
2000	0.82	2.70	3.51
2001	1.04	1.63	2.67
2002	0.44	1.60	2.05
2003	0.50	2.02	2.51
2004	0.51	2.03	2.54
2005	0.41	1.87	2.28
2006	0.62	2.34	2.96
2007	0.81	2.39	3.21
2008	0.85	2.41	3.26
2009	0.78	2.35	3.13
2010	0.74	2.64	3.37
2011	0.76	2.73	3.49
2012	0.88	2.79	3.67

Source: Additional Director General Police, Crime Branch, Punjab

Table 6.2 Head-wise crime against women in Punjab

SN	Head of Crime	2010		2011	
		No of Registered Cases	% to Total Registered Cases	No of Registered Cases	% to Total Registered Cases
1	Dowry Murder 302/498-A, IPC	1339	41.17	1318	42.19
2	Dowry Death,304B IPC	120	3.69	142	4.55
3	Suicide, 306 IPC	178	5.47	197	6.31
4	Rape, 376 IPC	473	14.54	427	13.67
5	Kidnapping, 363,366 IPC	643	19.77	560	17.93
6	Molestation,354 IPC	347	10.67	294	9.41
7	Eve Teasing, 294 IPC	36	1.11	36	1.15
8	3/4th Dowry (P) Act	2	0.06	3	0.10
9	Immoral Traffic Act	49	1.51	69	2.21
10	Attempt to Rape 376/512 IPC	36	1.11	61	1.95
11	Female feticide	21	0.65	15	0.48
12	Domestic Violence Act	8	0.25	2	0.06
	Total	3252	100.00	3124	100.00

Source: Punjab State Commission for Women

Table 6.3 Head-wise crime committed against women in All India

Crime Head	2001	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	% in 2011
Rape	16075	19348	20737	21467	21397	22172	24206	10.6
Kidnapping & Abduction	14645	17414	20416	22939	25741	29795	35565	15.6
Dowry Deaths	6851	7618	8093	8172	8383	8391	8618	3.8
Cruelty by Husband and Relatives	49170	63128	75930	81344	89546	94041	99135	43.4
Molestation	34124	36617	38734	40413	38711	40613	42968	18.8
Sexual Harassment	9746	9966	10950	12214	11009	9961	8570	3.7
Importation of Girls	114	67	61	67	48	36	80	0.0
Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act	8796	4541	3568	2659	2474	2499	2435	1.1
Indecent Representation of Women (Prevention) Act	1052	1562	1200	1025	845	895	453	0.2
Dowry Prohibition Act	3222	4504	5623	5555	5650	5182	6619	2.9
Total	143795	164765	185312	195855	203804	213585	228650	100.0

Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs

Table 6.4 Victims of rape under different age-groups in Punjab

District	Rape 376 IPC			Upto 10 year			10-14 Year			14-18 year			18-30 year			30-50 year			Above 50 year			Total Victims		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
CP Amritsar	24	20	27	1	1	0	6	1	1	5	5	7	12	1	19	0	2	0	0	0	0	24	20	27
CP Jalandhar	22	15	33	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	19	12	29	2	1	2	0	1	0	22	15	33
CP Ludhiana	55	48	69	5	8	5	2	7	11	18	14	34	23	18	18	7	2	1	0	0	0	55	49	69
Tarn Taran	20	16	23	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	12	19	16	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	20	16	23
Amritsar R	16	16	18	1	0	0	7	0	0	1	0	4	3	16	10	0	0	4	0	0	0	12	16	18
GSP	12	12	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	10	11	7	2	1	1	0	0	0	12	12	14
BTL	26	13	25	2	0	0	2	2	0	5	8	10	13	2	12	4	1	3	0	0	0	26	13	25
Pathankot	18	10	13	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	16	6	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	13
Jalandhar R	39	31	29	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	39	27	26	0	0	3	0	0	0	39	31	29
Hoshiarpur	26	28	33	0	3	2	1	4	5	10	16	11	12	4	13	3	0	2	0	1	0	26	28	33
Kapurthala	12	16	16	2	0	1	3	2	1	2	4	3	2	10	10	2	0	1	1	0	0	12	16	16
Patiala	26	25	44	1	0	4	1	2	8	5	6	15	14	16	14	5	1	3	0	0	0	26	25	44
Sangrur	31	30	34	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	23	27	29	2	1	1	6	0	0	0	31	30	34
Barnala	12	5	25	0	0	0	2	0	4	5	4	8	5	0	8	1	0	5	0	1	0	13	5	25
Ludhiana R	11	8	11	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	4	9	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	8	11
Khanna	7	7	14	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	7	4	2	5	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	7	14
Fatehgarh Sahib	11	4	15	1	0	0	3	0	2	1	2	8	6	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	11	4	15
Rupnagar	14	14	22	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	3	1	8	7	17	0	3	2	0	0	1	14	14	22
SAS Nagar	17	24	23	0	3	1	1	1	2	0	6	3	14	12	12	2	2	5	0	0	0	17	24	23
SBS Nagar	17	8	21	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	15	16	7	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	17	8	21
Firozpur	7	20	15	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	5	2	6	10	7	1	1	6	0	0	0	7	20	15
Faridkot	10	8	17	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	8	8	15	2	0	0	0	0	0	10	8	17
Moga	18	12	23	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	14	9	17	4	2	3	0	0	0	18	12	23
Fazilka	32	21	32	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	5	20	12	17	12	6	6	0	0	0	32	21	32
Shri Muktsar Sahib	12	17	18	1	2	2	1	0	2	3	5	9	6	9	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	12	17	18
Bathinda	29	37	44	0	0	0	4	3	6	9	18	13	14	12	19	2	4	6	0	0	0	29	37	44
Mansa	22	14	22	1	0	1	3	3	4	14	7	9	3	3	8	1	1	0	0	0	0	22	14	22
Gurdaspur (GRP)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0
Punjab	546	479	680	23	20	18	39	32	65	83	115	212	342	278	319	55	32	65	1	3	1	543	480	680

Source: Additional Director General Police, Crime Branch, Punjab

Table No 6.5 (Contd.) Victims of various crimes committed against women in Punjab for the year 2010-2012

(As on 30th April)

District	Rape 376 IPC			Kidnapping 363/366 IPC			Dowry Death 304-B IPC			Cruelty by In-Laws 499-A IPC		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
CP Amritsar	24	20	27	43	34	45	10	4	5	87	101	105
CP Jalandhar	22	15	33	40	40	29	5	4	6	82	74	107
CP Ludhiana	55	48	69	108	76	99	9	14	10	119	109	135
Tarn Taran	20	16	23	18	17	14	5	3	3	16	24	38
Amritsar R	16	16	18	25	20	30	2	1	8	53	58	49
GSP	12	12	14	19	22	34	6	6	10	20	38	45
BTL	26	13	25	23	14	20	4	4	4	31	35	19
Pathankot	18	10	13	9	12	11	5	5	7	22	21	25
Jalandhar R	39	31	29	26	26	33	4	6	3	62	57	53
Hoshiarpur	26	28	33	36	23	28	5	11	8	74	72	70
Kapurthala	12	16	16	22	17	34	2	2	3	31	39	46
Patiala	26	25	44	31	26	32	9	13	4	139	95	86
Sangrur	31	30	34	7	11	31	8	14	7	51	36	40
Barnala	12	5	25	2	5	8	1	3	2	15	10	14
Ludhiana R	11	8	11	6	10	21	0	4	4	36	22	23
Khanna	7	7	14	10	8	10	4	1	0	43	10	18
Fatehgarh Sahib	11	4	15	11	8	7	1	4	2	19	21	21
Rupnagar	14	14	22	14	16	18	2	5	0	20	18	15
SAS Nagar	17	24	23	23	27	33	3	4	7	42	76	127
SBS Nagar	17	8	21	8	6	13	6	4	0	18	14	25
Firozpur	7	20	15	17	25	16	7	6	4	38	53	43
Faridkot	10	8	17	5	6	18	3	1	2	32	20	20
Moga	18	12	23	13	12	10	3	5	3	22	26	25
Fazilka	32	21	32	11	17	26	3	3	2	14	29	36
Shri Muktsar Sahib	12	17	18	10	14	28	3	7	3	23	16	30
Bathinda	29	37	44	30	20	31	3	5	6	31	49	55
Mansa	22	14	22	9	5	10	71	4	3	23	13	23
Gurdaspur (GRP)	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	2	0	0	0
Punjab	546	479	680	576	517	689	184	143	118	1163	1136	1293

Source: Additional Director General Police, Crime Branch, Punjab

Table No. 6.5 (concl.) Victims of various crimes committed against women in Punjab for the year 2010-2012

(As on 30th April)

District	Molestation 354 IPC			Sexual Harassment 509 IPC			Importation of Girls			Immoral Traffic Act			Indecent rep. of women (p) Act			3/4 Dowry (P) Act		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
CP Amritsar	10	7	14	4	1	0	0	0	0	14	8	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
CP Jalandhar	27	19	17	4	3	3	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
CP Ludhiana	29	25	30	11	12	14	0	0	0	3	22	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tarn Taran	4	12	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
Amritsar R	13	16	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
GSP	17	17	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BTL	16	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
Pathankot	7	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jalandhar R	24	22	34	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hoshiarpur	17	13	14	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kapurthala	14	10	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Patiala	35	22	24	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sangrur	18	10	24	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	8	0	0	0	1	0	0
Barnala	7	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ludhiana R	4	4	5	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Khanna	5	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fatehgarh Sahib	6	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Rupnagar	14	9	13	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAS Nagar	18	13	31	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
SBS Nagar	5	6	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Firozpur	4	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Faridkot	2	10	11	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moga	10	3	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fazilka	5	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shri Muktsar Sahib	5	8	10	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bathinda	36	11	19	1	1	0	0	0	0	8	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Mansa	2	5	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gurdaspur (GRP)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Punjab	354	282	340	38	31	31	0	0	0	59	50	86	0	0	0	1	3	1

Source: Additional Director General Police, Crime Branch, Punjab

Chapter-7

WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

Table No. 7.1 Number of Women Judges in the Punjab and Haryana High Court

SN	As on 31 st March	Female	Male	Total
1	1961	-	15	15
2	1971	-	17	17
3	1981	-	19	19
4	1991	1	31	32
5	2001	1	27	28
6	2011	4	38	42
7	2012	4	38	42
8	2013	4	37	41

Source: The Registrar General, Punjab and Haryana High Court, Chandigarh

Table No. 7.2 Party-wise Performances of Women Candidates of Punjab in Lok Sabha-2009

SN	Parties*	Women Candidates		Male Candidates		Total Contested
		Contested	Won	Contested	Won	
1	BSP	-	-	13	-	13
2	INC	2	2	11	6	13
3	SAD	2	2	8	2	10
4	BJP	-	-	3	1	3
5	SP	-	-	6	-	6
6	BGTD	-	-	6	-	6
7	SHS	-	-	3	-	3
8	LJNSP	1	-	11	-	12
9	IND	4	-	110	-	114
10	RSP	-	-	3	-	3
11	DCP	-	-	1	-	1
12	RRD	-	-	1	-	1
13	AIDWC	1	-	3	-	4
14	RPI	-	-	2	-	2
15	CPI	1	-	1	-	2
16	CPI(ML) (L)	-	-	2	-	2
17	LTSD	-	-	1	-	1
18	DBSP	1	-	3	-	4
19	CPM	-	-	1	-	1
20	ARWP	-	-	1	-	1
21	LBP	-	-	3	-	3
22	JKNPP	-	-	1	-	1

Table No. 7.2 (concl'd) Party-wise Performances of Women Candidates of Punjab in Lok Sabha-2009

SN	Parties*	Women Candidates		Male Candidates		Total Contested
		<i>Contested</i>	<i>Won</i>	<i>Contested</i>	<i>Won</i>	
23	LPSP	-	-	1	-	1
24	BVP	-	-	1	-	1
25	SAD(M)	-	-	3	-	3
26	PLP	-	-	1	-	1
27	MB(S) P	-	-	1	-	1
28	RVNP	-	-	2	-	2
29	PTSS	-	-	1	-	1
30	ABSR	1	-	-	-	1
31	ABJP	-	-	1	-	1
	TOTAL	13	4	205	9	218

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

*Full name of parties are given in Annexure-I

Table No. 7.3 Constituency- Wise Male, Female and Service Electors General Lok Sabha Elections - 2009 in Punjab

SN	Parliamentary Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
1	Gurdaspur	670982	637185	1308167	8014	2786	10800	678996	639971	1318967
2	Amritsar	647179	588974	1236153	3704	1242	4946	650883	590216	1241099
3	Khadoor Sahib	684014	647978	1331992	6101	2052	8153	690115	650030	1340145
4	Jalandhar	685484	651709	1337193	1666	983	2649	687150	652692	1339842
5	Hoshiarpur	649298	640899	1290197	6593	2444	9037	655891	643343	1299234
6	Anandpur Sahib	689814	642705	1332519	4394	1683	6077	694208	644388	1338596
7	Ludhiana	692152	615721	1307173	962	473	1435	693114	616194	1308608
8	Fatehgarh Sahib	632165	572344	1204509	2176	871	3047	634341	573215	1207556
9	Faridkot	671405	613728	1285133	2296	661	2957	673701	614389	1288090
10	Firozpur	698926	641415	1340341	1627	520	2147	700553	641935	1342488
11	Bathinda	700661	631835	1332496	3288	1006	4294	703949	632841	1336790
12	Sangrur	657702	589486	1247188	3211	1002	4213	660913	590488	1251401
13	Patiala	701352	638236	1339588	3830	1446	5276	705182	639682	1344864
	Total	8781134	8112215	16892649	47862	17169	65031	8828996	8129384	16957680

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

Note: Service Electors (Voters): A person having service qualification can be enrolled as service voter at his native place even though he actually may be resided at a different place i.e. at the place of posting.
(<http://ceodelhi.gov.in/Content/Servicevoters.aspx>)

Table No. 7.4 No. of candidates contesting in general Lok Sabha Election 2009 in Punjab

SN	Parliamentary Constituency	Male Contestants	Female Contestants	Total Contestants
1	Gurdaspur	12	1	13
2	Amritsar	14	-	14
3	Khadoor Sahib	14	1	15
4	Jalandhar	15	-	15
5	Hoshiarpur	10	2	12
6	Anandpur Sahib	13	1	14
7	Ludhiana	30	-	30
8	Fatehgarh Sahib	11	-	11
9	Faridkot	10	5	15
10	Ferozpur	27	-	27
11	Bathinda	20	2	22
12	Sangrur	16	-	16
13	Patiala	13	1	14
	Total	205	13	218

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

Table No. 7.5 Lok Sabha female members elected from Punjab during the election in May, 2009

(As on 13.10.2010)

SN	Name of Constituency	Party Affiliation*	Number of Elected members	
			Male	Female
1	Gurdaspur	INC	1	-
2	Amritsar	BJP	1	-
3	Khadoor Sahib	SAD	1	-
4	Jalandhar	INC	1	-
5	Hoshiarpur	INC	-	1
6	Anandpur Sahib	INC	1	-
7	Ludhiana	INC	1	-
8	Fatehgarh Sahib	INC	1	-
9	Faridkot	SAD	-	1
10	Ferozpur	SAD	1	-
11	Bathinda	SAD	-	1
12	Sangrur	INC	1	-
13	Patiala	INC	-	1
	Total		09	04

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

*Full name of parties are given in Annexure-I

Table No. 7.6 Women Participation in polls of Lok Sabha Elections, 2009

	Total Electorates	Total Votes Polled	%age of votes polled to total electorates
Male	8828996	6185757	70.06
Female	8129384	5645170	69.44
Total	16958380	11830927	69.76

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

**Table No. 7.7 Party-wise performances of women candidates in
Assembly Elections-2012**

SN	Parties*	Women Candidates		Male Candidates		Total Contested
		Contested	Won	Contested	Won	
1	BSP	06	-	111	1	117
2	BJP	03	02	18	10	21
3	CPI	01	-	11	-	12
4	INC	11	06	106	40	117
5	IND	45	-	372	03	417
6	CPM	-	-	09	-	09
7	SAD(M)	02	-	52	-	54
8	SSPD	-	-	05	-	05
9	BSA	01	-	04	-	05
10	NCP	01	-	04	-	05
11	SHS			12	-	12
12	PPOP	03		89		92
13	SAD	10	06	84	50	94
14	BSP(A)	01	-	16	-	17
15	RBCP	01	-	16	-	17
16	BGTD	-	-	10	-	10
17	BCP	-	-	03	-	03
18	DCP	-	-	01	-	01
19	LJP	05	-	21	-	26
20	DBSP	01	-	07	-	08
21	RVLP	-	-	02	-	02
22	ADJSP	-	-	01	-	01
23	BSP(K)	-	-	02	-	02
24	BHSVP	-	-	02	-	02
25	PLP	-	-	02	-	02
26	CPI(ML)(L)	-	-	07	-	07
27	JanSP	01	-	01	-	02
28	CPM	-	-	09	-	09
29	BRSP	-	-	06	-	06
30	SLP(L)	-	-	01	-	01
31	AISBJSMD	-	-	01	-	01
32	BhJasp	-	-	01	-	01
33	RJD	-	-	01	-	01
34	ARWP	01	-	01	-	02
35	ABSR	-	-	02	-	02
36	RASAP	-	-	01	-	01
37	MB(S)P	-	-	01	-	01
38	AIKMM	-	-	01	-	01
TOTAL		93	14	985	103	1078

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

*Full name of parties are given in Annexure-I

**Table No. 7.8 Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

S N	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Pathankot										
1	Sujanpur	74638	67188	141826	1237	524	1761	75875	67712	143587
2	Bhoa (SC)	78621	71041	149662	1719	764	2483	80340	71805	152145
3	Pathankot	67214	62040	129254	799	388	1187	68013	62428	130441
District Gurdaspur										
4	Gurdaspur	71919	66460	138379	1167	477	1644	73086	66937	140023
5	Dina Nagar (SC)	85063	80177	165240	2251	904	3155	87314	81081	168395
6	Qadian	82781	76670	159451	1368	537	1905	84149	77207	161356
7	Batala	84576	77111	161687	470	196	666	85046	77307	162353
8	Shri Hargobindpur (SC)	78452	73804	152256	1637	652	2289	80089	74456	154545
9	Fatehgarh Churian	74378	67753	142131	1227	433	1660	75605	68186	143791
10	Dera Baba Nanak	83387	78308	161695	1144	429	1573	84531	78737	163268
District Amritsar										
11	Ajanala	70968	66403	137371	1041	119	1160	72009	66522	138531
12	Raja Sansi	80282	74511	154793	678	201	879	80960	74712	155672
13	Majitha	73616	67172	140788	1398	523	1921	75014	67695	142709
14	Jandiala (SC)	80159	72840	152999	999	332	1331	81158	73172	154330
15	Amritsar North	85212	77857	163069	116	61	177	85328	77918	163246
16	Amritsar West (SC)	87692	77967	165659	374	289	663	88066	78256	166322

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.8 (Contd.) Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Amritsar										
17	Amritsar Central	70743	62036	132779	58	24	82	70801	62060	132861
18	Amritsar East	73882	64991	138873	160	62	222	74042	65053	139095
19	Amritsar South	76213	67287	143500	128	45	173	76341	67332	143673
20	Attari (SC)	79368	68984	148352	718	211	929	80086	69195	149281
District Tarn Taran										
21	Tarn Taran	81675	74162	155837	721	236	957	82396	74398	156794
22	Khem Karan	92946	87199	180145	829	245	1074	93775	87444	181219
23	Patti	88965	83340	172305	921	307	1228	89886	83647	173533
24	Khadoor sahib	89212	80508	169720	1123	402	1525	90335	80910	171245
District Amritsar										
25	Baba Bakala (SC)	84675	79018	163693	1718	586	2304	86393	79604	165997
District kapurthala										
26	Bholath	59022	59391	118413	220	61	281	59242	59452	118694
27	kapurthala	62760	58615	121375	152	70	222	62912	58685	121597
28	Sultanpur Lodhi	64457	58068	122525	249	96	345	64706	58164	122870
29	Phagwara (SC)	79618	71801	151419	164	85	249	79782	71886	151668
District Jalandhar										
30	Phillaur (SC)	93037	87243	180280	112	67	179	93149	87310	180459
31	Nakodar	86977	81622	168599	82	55	137	87059	81677	168736

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.8 (Contd.) Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Jalandhar										
32	Shahkot	79242	75013	154255	132	62	194	79374	75075	154449
33	Kartarpur (SC)	77084	71953	149037	232	141	373	77316	72094	149410
34	Jalandhar west (SC)	72196	64327	136523	51	33	84	72247	64360	136607
35	Jalandhar Central	73732	67701	141433	201	118	319	73933	67819	141752
36	Jalandhar North	81810	72572	154382	93	62	155	81903	72634	154537
37	Jalandhar Cantt.	843	77783	78626	276	171	447	1119	77954	79073
38	Adampur (SC)	74503	69629	144132	692	380	1072	75195	70009	145204
District Hoshiarpur										
39	Mukerian	82580	79198	161778	1475	598	2073	84055	79796	163851
40	Dasuya	81782	79838	161620	1414	529	1943	83196	80367	163563
41	Urmar	76455	75766	152221	1178	351	1529	77633	76117	153750
42	Sham Chaurasi (SC)	76387	72235	148622	791	313	1104	77178	72548	149726
43	Hoshiarpur	79048	72380	151428	128	63	191	79176	72443	151619
44	chabbewal (SC)	71707	66437	138144	381	181	562	72088	66618	138706
45	Garhshankar	78862	72780	151642	428	185	613	79290	72965	152255
District Nawanshahar										
46	Banaga (SC)	72813	69483	142296	73	44	117	72886	69527	142413
47	Nawan Shahar	75105	71528	146633	152	64	216	75257	71592	146849
48	Balachaur	68311	61765	130076	577	252	829	68888	62017	130905

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.8 (Contd.) Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
	District Rupnagar									
49	Anandpur Sahib	88899	81155	170054	1322	493	1815	90221	81648	171869
50	Rupnagar	78671	69694	148365	1214	346	1560	79885	70040	149925
51	Chamkaur Sahib (SC)	88402	76388	164790	853	349	1202	89255	76737	165992
	District SAS Nagar									
52	Kharar	93152	80068	173220	514	181	695	93666	80249	173915
53	S.A.S. Nagar	93083	83492	176575	291	157	448	93374	83649	177023
	District Fatehgarh Sahib									
54	Bassi Pathana (SC)	68735	60192	128927	223	84	307	68958	60276	129234
58	Samrala	79838	71140	150978	256	128	384	80094	71268	151362
59	Sahnawal	92086	77185	169271	74	22	96	92160	77207	169367
60	Ludhiana East	81790	67776	149566	29	12	41	81819	67788	149607
61	Ludhiana South	72114	55989	128103	27	14	41	72141	56003	128144
62	Atam Nagar	73191	65791	138982	28	15	43	73219	65806	139025
63	Ludhiana Central	72119	62796	134915	10	6	16	72129	62802	134931
64	Ludhiana West	82166	75768	157934	40	23	63	82206	75791	157997
65	Ludhiana North	86018	75292	161310	22	7	29	86040	75299	161339
66	Gill (SC)	103647	90684	194331	145	53	198	103792	90737	194529
67	Payal (SC)	77391	67919	145310	283	81	364	77674	68000	145674
68	Dakha	86453	77031	163484	323	103	426	86776	77134	163910
69	Raikot (SC)	73041	64357	137398	496	223	719	73537	64580	138117

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.8 (Contd.) Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Fatehgarh Sahib										
70	Jagraon (SC)	84742	74671	159413	219	82	301	84961	74753	159714
District Moga										
71	Nihal Singh Wala (SC)	94722	82845	177567	625	194	819	95347	83039	178386
72	Bhagha Purana	81335	71205	152540	349	108	457	81684	71313	152997
73	Moga	91877	82346	174223	232	76	308	92109	82422	174531
74	Dharamkot	83886	74905	158791	430	144	574	84316	75049	159365
District Firozpur										
75	Zira	84959	76951	161910	448	155	603	85407	77106	162513
76	Firozpur City	81810	72354	154164	257	104	361	82067	72458	154525
77	Firozpur Rural (SC)	84386	76061	160447	560	197	757	84946	76258	161204
78	Guru Har Sahai	73225	67849	141074	212	83	295	73437	67932	141369
District Fazilka										
79	Jalalabad	89702	81987	171689	301	85	386	90003	82072	172075
80	Fazilka	77783	68910	146693	155	44	199	77938	68954	146892
81	Abohar	79484	67118	146602	117	28	145	79601	67146	146747
82	Balluana (SC)	84779	72216	156995	155	48	203	84934	72264	157198
District Muktsar										
83	Lambi	73197	66478	139675	299	92	391	73496	66570	140066
84	Gidderbaha	74055	66076	140131	267	73	340	74322	66149	140471
85	Malout (SC)	79863	70819	150682	200	52	252	80063	70871	150934
86	Muktsar	80908	73417	154325	209	57	266	81117	73474	154591

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.8 (Contd.) Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Faridkot										
87	Faridkot	69769	63729	133498	341	128	469	70110	63857	133967
88	Kotkapura	70983	62776	133759	308	90	398	71291	62866	134157
89	Jaitu (SC)	69309	60920	130229	381	111	492	69690	61031	130721
District Bathinda										
90	Rampura Phul	76914	67989	144903	479	153	632	77393	68142	145535
91	Bhucho Mandi (SC)	85049	74598	159647	572	214	786	85621	74812	160433
92	Bathinda Urban	97026	86449	183475	244	85	329	97270	86534	183804
93	Bathinda Rural (SC)	75433	62058	137491	508	149	657	75941	62207	138148
94	Talwandi Sabo	70990	61091	132081	459	131	590	71449	61222	132671
95	Maur	76349	66846	143195	679	237	916	77028	67083	144111
District Mansa										
96	Mansa	96966	84394	181360	571	192	763	97537	84586	182123
97	Sardulgarh	82759	72886	155645	531	157	688	83290	73043	156333
98	Budhlada (SC)	88099	75451	163550	542	163	705	88641	75614	164255
District Sangrur										
99	Lehra	75580	64241	139821	350	81	431	75930	64322	140252
100	Dirba (SC)	84311	71035	155346	483	146	629	84794	71181	155975
101	Sunam	86285	75675	161960	417	138	555	86702	75813	162515
District Barnala										
102	Bhadaur (SC)	71728	62428	134156	396	115	511	72124	62543	134667
103	Barnala	78243	68676	146919	304	107	411	78547	68783	147330
104	Mehal kalan (SC)	73346	64416	137762	822	285	1107	74168	64701	138869

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.8 (concl.) Constituency-wise male, female and service electors
Assembly Elections - 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	General Electors			Service Electors			Total Electors		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
District Sangrur										
105	Malerkotla	69832	60118	129950	337	110	447	70169	60228	130397
106	Amargarh	73154	63879	137033	514	187	701	73668	64066	137734
107	Dhuri	73416	64113	137529	672	258	930	74088	64371	138459
108	Sangrur	82025	72997	155022	516	199	715	82541	73196	155737
District Patiala										
109	Nabha (SC)	82376	72423	154799	586	177	763	82962	72600	155562
110	Patiala Rural	92830	84458	177288	425	156	581	93255	84614	177869
111	Rajpura	77840	68174	146014	458	202	660	78298	68376	146674
District SAS Nagar										
112	Dera Bassi	94659	83091	177750	586	245	831	95245	83336	178581
District Patiala										
113	Ghanaur	73786	62820	136606	640	269	909	74426	63089	137515
114	Sanour	93343	82597	175940	881	26	907	94224	82623	176847
115	Patiala	73742	66407	140149	110	55	165	73852	66462	140314
116	Samana	80477	71329	151806	590	229	819	81067	71558	152625
117	Shutrana (SC)	77701	68735	146436	535	172	707	78236	68907	147143

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.9 No. of candidates contesting in
Assembly Election 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	Male Contestants	Female Contestants	Total Contestants
1	Sujanpur	07	02	09
2	Bhoa	06	01	07
3	Pathankot	07	03	10
4	Gurdaspur	09	-	09
5	Dina Nagar	04	01	05
6	Qadian	04	01	05
7	Batala	07	01	08
8	Shri Hargobindpur	07	01	08
9	Fatehgarh Churian	06	-	06
10	Dera Baba Nanak	05	-	05
11	Ajanala	09	01	10
12	Raja Sansi	06	01	07
13	Majitha	11	-	11
14	Jandiala	07	-	07
15	Amritsar North	12	01	13
16	Amritsar West	08	-	08
17	Amritsar Central	09	-	09
18	Amritsar East	06	02	08
19	Amritsar South	09	01	10
20	Attari	04	-	04
21	Tarn Taran	06	01	07
22	Khem Karan	11	-	11
23	Patti	06	01	07
24	Khadoor sahib	06	01	07
25	Baba Bakala	11	-	11
26	Bholath	06	02	08
27	kapurthala	07	-	07
28	Sultanpur Lodhi	10	01	11
29	Phagwara	11	-	11
30	Phillaur	09	-	09
31	Nakodar	07	01	08
32	Shahkot	08	-	08
33	Kartarpur	10	01	11
34	Jalandhar west	06	01	07
35	Jalandhar Central	10	01	11

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.9 (Contd.) No. of candidates contesting in
Assembly Election 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	Male Contestants	Female Contestants	Total Contestants
36	Jalandhar North	07	-	07
37	Jalandhar Cantt.	06	01	07
38	Adampur	09	02	11
39	Mukerian	08	-	08
40	Dasuya	07	-	07
41	Urmar	07	-	07
42	Sham Chaurasi	05	02	07
43	Hoshiarpur	10	-	10
44	chabbewal	10	01	11
45	Garhshankar	05	-	05
46	Banaga	10	-	10
47	Nawan Shahr	09	02	11
48	Balachaur	06	-	06
49	Anandpur Sahib	07	01	08
50	Rupnagar	09	01	10
51	Chamkaur Sahib	06	02	08
52	Kharar	11	-	11
53	S.A.S. Nagar	09	01	10
54	Bassi Pathana	05	01	06
55	Fatehgarh Sahib	13	-	13
56	Amlah	08	01	09
57	Khanna	10	-	10
58	Samrala	09	-	09
59	Sahnewal	13	-	13
60	Ludhiana East	16	-	16
61	Ludhiana South	13	01	14
62	Atam Nagar	15	-	15
63	Ludhiana Central	11	-	11
64	Ludhiana West	06	-	06
65	Ludhiana North	11	01	12
66	Gill	07	-	07
67	Payal	07	01	08
68	Dakha	05	-	05
69	Raikot	05	-	05
70	Jagraon	08	-	08
71	Nihal Singh Wala	05	02	07

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.9 (Contd.) No. of candidates contesting in
Assembly Election 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	Male Contestants	Female Contestants	Total Contestants
72	Bhagha Purana	08	-	08
73	Moga	08	-	08
74	Dharamkot	09	-	09
75	Zira	04	01	05
76	Ferozpur City	11	01	12
77	Ferozpur Rural	07	01	08
78	Guru Har Sahai	12	-	12
79	Jalalabad	14	02	16
80	Fazilka	09	01	10
81	Abohar	10	02	12
82	Balluana	05	-	05
83	Lambi	10	01	11
84	Gidderbaha	10	01	11
85	Malout	10	01	11
86	Muktsar	07	02	09
87	Faridkot	12	01	13
88	Kotkapura	10	01	11
89	Jaitu	05	04	09
90	Rampura Phul	13	01	14
91	Bhucho Mandi	08	01	09
92	Bathinda Urban	13	-	13
93	Bathinda Rural	06	01	07
94	Talwandi Sabo	09	-	09
95	Maur	08	-	08
96	Mansa	05	01	06
97	Sardulgarh	08	-	08
98	Budhlada	06	01	07
99	Lehra	09	01	10
100	Dirba	11	-	11
101	Sunam	10	-	10
102	Bhadaur	12	-	12
103	Barnala	09	02	11
104	Mehal kalan	06	01	07
105	Malerkotla	07	03	10
106	Amargarh	12	01	13
107	Dhuri	07	01	08
108	Sangrur	08	-	08
109	Nabha	11	-	11

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.9 (concl.) No. of candidates contesting in
Assembly Election 2012 in Punjab**

SN	Constituency	Male Contestants	Female Contestants	Total Contestants
110	Patiala Rural	13	03	16
111	Rajpura	09	03	12
112	Dera Bassi	08	01	09
113	Ghanaur	07	02	09
114	Sanour	09	-	09
115	Patiala	08	01	09
116	Samana	07	01	08
117	Shutrana	10	03	13
TOTAL		985	93	1078

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.10 Female members elected from Punjab
during Assembly Elections-2012**

SN	Name of Constituency	Party Affiliation	Number of Elected members	
			Male	Female
1	Sujanpur	BJP	01	-
2	Bhoa	BJP	-	01
3	Pathankot	BJP	01	-
4	Gurdaspur	SAD	01	-
5	Dina Nagar	INC	-	01
6	Qadian	INC	-	01
7	Batala	INC	01	-
8	Shri Hargobindpur	SAD	01	-
9	Fatehgarh Churian	INC	01	-
10	Dera Baba Nanak	INC	01	-
11	Ajanala	SAD	01	-
12	Raja Sansi	INC	01	-
13	Majitha	SAD	01	-
14	Jandiala	SAD	01	-
15	Amritsar North	BJP	01	-
16	Amritsar West	INC	01	-
17	Amritsar Central	INC	01	-
18	Amritsar East	BJP	-	01
21	Tarn Taran	SAD	01	-
22	Khem Karan	SAD	01	-
23	Patti	SAD	01	-
24	Khadoor sahib	INC	01	-
25	Baba Bakala	SAD	01	-
26	Bholath	SAD	-	01
27	kapurthala	INC	01	-
28	Sultanpur Lodhi	INC	01	-
29	Phagwara	BJP	01	-
30	Phillaur	SAD	01	-
31	Nakodar	SAD	01	-
32	Shahkot	SAD	01	-
33	Kartarpur	SAD	01	-
34	Jalandhar west	BJP	01	-
35	Jalandhar Central	BJP	01	-
36	Jalandhar North	BJP	01	-
37	Jalandhar Cantt.	SAD	01	-
38	Adampur	SAD	01	-
39	Mukerian	IND	01	-
40	Dasuya	BJP	01	-

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

**Table No. 7.10 (Contd.) Female members elected from Punjab
during Assembly Elections-2012**

SN	Name of Constituency	Party Affiliation*	Number of Elected members	
			Male	Female
41	Urmar	INC	01	-
42	Sham Chaurasi	SAD	-	01
43	Hoshiarpur	INC	01	-
44	Chabbewal	SAD	01	-
45	Garhshankar	SAD	01	-
46	Banaga	INC	01	-
47	Nawan Shahar	INC	-	01
48	Balachaur	SAD	01	-
49	Anandpur Sahib	BJP	01	-
50	Rupnagar	SAD	01	-
51	Chamkaur Sahib	INC	01	-
52	Kharar	INC	01	-
53	S.A.S. Nagar	INC	01	-
54	Bassi Pathana	SAD	01	-
55	Fatehgarh Sahib	INC	01	-
56	Amloh	INC	01	-
57	Khanna	INC	01	-
58	Samrala	INC	01	-
59	Sahnewal	SAD	01	-
60	Ludhiana West	SAD	01	-
61	Ludhiana South	IND	01	-
62	Atam Nagar	IND	01	-
63	Ludhiana Central	INC	01	-
64	Ludhiana West	INC	01	-
65	Ludhiana North	BJP	01	-
66	Gill	SAD	01	-
67	Payal	SAD	01	-
68	Dakha	SAD	01	-
69	Raikot	INC	01	-
70	Jagraon	SAD	01	-
71	Nihal Singh Wala	SAD	-	01
72	Bhagha Purana	SAD	01	-
73	Moga	INC	01	-
74	Dharamkot	SAD	01	-
75	Zira	SAD	01	-
76	Firozpur City	INC	01	-
77	Firozpur Rural	SAD	01	-

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

*Full name of parties are given in Annexure-I

**Table No. 7.10 (Concl.) Female members elected from Punjab
during Assembly Elections-2012**

SN	Name of Constituency	Party Affiliation*	Number of Elected members	
			Male	Female
78	Guru Har Sahai	INC	01	-
79	Jalalabad	SAD	01	-
80	Fazilka	BJP	01	-
81	Abohar	INC	01	-
82	Balluana	SAD	01	-
83	Lambi	SAD	01	-
84	Gidderbaha	INC	01	-
85	Malout	SAD	01	-
86	Muktsar	INC	-	01
87	Faridkot	SAD	01	-
88	Kotkapura	SAD	01	-
89	Jaitu	INC	01	-
90	Rampura Phul	SAD	01	-
91	Bhucho Mandi	INC	01	-
92	Bathinda Urban	SAD	01	-
93	Bathinda Rural	SAD	01	-
94	Talwandi Sabo	INC	01	-
95	Maur	SAD	01	-
96	Mansa	SAD	-	01
97	Sardulgarh	INC	01	-
98	Budhlada	SAD	01	-
99	Lehra	INC	-	01
100	Dirba	SAD	01	-
101	Sunam	SAD	01	-
102	Bhadaur	INC	01	-
103	Barnala	INC	01	-
104	Mehal kalan	INC	-	01
105	Malerkotla	SAD	01	-
106	Amargarh	SAD	01	-
107	Dhuri	INC	01	-
108	Sangrur	SAD	01	-
109	Nabha	INC	01	-
110	Patiala Rural	INC	01	-
111	Rajpura	INC	01	-
112	Dera Bassi	SAD	01	-
113	Ghanaur	SAD	-	01
114	Sanour	INC	01	-
115	Patiala	INC	01	-
116	Samana	SAD	01	-
117	Shutrana	SAD	-	01
TOTAL		103	14	06

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

*Full name of parties are given in Annexure-I

Table No. 7.11 Party-wise performance of women candidates in Assembly Elections-2012 in Punjab

SN	Parties*	Women Candidates		% of women candidates to total Candidates
		Contested	Won	
1	BSP	06	-	5.13
2	BJP	03	02	14.29
3	CPI	01	-	8.33
4	INC	11	06	9.40
5	IND	45	-	10.79
6	CPM	-	-	0.00
7	SAD(M)	02	-	3.70
8	SSPD	-	-	0.00
9	BSA	01	-	20.00
10	NCP	01	-	20.00
11	SHS			0.00
12	PPOP	03		3.26
13	SAD	10	06	10.64
14	BSP(A)	01	-	5.88
15	RBCP	01	-	5.88
16	BGTD	-	-	0.00
17	BCP	-	-	0.00
18	DCP	-	-	0.00
19	LJP	05	-	19.23
20	DBSP	01	-	12.50
21	RVLP	-	-	0.00
22	ADJSP	-	-	0.00
23	BSP(K)	-	-	0.00
24	BHSVP	-	-	0.00
25	PLP	-	-	0.00
26	CPI(ML)(L)	-	-	0.00
27	JanSP	01	-	50.00
28	CPM	-	-	0.00
29	BRSP	-	-	0.00
30	SLP(L)	-	-	0.00
31	AISBJSMD	-	-	0.00
32	BhJasp	-	-	0.00
33	RJD	-	-	0.00
34	ARWP	01	-	50.00
35	ABSR	-	-	0.00
36	RASAP	-	-	0.00
37	MB(S)P	-	-	0.00
38	AIKMM	-	-	0.00
TOTAL		93	14	8.63

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

*Full name of parties are given in Annexure-I

**Table No. 7.12 Gender wise number of electorates in
Assembly Elections-2012**

	Total Electorates	%age of Female Electorates to Total Electorates
Male	9297811	47.41
Female	8383556	
Total	17681367	

Source: Election Commission, Punjab

Table No 7.13 Women's autonomy (States/UTs)

State/UT	% involved in decision making on				% who participate		% with access to money
	Own Health Care	Making major household purchases	Purchasing daily household needs	Visits to her family and relatives	In all four decision	In none of the four decisions	
Andhra Pradesh	61.8	52.7	60.4	66.5	40.4	24.3	66.6
Arunachal	68.7	74.1	86.7	90.4	53.5	2.7	57.7
Assam	80.0	72.0	70.0	80.9	60.9	11.6	38.6
Bihar	53.4	50.6	58.4	54.4	32.7	27.2	66.8
Chhattisgarh	47.9	67.3	63.4	61.2	26.8	18.4	42.4
Delhi	74.2	67.3	75.7	74.9	52.0	10.4	73.5
Goa	67.5	67.3	74.6	84.5	47.0	7.5	99.0
Gujarat	63.2	53.3	66.2	70.4	36.6	13.1	77.7
Haryana	71.7	54.7	60.8	69.2	41.7	13.2	47.9
Himachal Pradesh	66.5	56.5	61.5	58.3	39.2	17.4	51.0
Jammu & Kashmir	43.5	44.9	46.9	43.4	25.2	37.3	77.3
Jharkhand	61.2	59.8	64.7	65.5	41.8	19.5	74.6
Karnataka	53.3	50.5	56.4	55.9	35.2	26.9	82.4
Kerala	75.3	61.8	65.9	78.4	47.2	10.8	47.7
Madhya Pradesh	51.7	48.3	54.9	50.2	29.4	27.1	45.7
Maharashtra	67.8	61.2	70.6	74.2	45.4	12.7	61.1
Manipur	87.4	81.4	85.2	86.0	69.4	3.4	40.0
Meghalaya	87.5	82.5	84.1	87.3	77.3	9.3	52.2
Mizoram	91.9	79.6	86.0	89.5	70.4	2.3	27.6
Nagaland	90.7	82.1	87.2	93.7	73.1	1.4	43.9
Orissa	64.7	57.8	61.3	63.6	41.8	17.0	46.0
Punjab	76.8	48.2	56.5	68.5	37.4	11.2	41.1
Rajasthan	51.9	40.5	49.2	44.0	22.8	31.4	40.2
Sikkim	79.5	76.6	78.3	83.7	58.7	5.5	57.8
Tamil Nadu	73.2	63.3	77.8	76.7	48.8	8.2	41.2
Uttrakhand	60.8	49.4	56.4	56.0	36.0	24.6	56.2
Uttar Pradesh	64.2	52.9	55.6	50.3	33.7	22.0	73.1
West Bengal	59.6	37.5	46.9	48.4	23.9	25.7	51.5
All India	62.2	52.9	60.1	60.5	31.6	24.4	59.6

Source: National Family Health Survey-III, 2005-06

Note: Figures given the percentage of currently married women involved in household decision making alone or jointly with their husbands, and percentage with access to money by selected background characteristics for States/UTs during 2005-06.

Table No. 7.14 Women's participation in polls in States/UTs - 2004

State/UT	Women Electors	Women Voters	Poll (%)	
			Women	Total
Andhra Pradesh	25791224	17384444	67.40	69.95
Arunachal Pradesh	332470	183909	55.32	56.35
Assam	7193283	4701710	65.36	69.11
Bihar	23506264	12134913	51.62	58.02
Chhattisgarh	6814700	3100827	45.50	52.09
Goa	465320	264934	56.94	58.77
Gujarat	16333302	6543424	40.06	45.18
Haryana	5659926	3554361	62.80	65.72
Himachal Pradesh	2053167	1211994	59.03	59.71
Jammu & Kashmir	2899880	841489	29.02	35.2
Jharkhand	7898175	3801786	48.13	55.69
Karnataka	18986838	11962519	63.00	65.14
Kerala	10957045	7567329	69.06	71.45
Madhya Pradesh	18361940	7124280	38.80	48.09
Maharashtra	30223732	15263748	50.50	54.38
Manipur	790456	512834	64.88	67.41
Meghalaya	640720	377125	58.86	52.69
Mizoram	276505	170000	61.48	63.6
Nagaland	494319	446002	90.23	91.77
Orissa	12460298	7929405	63.64	66.06
Punjab	7963105	4794658	60.21	61.59
Rajasthan	16563357	7290569	44.02	49.97
Sikkim	136199	102890	75.54	77.95
Tamil Nadu	23982970	13642797	56.89	60.81
Tripura	954854	604452	63.30	67.08
Uttar Pradesh	50295882	20720447	41.20	48.16
Uttrakhand	2724433	1197917	43.97	48.07
West Bengal	22639342	17066370	75.38	78.04
A & N Islands	110143	70284	63.81	63.66
Chandigarh	235246	117886	50.11	51.14
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	57622	40904	70.99	69.04
Daman & Diu	39637	29751	75.06	70.16
Delhi	3809550	1697944	44.57	47.09
Lakshadweep	19153	16122	84.17	81.52
Pondicherry	326009	244202	74.91	76.07
All India	321997066	172714226	53.64	58.07

Source: Election Commission of India, General Elections, 2004 (14th Lok Sabha)

Note: Women Voters also include participation in subsequent bye-election

1. Figure is for undivided state

a. Electors figure relate to general elections to State Assembly held after Lok Sabha General Election in 2004 (11th issue of Women & Men in India, 2007)

Table No. 7.15 Statistics regarding Panchayats in Punjab 2011-12

SN	District	No. of Panchayats	No. of Panchayats in which		No. of Members Elected		
			<i>Harijan Sarpanch elected</i>	<i>Ladies Sarpanch elected</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Harijan</i>	<i>Ladies</i>
1	Gurdaspur	1260	194	424	2616	1117	472
2	Pathankot	399	96	121	1797	594	840
3	Amritsar	817	258	473	5139	1645	546
4	Tarn Taran	534	112	59	736	171	427
5	Kapurthala	549	176	198	3193	730	347
6	Jalandhar	901	474	353	5545	2621	1996
7	S.B.S. Nagar	458	122	60	637	182	332
8	Hoshiarpur	1362	485	293	7821	2821	1892
9	Rupnagar	590	105	144	3350	603	946
10	S.A.S. Nagar	357	64	115	1895	489	664
11	Ludhiana	908	216	92	5953	1422	2023
12	Ferozpur	752	157	205	4141	802	1183
13	Fazilka	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Faridkot	190	39	74	1364	335	176
15	Shri Muktsar Sahib	263	72	39	2017	665	273
16	Moga	337	111	115	862	773	225
17	Bathinda	314	68	105	2469	547	816
18	Mansa	244	76	79	1839	592	595
19	Sangrur	585	177	194	4161	1276	1368
20	Barnala	156	40	58	1201	274	366
21	Patiala	979	294	387	5909	1646	2063
22	Fatehgarh Sahib	431	109	110	2476	757	727
	Total	12386	3445	3698	65121	20055	18278

Source: Statistical Abstract of Punjab

Chapter-8

International Comparison of Development Indicators

**Table 8.1 Population Size and Sex Ratio in 30 Most Populated Countries –
Last update: June 2011**

Country or area	Population (in thousands)			Sex ratio
	Total	Women	Men	Women/100 men
China ⁴	1347565	647934	699631	93
India	1241492	600477	641015	94
United States of America	313085	158524	154562	103
Indonesia	242326	121507	120819	101
Brazil	196655	99910	96745	103
Pakistan	176745	86937	89808	97
Nigeria	162471	80199	82271	97
Bangladesh	150494	74338	76155	98
Russian Federation	142836	76773	66063	116
Japan	126497	64888	61609	105
Mexico	114793	58181	56612	103
Philippines	94852	47285	47567	99
Viet Nam	88792	44886	43906	102
Ethiopia	84734	42562	42172	101
Egypt	82537	41095	41442	99
Germany	82163	41870	40293	104
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	74799	36866	37933	97
Turkey	73640	36916	36724	101
Thailand	69519	35361	34157	104
Democratic Republic of the Congo	67758	34057	33701	101
France	63126	32401	30725	105
United Kingdom	62417	31683	30734	103
Italy	60789	31024	29764	104
South Africa	50460	25458	25002	102
Republic of Korea	48391	24270	24121	101
Myanmar	48337	24517	23819	103
Colombia	46927	23847	23080	103
Spain ²⁰	46455	23507	22947	102
United Republic of Tanzania ²³	46218	23125	23094	100
Ukraine	45190	24403	20787	117

Source: UNSD

Note: 4 = For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

20 = Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

23 = Including Zanzibar.

Table no. 8.2 Composition of the Population for Countries with high share of Aged Women: Last update: June 2011

Country	Year	Percentage of population		
		Under 15 years	60+ years	
		Total	Men	Women
Japan	2011	13	16	42
Italy	2011	14	14	37
Germany	2011	13	13	36
Finland ⁸	2011	16	13	34
Latvia	2011	14	9	34
Estonia	2011	16	9	34
Sweden	2011	17	14	33
Greece	2011	15	13	33
France	2011	18	12	33
Bulgaria	2011	14	12	33
Belgium	2011	17	12	33
Croatia	2011	15	11	32
Portugal	2011	15	12	32
Austria	2011	15	12	32
Slovenia	2011	14	11	32
Hungary	2011	15	10	32
Monaco	2000*	13	26	32 e
Norfolk Island	2006*	14	31	31 b
Switzerland	2011	15	12	31
Spain ¹⁸	2011	15	12	31
Lithuania	2011	15	9	31
Denmark	2011	18	12	30
United Kingdom	2011	17	12	30
Czech Republic	2011	14	11	30
Channel Islands ³	2011	15	12	30
Ukraine	2011	14	8	30
Netherlands	2011	18	12	29
Norway ¹⁴	2011	19	11	29
Malta	2011	15	11	28
Poland	2011	15	9	28
India	2011	30	4	9

Source: UNSD

b = De facto population count.

e = De jure population count.

3 = Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

8 = Including Åland Islands

14 = Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

18 = Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

Table 8.3 Life Expectancy: Countries with Low and High Expectancies of Life:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Life expectancy at birth		Life expectancy at age 60 years	
		Women	Men	Women	Men
Lesotho	2010-2015	48	50	17	15
Swaziland	2010-2015	49	50	17	15
Sierra Leone	2010-2015	49	48	11	11
Afghanistan	2010-2015	49	49	15	14
Zambia	2010-2015	50	49	17	16
Guinea-Bissau	2010-2015	50	47	16	15
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2010-2015	51	47	16	15
Central African Republic	2010-2015	51	48	16	15
Botswana	2010-2015	51	54	18	16
Chad	2010-2015	52	49	16	14
Mozambique	2010-2015	52	50	17	16
Burundi	2010-2015	53	50	16	15
Zimbabwe	2010-2015	53	54	19	17
Equatorial Guinea	2010-2015	53	50	16	15
Mali	2010-2015	53	51	14	13
Angola	2010-2015	53	50	16	15
Nigeria	2010-2015	53	52	17	15
Somalia	2010-2015	53	50	16	15
Cameroon	2010-2015	54	51	17	16
South Africa	2010-2015	54	53	18	14
Malawi	2010-2015	55	55	18	16
Uganda	2010-2015	55	54	17	16
Niger	2010-2015	56	55	15	14
Guinea	2010-2015	56	53	17	16
Burkina Faso	2010-2015	57	55	15	15
Rwanda	2010-2015	57	54	17	16
Nauru	2006 a	57	55	...	...
Côte d'Ivoire	2010-2015	58	55	17	16
Liberia	2010-2015	59	56	16	15
Benin	2010-2015	59	55	17	16
Kenya	2010-2015	59	57	18	17
Congo	2010-2015	59	57	18	16
Togo	2010-2015	59	56	18	16
Djibouti	2010-2015	60	57	16	15
Gambia	2010-2015	60	58	14	13
United Republic of Tanzania ²²	2010-2015	60	58	18	17
Senegal	2010-2015	61	59	14	13
Mauritania	2010-2015	61	57	15	14
Ethiopia	2010-2015	62	58	18	16
Namibia	2010-2015	63	62	19	17
Kiribati	2005*	63	59	16	13
Comoros	2010-2015	63	60	17	15
Sudan ²⁰	2010-2015	64	60	18	16
Haiti	2010-2015	64	61	17	16
Timor-Leste	2010-2015	64	62	17	15
Gabon	2010-2015	64	62	19	18
Eritrea	2010-2015	64	60	17	13
Cambodia	2010-2015	65	62	17	16
Tuvalu	1997-2002*	65	62	17	14
Papua New Guinea	2010-2015	66	61	17	14
Ghana	2010-2015	66	64	19	18

Table 8.3 (Contd.) Life Expectancy: Countries with Low and High Expectancies of Life:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Life expectancy at birth		Life expectancy at age 60 years	
		Women	Men	Women	Men
Sao Tome and Principe	2010-2015	66	64	18	17
Pakistan	2010-2015	67	65	18	17
India	2010-2015	68	64	18	16
Yemen	2010-2015	68	65	18	16
Myanmar	2010-2015	68	64	18	16
Madagascar	2010-2015	69	65	19	18
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	2010-2015	69	65	19	17
Turkmenistan	2010-2015	69	61	19	15
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2010-2015	69	66	18	16
Bhutan	2010-2015	70	66	19	18
Solomon Islands	2010-2015	70	67	18	16
Nepal	2010-2015	70	68	18	17
Western Sahara	2010-2015	70	66	18	16
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	2010-2015	70	68	18	17
Bangladesh	2010-2015	70	69	18	18
Tokelau	1990 a	70	68	...	...
Marshall Islands	2004*	71	67	...	...
Saint Kitts and Nevis	1998*	71	68	18	17
Tajikistan	2010-2015	71	65	21	16
Greenland	2004-2008*	72	67	18	15
Indonesia	2010-2015	72	68	19	17
Uzbekistan	2010-2015	72	66	20	17
Palau	2005 a	72	66	...	...
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	2010-2015	72	66	19	14
Fiji	2010-2015	72	67	19	15
Kyrgyzstan	2010-2015	72	64	19	15
Philippines	2010-2015	73	66	19	16
Iraq	2010-2015	73	68	20	17
Mongolia	2010-2015	73	65	20	16
Kazakhstan	2010-2015	73	62	19	14
Guyana	2010-2015	73	67	21	17
Republic of Moldova ¹⁶	2010-2015	73	66	19	15
Vanuatu	2010-2015	74	70	19	17
Azerbaijan ²	2010-2015	74	68	20	16
Trinidad and Tobago	2010-2015	74	67	21	16
Suriname	2010-2015	74	68	20	17
Ukraine	2010-2015	75	64	20	15
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	2010-2015	75	70	20	17
Occupied Palestinian Territory ¹⁵	2010-2015	75	72	20	17
Morocco	2010-2015	75	70	20	17
Paraguay	2010-2015	75	71	22	20
Algeria	2010-2015	75	72	20	18
Russian Federation	2010-2015	75	63	21	15
Lebanon	2010-2015	75	71	20	17
Guatemala	2010-2015	75	68	22	20
Jordan	2010-2015	75	72	20	19
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2010-2015	75	72	20	20
Tonga	2010-2015	75	70	21	16
Egypt	2010-2015	76	72	20	17
Saudi Arabia	2010-2015	76	73	20	19
China ⁴	2010-2015	76	72	21	18

Table 8.3 (Contd.) Life Expectancy: Countries with Low and High Expectancies of Life:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Life expectancy at birth		Life expectancy at age 60 years	
		Women	Men	Women	Men
Wallis and Futuna Islands	2005-2008 a	76	73	...	...
Kuwait	2010-2015	76	74	18	18
Honduras	2010-2015	76	71	23	20
Jamaica	2010-2015	76	71	22	20
Niue	2006*	76	67	...	...
Samoa	2010-2015	76	70	21	16
Bahrain	2010-2015	76	75	19	18
American Samoa	2006*	76	69	...	...
Cook Islands	2001-2006 a	76	70	...	...
Belarus	2010-2015	76	65	21	14
Oman	2010-2015	76	71	19	16
Dominican Republic	2010-2015	77	71	24	21
Turkey	2010-2015	77	72	21	18
Malaysia ¹¹	2010-2015	77	73	20	18
Mauritius ¹²	2010-2015	77	70	21	17
Peru	2010-2015	77	72	23	20
Saint Helena ¹⁷	1998-2007*	77	71	21	17
Serbia ¹⁸	2010-2015	77	72	21	18
Tunisia	2010-2015	77	73	21	18
El Salvador	2010-2015	77	68	23	21
Bulgaria	2010-2015	77	70	21	17
TFYR of Macedonia ²¹	2010-2015	77	73	21	18
Georgia ⁹	2010-2015	77	71	22	17
Armenia	2010-2015	77	71	22	18
Montenegro	2010-2015	77	73	21	18
Turks and Caicos Islands	2001*	77	79	20	24
Brazil	2010-2015	77	71	23	20
Viet Nam	2010-2015	77	73	23	20
Nicaragua	2010-2015	77	71	23	20
Saint Lucia	2010-2015	78	72	23	18
Colombia	2010-2015	78	70	22	20
Cape Verde	2010-2015	78	71	22	17
Grenada	2010-2015	78	74	22	19
Syrian Arab Republic	2010-2015	78	74	21	19
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2010-2015	78	72	22	20
Aruba	2010-2015	78	73	22	18
Thailand	2010-2015	78	71	22	19
Belize	2010-2015	78	75	23	21
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2010-2015	78	73	22	18
Romania	2010-2015	78	71	22	17
United Arab Emirates	2010-2015	78	76	21	20
French Polynesia	2010-2015	78	73	22	18
Qatar	2010-2015	78	79	21	22
Lithuania	2010-2015	78	67	22	16
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2010-2015	78	73	22	18
Sri Lanka	2010-2015	78	72	22	19
Hungary	2010-2015	78	71	22	17
Latvia	2010-2015	79	69	22	17
Maldives	2010-2015	79	76	21	20
Guam	2010-2015	79	74	22	19
Bahamas	2010-2015	79	73	23	18

Table 8.3 (Contd.) Life Expectancy: Countries with Low and High Expectancies of Life:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Life expectancy at birth		Life expectancy at age 60 years	
		Women	Men	Women	Men
Ecuador	2010-2015	79	73	24	21
Panama	2010-2015	79	74	23	21
Slovakia	2010-2015	80	72	22	17
Mexico	2010-2015	80	75	23	21
Netherlands Antilles ¹³	2010-2015	80	74	23	20
Northern Mariana Islands	2009*	80	74	...	...
Argentina	2010-2015	80	72	24	19
Estonia	2010-2015	80	70	23	17
Isle of Man	1996*	80	74	22	19
Barbados	2010-2015	80	74	23	19
Croatia	2010-2015	80	73	23	18
Albania	2010-2015	80	74	24	19
New Caledonia	2010-2015	80	74	24	19
French Guiana	2010-2015	81	73	24	18
Poland	2010-2015	81	72	23	18
Brunei Darussalam	2010-2015	81	76	24	21
Uruguay	2010-2015	81	74	24	19
Czech Republic	2010-2015	81	75	23	19
United States of America	2010-2015	81	76	25	22
Cuba	2010-2015	81	77	24	22
Denmark	2010-2015	81	77	24	21
Mayotte	2010-2015	82	74	24	22
Réunion	2010-2015	82	74	24	22
Costa Rica	2010-2015	82	77	25	22
Cyprus ⁷	2010-2015	82	78	24	20
Malta	2010-2015	82	78	24	21
Chile	2010-2015	82	76	25	21
Channel Islands ³	2010-2015	82	78	25	21
United Kingdom	2010-2015	82	78	25	22
United States Virgin Islands	2010-2015	83	77	26	20
Greece	2010-2015	83	78	25	22
Luxembourg	2010-2015	83	78	25	21
Portugal	2010-2015	83	77	25	21
New Zealand	2010-2015	83	79	25	22
Netherlands	2010-2015	83	79	25	22
Belgium	2010-2015	83	77	25	21
Slovenia	2010-2015	83	76	25	20
Germany	2010-2015	83	78	25	22
Ireland	2010-2015	83	78	25	22
Puerto Rico	2010-2015	83	75	26	21
Finland ⁸	2010-2015	83	77	26	22
Gibraltar	2001*	83	79	...	...
Norway ¹⁴	2010-2015	83	79	26	22
Canada	2010-2015	83	79	26	22
Austria	2010-2015	84	78	26	22
Guadeloupe ¹⁰	2010-2015	84	76	26	22
Sweden	2010-2015	84	80	26	22
Martinique	2010-2015	84	77	26	22
Singapore	2010-2015	84	79	25	22

Table 8.3 (Concl.) Life Expectancy: Countries with Low and High Expectancies of Life:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Life expectancy at birth		Life expectancy at age 60 years	
		Women	Men	Women	Men
Iceland	2010-2015	84	80	26	23
China, Macao SAR ⁶	2010-2015	84	79	25	22
Republic of Korea	2010-2015	84	77	26	21
San Marino	2000*	84	77	26	21
Israel	2010-2015	84	80	26	23
Australia ¹	2010-2015	84	80	26	23
Italy	2010-2015	85	79	26	22
Switzerland	2010-2015	85	80	27	23
Spain ¹⁹	2010-2015	85	79	27	22
France	2010-2015	85	78	27	22
China, Hong Kong SAR ⁵	2010-2015	86	80	28	23
Japan	2010-2015	87	80	29	23

Source: UNSD

... Not available.

* Data from official national life tables compiled by the United Nations Demographic Yearbook system.

a Data published by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community.

1 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

2 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

3 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 Including Northern-Cyprus.

8 Including Åland Islands.

9 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

10 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

11 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

12 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

13 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

14 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

15 Including East Jerusalem.

16 Including Transnistria.

17 Excluding the dependencies of Ascension and Tristan da Cunha.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 Including Southern Sudan which voted in favor of independence, but was not an official UN Member State as of May 2011.

21 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

22 Including Zanzibar.

Table 8.4 Maternal Mortality and Infant Mortality: Highs and Lows:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Maternal Mortality Ratio		Infant Mortality Rate	
		Estimate	Range	Year	Total
Afghanistan	2008	1400+	[740-2600]	2010-2015	125
Chad	2008	1200	[670-2100]	2010-2015	124
Somalia	2008	1200+	[510-2800]	2010-2015	100
Guinea-Bissau	2008	1000+	[440-2300]	2010-2015	110
Liberia	2008	990+	[520-1800]	2010-2015	77
Burundi	2008	970+	[410-2300]	2010-2015	94
Sierra Leone	2008	970+	[530-1800]	2010-2015	103
Central African Republic	2008	850+	[490-1400]	2010-2015	96
Nigeria	2008	840+	[460-1500]	2010-2015	88
Mali	2008	830	[520-1400]	2010-2015	92
Niger	2008	820+	[470-1400]	2010-2015	86
United Republic of Tanzania ²²	2008	790	[470-1300]	2010-2015	54
Zimbabwe	2008	790+	[410-1200]	2010-2015	47
Sudan ²⁰	2008	750+	[420-1300]	2010-2015	57
Guinea	2008	680	[390-1100]	2010-2015	84
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2008	670+	[340-1300]	2010-2015	109
Angola	2008	610+	[270-1400]	2010-2015	96
Cameroon	2008	600	[360-960]	2010-2015	85
Congo	2008	580	[330-1000]	2010-2015	67
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2008	580+	[320-1000]	2010-2015	37
Burkina Faso	2008	560	[330-950]	2010-2015	71
Mauritania	2008	550	[300-980]	2010-2015	70
Mozambique	2008	550	[310-870]	2010-2015	78
Rwanda	2008	540	[320-910]	2010-2015	93
Kenya	2008	530	[320-850]	2010-2015	58
Lesotho	2008	530	[260-850]	2010-2015	62
Malawi	2008	510	[300-760]	2010-2015	86
Côte d'Ivoire	2008	470+	[290-730]	2010-2015	69
Ethiopia	2008	470	[270-790]	2010-2015	63
Zambia	2008	470	[250-680]	2010-2015	81
Madagascar	2008	440	[270-700]	2010-2015	41
Uganda	2008	430	[240-670]	2010-2015	72
Swaziland	2008	420+	[180-800]	2010-2015	65
Benin	2008	410+	[250-690]	2010-2015	77
Senegal	2008	410	[240-680]	2010-2015	50
South Africa	2008	410	[240-610]	2010-2015	46
Gambia	2008	400+	[190-910]	2010-2015	66
Nepal	2008	380	[210-650]	2010-2015	32
Timor-Leste	2008	370+	[150-860]	2010-2015	56
Ghana	2008	350+	[210-600]	2010-2015	44
Togo	2008	350	[210-600]	2010-2015	67
Bangladesh	2008	340	[170-660]	2010-2015	42
Comoros	2008	340+	[140-780]	2010-2015	63
Djibouti	2008	300+	[140-610]	2010-2015	75
Haiti	2008	300	[180-520]	2010-2015	58
Cambodia	2008	290	[180-480]	2010-2015	53
Equatorial Guinea	2008	280+	[130-630]	2010-2015	93

Table 8.4 (Contd.) Maternal Mortality and Infant Mortality: Highs and Lows:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Maternal Mortality Ratio		Infant Mortality Rate	
		Estimate	Range	Year	Total
Eritrea	2008	280+	[160-510]	2010-2015	48
Guyana	2008	270+	[180-410]	2010-2015	37
Gabon	2008	260	[150-420]	2010-2015	44
Pakistan	2008	260+	[140-490]	2010-2015	66
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	2008	250+	[84-690]	2010-2015	25
Papua New Guinea	2008	250+	[110-560]	2010-2015	44
Indonesia	2008	240	[140-380]	2010-2015	25
Myanmar	2008	240	[140-410]	2010-2015	45
India	2008	230	[150-350]	2010-2015	48
Yemen	2008	210+	[110-400]	2010-2015	44
Bhutan	2008	200+	[110-370]	2010-2015	38
Botswana	2008	190+	[84-380]	2010-2015	35
Bolivia	2008	180	[120-280]	2010-2015	41
Namibia	2008	180+	[93-270]	2010-2015	30
Ecuador	2008	140+	[81-230]	2010-2015	19
Algeria	2008	120+	[61-220]	2010-2015	21
El Salvador	2008	110+	[71-170]	2010-2015	19
Guatemala	2008	110+	[56-190]	2010-2015	26
Honduras	2008	110	[71-180]	2010-2015	24
Morocco	2008	110	[63-190]	2010-2015	29
Dominican Republic	2008	100	[62-170]	2010-2015	22
Nicaragua	2008	100	[57-180]	2010-2015	18
Solomon Islands	2008	100+	[44-240]	2010-2015	35
Suriname	2008	100	[86-110]	2010-2015	20
Peru	2008	98	[62-160]	2010-2015	18
Paraguay	2008	95	[57-150]	2010-2015	27
Belize	2008	94	[56-140]	2010-2015	16
Cape Verde	2008	94+	[39-210]	2010-2015	18
Philippines	2008	94+	[61-140]	2010-2015	21
Jamaica	2008	89+	[60-120]	2010-2015	22
Colombia	2008	85+	[74-94]	2010-2015	17
Mexico	2008	85	[74-95]	2010-2015	14
Egypt	2008	82	[51-130]	2010-2015	22
Kyrgyzstan	2008	81+	[50-130]	2010-2015	33
Turkmenistan	2008	77+	[33-190]	2010-2015	49
Iraq	2008	75+	[41-140]	2010-2015	33
Panama	2008	71+	[58-84]	2010-2015	16
Argentina	2008	70	[61-77]	2010-2015	12
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2008	68	[59-75]	2010-2015	15
Mongolia	2008	65	[27-150]	2010-2015	31
Barbados	2008	64	[55-72]	2010-2015	12
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2008	64+	[26-140]	2010-2015	13
Tajikistan	2008	64+	[29-140]	2010-2015	51
Tunisia	2008	60+	[32-110]	2010-2015	18
Jordan	2008	59	[35-100]	2010-2015	19
Brazil	2008	58	[38-87]	2010-2015	19
Viet Nam	2008	56+	[27-120]	2010-2015	18

Table 8.4 (Contd.) Maternal Mortality and Infant Mortality: Highs and Lows:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Maternal Mortality Ratio		Infant Mortality Rate	
		Estimate	Range	Year	Total
Trinidad and Tobago	2008	55	[35-82]	2010-2015	24
Cuba	2008	53	[36-76]	2010-2015	5
Bahamas	2008	49	[38-57]	2010-2015	14
Georgia ⁹	2008	48+	[30-76]	2010-2015	26
Thailand	2008	48	[32-68]	2010-2015	11
Syrian Arab Republic	2008	46+	[20-100]	2010-2015	14
Kazakhstan	2008	45+	[34-61]	2010-2015	24
Costa Rica	2008	44	[24-82]	2010-2015	9
Russian Federation	2008	39	[33-46]	2010-2015	11
Sri Lanka	2008	39	[26-57]	2010-2015	11
Azerbaijan ²	2008	38+	[24-60]	2010-2015	38
China ⁶	2008	38	[23-60]	2010-2015	20
Maldives	2008	37+	[21-64]	2010-2015	8
Mauritius ¹²	2008	36	[30-41]	2010-2015	12
Republic of Moldova ¹⁶	2008	32	[28-35]	2010-2015	14
Albania	2008	31+	[19-50]	2010-2015	17
Malaysia ¹¹	2008	31	[14-68]	2010-2015	7
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2008	30	[18-50]	2010-2015	23
Uzbekistan	2008	30	[25-35]	2010-2015	44
Armenia	2008	29+	[18-45]	2010-2015	24
Romania	2008	27	[17-44]	2010-2015	12
Uruguay	2008	27	[22-33]	2010-2015	12
Chile	2008	26	[15-43]	2010-2015	7
Fiji	2008	26+	[14-48]	2010-2015	17
Lebanon	2008	26+	[14-48]	2010-2015	20
Ukraine	2008	26	[20-33]	2010-2015	12
Saudi Arabia	2008	24	[13-45]	2010-2015	16
United States of America	2008	24	[20-27]	2010-2015	6
Turkey	2008	23	[15-36]	2010-2015	20
Brunei Darussalam	2008	21+	[13-34]	2010-2015	5
Latvia	2008	20	[18-23]	2010-2015	7
Oman	2008	20+	[9-45]	2010-2015	8
Bahrain	2008	19	[11-30]	2010-2015	7
Puerto Rico	2008	18	[12-26]	2010-2015	7
Republic of Korea	2008	18	[16-20]	2010-2015	4
Slovenia	2008	18	[15-20]	2010-2015	3
Luxembourg	2008	17	[15-19]	2010-2015	2
Belarus	2008	15	[12-20]	2010-2015	6
Montenegro	2008	15	[8-26]	2010-2015	8
Croatia	2008	14	[11-17]	2010-2015	6
New Zealand	2008	14	[12-15]	2010-2015	5
Bulgaria	2008	13	[11-15]	2010-2015	9
Hungary	2008	13	[10-17]	2010-2015	5
Lithuania	2008	13	[11-16]	2010-2015	6
Canada	2008	12	[7-20]	2010-2015	5
Estonia	2008	12	[9-14]	2010-2015	4
United Kingdom	2008	12	[11-14]	2010-2015	5

Table 8.4 (Concl.) Maternal Mortality and Infant Mortality: Highs and Lows:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Maternal Mortality Ratio		Infant Mortality Rate	
		Estimate	Range	Year	Total
Cyprus ⁷	2008	10	[4-23]	2010-2015	4
Switzerland	2008	10	[8-11]	2010-2015	4
United Arab Emirates	2008	10+	[4-24]	2010-2015	7
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2008	9	[5-16]	2010-2015	13
Kuwait	2008	9	[8-10]	2010-2015	8
Netherlands	2008	9	[7-10]	2010-2015	4
Singapore	2008	9	[8-10]	2010-2015	2
TFYR of Macedonia ²¹	2008	9	[6-14]	2010-2015	13
Australia ¹	2008	8	[6-10]	2010-2015	4
Czech Republic	2008	8	[5-12]	2010-2015	3
Finland ⁸	2008	8	[7-8]	2010-2015	3
France	2008	8	[5-14]	2010-2015	3
Malta	2008	8	[7-9]	2010-2015	5
Qatar	2008	8	[4-19]	2010-2015	8
Serbia ¹⁸	2008	8	[7-9]	2010-2015	11
Germany	2008	7	[6-8]	2010-2015	3
Israel	2008	7	[6-7]	2010-2015	3
Norway ¹⁴	2008	7	[4-12]	2010-2015	3
Portugal	2008	7	[5-10]	2010-2015	4
Japan	2008	6	[5-8]	2010-2015	3
Poland	2008	6	[2-13]	2010-2015	6
Slovakia	2008	6	[5-6]	2010-2015	6
Spain ¹⁹	2008	6	[5-7]	2010-2015	4
Austria	2008	5	[5-6]	2010-2015	4
Belgium	2008	5	[4-7]	2010-2015	4
Denmark	2008	5	[5-6]	2010-2015	4
Iceland	2008	5	[5-6]	2010-2015	2
Italy	2008	5	[4-6]	2010-2015	3
Sweden	2008	5	[3-8]	2010-2015	3
Ireland	2008	3	[2-3]	2010-2015	4
Greece	2008	2	[2-3]	2010-2015	4

Source: UNSD

a De jure estimate.

b De facto population count.

c De facto estimate.

d Refers to age group 65+.

e De jure population count.

2 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

7 Including Northern-Cyprus.

8 Including Åland Islands.

15 Including East Jerusalem.

16 Including Transnistria.

18 Including Kosovo.

22 Including Zanzibar.

Table no. 8.5 Literacy: Adult and Youth Literacy Rate:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Adults (15+) Literacy Rate		Literacy Gap	Youth (15-24) literacy rate		Literacy Gap
		Women	Men		Women	Men	
Yemen	2009 a	45	80	35	72	96	23
Guinea-Bissau	2009 a	38	67	29	64	78	15
Pakistan	2008	40	69	29	61	79	18
Mozambique	2009 a	41	70	29	64	78	14
Niger	2005	15	43	28	23	52	29
Central African Republic	2009 a	42	69	27	57	72	15
Bhutan	2005	39	65	26	68	80	12
Togo	2006	44	70	26	68	85	17
Angola	2009 a	58	83	25	66	81	15
Nepal	2009 a	47	72	25	77	87	10
Benin	2009 a	29	54	25	43	65	21
Morocco	2009	44	69	25	72	87	15
India	2006	51	75	24	74	88	14
Ethiopia	2005 a	18	42	24	33	56	23
Senegal	2009	39	62	23	56	74	18
Guinea	2009 a	28	51	23	54	68	14
Sierra Leone	2009 a	30	53	23	48	68	20
Nigeria	2009 a	50	72	22	65	78	13
Eritrea	2009 a	56	78	22	86	92	6
Gambia	2009 a	36	58	22	60	71	11
Chad	2009 a	23	44	21	39	54	15
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2009 a	57	77	21	62	69	7
Côte d'Ivoire	2009 a	45	65	19	61	72	11
Uganda	2006	62	81	19	81	87	6
Zambia	2009 a	61	81	19	67	82	14
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2005	63	82	19	79	89	10
Sudan	2009 a	61	80	19	83	89	6
Algeria	2006	64	81	17	89	94	5
Egypt	2006	58	75	17	82	88	6
Mali	2006	18	35	17	31	47	17
Iraq	2009 a	70	86	16	80	85	4
Cameroon	2007	63	79	16	77	89	12
Tunisia	2008	71	86	15	96	98	2
Burkina Faso	2007	22	37	15	33	47	14
Cambodia	2008	71	85	14	86	89	4
Mauritania	2009 a	50	65	14	64	71	7
Malawi	2009 a	67	81	14	86	87	1
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	2009 a	82	95	13	100	100	0
Ghana	2009 a	60	73	12	79	81	2
Syrian Arab Republic	2009 a	78	90	12	93	96	3

Table no. 8.5 (Concl.) Literacy: Adult and Youth Literacy Rate:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Year	Adults (15+) Literacy Rate		Literacy Gap	Youth (15-24) literacy rate		Literacy Gap
		Women	Men		Women	Men	
United Republic of Tanzania	2009 a	67	79	12	76	78	2
Burundi	2009 a	61	73	12	76	77	1
Comoros	2009 a	69	80	11	85	86	1
Turkey	2009	85	96	11	97	99	2
Guatemala	2009 a	69	80	11	84	89	4
Peru	2007	85	95	10	97	98	1
Cape Verde	2009 a	80	90	10	99	97	-2
Sao Tome and Principe	2009 a	84	94	10	96	95	-1
Bangladesh	2009 a	51	61	10	77	74	-3
Liberia	2009 a	55	64	9	81	70	-11
Oman	2008	81	90	9	98	98	0
Saudi Arabia	2009 a	81	90	9	97	99	2
Haiti	2006 a	45	53	9	70	74	4
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2008	81	89	9	99	99	0

Source : UNSD

a UIS estimation.

Table no. 8.6 Women in Parliament:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Percentage of parliamentary seats in Single or Lower chamber occupied by women						
	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
Afghanistan	...	...	...	27	28	28	28
Albania	6	5	...	7	7	7	16
Algeria	7	3	6	7	8	8	8
Andorra	4	7	29	29	25	36	36
Angola	10	16	15	15	15	37	39
Antigua and Barbuda	5	5	11	11	11	11	11
Argentina	22	27	34	35	40	42	39
Armenia	...	3	5	9	9	8	9
Australia	10	22	25	25	27	27	25
Austria	24	27	34	32	33	28	28
Azerbaijan	2	12	11	11	11	11	16
Bahamas	8	15	20	12	12	12	12
Bahrain	...	...	0	3	3	3	3
Bangladesh	11	9	2	15 a	... b	19	19
Barbados	11	11	13	13	10	10	10
Belarus	...	5	29	29	29	32	32
Belgium	12	23	35	35	35	35	39
Belize	3	7	7	7	0	0	0
Benin	8	6	7	8	11	11	11
Bhutan	0	2	9	3	9	9	9
Bolivia	11	12	19	17	17	17	25
Bosnia and Herzegovina	4	29	17	14	12	12	17
Botswana	9	17	11	11	11	8	8
Brazil	7	6	9	9	9	9	9
Bulgaria	13	11	22	22	22	21	21
Burkina Faso	4	8	12	12	15	15	15
Burundi	...	14	31	31	31	31	32
Cambodia	6	7	10	10	10	21	21
Cameroon	12	6	9	...	14	14	14
Canada	18	20	21	21	21	22	22
Cape Verde	8	11	11	15	18	18	18
Central African Republic	4	7	...	11	11	11	10
Chad	16	2	7	7	5	5	5
Chile	8	11	13	15	15	15	14
China	21	22	20	20	21	21	21
Colombia	11	12	12	8	8	8	8 c
Comoros	0	...	3	3	3	3	3
Congo	2	12	9	...	7	7	7
Costa Rica	14	19	35	39	37	37	39
Cote d'Ivoire	5	...	9	9	9	9	9
Croatia	6	21	22	22	21	21	24
Cuba	23	28	36	36	43	43	43
Cyprus	4	7	16	14	14	14	13
Czech Republic	10	15	17	16	16	16	22
Democratic People's Rep. of Korea	20	20	20	20	20	16	16
Democratic Republic of the Congo	5	...	12	8	8	8	8

Table no. 8.6 (Contd.) Women in Parliament:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Percentage of parliamentary seats in Single or Lower chamber occupied by women						
	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
Denmark	33	37	37	37	38	38	38
Djibouti	0	0	11	11	14	14	14
Dominica	9	...	10	13	19	19	19
Dominican Republic	12	16	17	20	20	20	21
Ecuador	4	15	16	25	25	32	32
Egypt	2	2	3	2	2	2	2d
El Salvador	11	...	11	17	17	19	19
Equatorial Guinea	8	5	18	18	6	10	10
Eritrea	21	15	22	22	22	22	22
Estonia	13	18	19	22	21	21	23
Ethiopia	5	...	...	22	22	22	28
Fiji	4	...	9	...	...	...	0e
Finland	34	37	38	42	42	42	40
France	6	11	12	19	18	18	19
Gabon	6	9	9	13	17	17	15
Gambia	...	2	13	9	9	9	8
Georgia	6	7	9	9	6	5	7
Germany	26	31	33	32	32	33	33
Ghana	8	9	11	11	11	8	8
Greece	6	...	13	13	15	17	17
Grenada	20	27	27	27	13	13	13
Guatemala	8	9	8	8	12	12	12
Guinea	7	9	19	19	19	...	0e,f
Guinea-Bissau	10	8	14	14	14	10	10
Guyana	20	19	31	29	29	30	30
Haiti	...	...	4	4	4	4	4e
Honduras	7	9	6	23	23	23	18
Hungary	11	8	9	10	11	11	9
Iceland	25	35	30	32	33	43	43
India	8	9	8	8	9	11	11
Indonesia	12	8	11	11	12	18	18
Iran (Islamic Rep. of)	3	3	4	4	3	3	3
Iraq	11	8	32	26	26	26	25
Ireland	13	12	13	13	13	13	14
Israel	9	13	15	14	14	18	19
Italy	15	11	12	17	21	21	21
Jamaica	12	13	12	12	13	13	13
Japan	3	7	7	9	9	11	11
Jordan	1	0	6	6	6	6	11
Kazakhstan	...	10	10	10	16	16	18
Kenya	3	4	7	7	9	10	10
Kiribati	0	5	5	7	4	4	4
Kuwait	0	0	2	3 g	3 h	8	8
Kyrgyzstan	5	2	3	0	26	26	23
Lao People's Democratic Republic	9	21	23	25	25	25	25
Latvia	15	17	21	19	20	20	20

Table no. 8.6 (Contd.) Women in Parliament:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Percentage of parliamentary seats in Single or Lower chamber occupied by women						
	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
Lebanon	2	2	5	5	5	3	3
Lesotho	5	4	12	24	25	24	24
Liberia	6	8	5	13	13	13	13
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	...	...	5	8	8	8	8
Liechtenstein	8	4	24	24	24	24	24
Lithuania	7	18	22	25	23	18	19
Luxembourg	20	17	23	23	23	20	20
Madagascar	4	8	7	7	8	...	13
Malawi	6	8	14	14	13	21	21
Malaysia	8	10	9	9	11	11	10
Maldives	6	6	12	12	12	7	7
Mali	2	12	10	10	10	10	10
Malta	2	9	9	9	9	9	9
Marshall Islands	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Mauritania	0	4	4	18	22	22	22
Mauritius	3	8	17	17	17	17	19
Mexico	14	...	24	23	23	28	26
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monaco	6	22	21	21	25	25	26
Mongolia	4	...	7	7	3	4	4
Montenegro	...	...	...	9	11	6	11
Morocco	1	1	11	11	11	11	11
Mozambique	25	30	35	35	35	35	39
Namibia	18	25	27	27	27	27	24
Nauru	...	...	0	0	0	0	0
Nepal	...	6	6	17	33	33	33
Netherlands	31	36	37	37	39	41	41
New Zealand	21	31	28	32	33	34	34
Nicaragua	16	10	21	19	19	19	21
Niger	4	1	12	12	12	10	0 e
Nigeria	...	3	6	...	7	7	7
Norway	39	36	38	38	36	39	40
Oman	...	...	2	2	0	0	0
Pakistan	2	...	21	21	23	23	22
Palau	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Panama	8	10	17	17	17	9	9
Papua New Guinea	0	2	1	...	1	1	1
Paraguay	3	3	10	10	13	13	13
Peru	10	...	18	29	29	28	28
Philippines	9	11	15	23	21	18	21
Poland	13	13	20	20	20	20	20
Portugal	9	17	21	21	28	27	27
Qatar	...	...	...	0	0	0	0
Republic of Korea	2	4	13	13	14	14	15
Republic of Moldova	5	9	...	22	22	26	24 e
Romania	4	7	11	11	9	11	11

Table no. 8.6 (Contd.) Women in Parliament:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Percentage of parliamentary seats in Single or Lower chamber occupied by women						
	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
Russian Federation	13	8	10	10	14	14	14
Rwanda	17	17	49	49	49	56	56
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0	13	0	0	7	7	7
Saint Lucia	0	11	11	6 i	11	11	11
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	10	5	23	18	18	18	22
Samoa	4	8	6	6	8	8	8
San Marino	12	13	17	12	12	15	17
Sao Tome and Principe	7	9	9	7	2	7	18
Saudi Arabia	...	...	0	0	0	0	0
Senegal	12	12	19	22	22	22	23
Serbia	3	...	...	20	22	22	22
Seychelles	27	24	29	24	24	24	24
Sierra Leone	...	9	15	15	13	13	13
Singapore	4	4	16	25	25	25	23
Slovakia	15	14	17	19	19	19	15
Slovenia	14	10	12	12	12	13	14
Solomon Islands	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Somalia	...	...	8	8	8	6	7
South Africa	25	30	33	33	33	45	45
Spain	16	28	36	36	36	36	37
Sri Lanka	5	5	5	5	6	6	5
Sudan	8	...	10	18	18	18	26
Suriname	6	...	20	26	26	26	10
Swaziland	3	3	11	11	11	14	14
Sweden	40	43	45	47	47	47	45
Switzerland	18	23	25	25	29	29	29
Syrian Arab Republic	10	10	12	12	12	12	12
Tajikistan	3	15	18	18	18	18	19
Thailand	6	5	11	9	12	12	13
TFYR of Macedonia	3	7	19	28	32	28	33
Timor-Leste	...	...	25	28	29	29	29
Togo	1	5	7	9	11	11	11
Tonga	3	0	3	3	3	3	0 j
Trinidad and Tobago	19	11	19	19	27	27	29
Tunisia	7	12	23	23	23	28	28
Turkey	2	4	4	9	9	9	9
Turkmenistan	18	26	16	16	16	17	17
Tuvalu	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uganda	17	18	24	30	31	31	32
Ukraine	4	8	5	9	8	8	8
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	23	23	23	23
United Kingdom	10	18	20	20	20	20	22
United Republic of Tanzania	11	16	21	30	30	30	31 e
United States of America	11	13	15	16	17	17	17 k
Uruguay	7	12	11	11	12	14	15
Uzbekistan	6	7	18	18	18	18	22

Table no. 8.6 (Concl.) Women in Parliament:
Last update: June 2011

Country or area	Percentage of parliamentary seats in Single or Lower chamber occupied by women						
	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
Vanuatu	2	0	4	4	4	4	4
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	6	29	10	19	19	19	18 e
Viet Nam	18	26	27	26	26	26	26
Yemen	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Zambia	7	10	13	15	15	15	14
Zimbabwe	15	...	17	17	13	15	15

Source: UNSD

... Data not available.

a Bangladesh: In 2004, the number of seats in parliament was raised from 300 to 345, with the addition of 45 reserved seats for women. These reserved seats were filled in September and October 2005, being allocated to political parties in proportion to their share of the national vote received in the 2001 election.

b Bangladesh: The parliament was dissolved on 27 October 2006. Women held 52 of the 345 seats (15%) in the outgoing parliament.

c Refers to data as of 31 January 2010.

d Refers to data as of 31 October 2010.

e Refers to data as of 31 May 2010.

f Guinea: The parliament was dissolved following the December 2008 coup.

g Kuwait: No woman candidate was elected in the 2006 elections. One woman was appointed to the 16-member cabinet sworn in July 2006. A new cabinet sworn in March 2007 included two women. As cabinet ministers also sit in parliament, there are two women out of a total of 65 members.

h Kuwait: No woman candidate was elected in the 2008 elections. Two women were appointed to the 16-member cabinet sworn in June 2008. As cabinet ministers also sit in parliament, there are two women out of a total of 65 members.

i Saint Lucia: No woman was elected in the 2006 elections. However one woman was appointed Speaker of the House and therefore became a member of the House.

j Tonga: No women were elected in 2008, however one woman was appointed to the Cabinet. As cabinet ministers also sit in parliament, there is one woman out of a total of 32 members.

k United States of America: The total refers to all voting members of the House.

Name of Parties

Party Abbreviation	Party Name
SAD	Shiromani Akali Dal
NCP	National Congress Party
PLP	Punjab Labour Party
BJP	Bhartiya Janta Party
RVLP	Rashtriya Viklang Party
JanSP	Janral Samaj Party
AISBJSMD	All India Shiromani Baba Jiwan Singh Mazhabi Dal
SLP(L)	Socialist Patry (Lohia)
INC	Indian National Congress
BSP(A)	Bahujan Samaj Patry (Ambedkar)
BHJaSP	Bharti Jan Suraksha Party
ABSR	Akhil Bhartiya Shivsena Rashtrawadi
DCP	Democratic Congress Party
SAD(M)	Shiromani Akali Dal (Amritsar) (Simranjit Singh Mann)
DBSP	Democratic Bhartiya Smaj Party
RBCP	Rashtriya Bahujan Congress Party
PPOP	People's Party of Punjab
ARWP	Akhil Rashtrawadi Party
SHS	Shivsena
SSPD	Sarvajan Samaj Party
BCP	Bhartiya Chaitanya Party (Registered)
LJP	Lok Jan Shakti Party
ADJSPP	Adarsh Jan Shakti Party
BSP(K)	Bahujan Sangharsh Party (Kanshiram)
MB(S)P	Mool Bharati (S) Party
CPI	Communist Party of India
RASAP	Rashtriya Sahara Party
BSA	Bahujan Shakti Party
CPM	Communist Party of India (Marxist)
BRSP	Bhartiya Rashtravadi Samanta Party
BHSVP	Bahujan Samaj Vikas Party
BSP	Bahujan Samaj Party
AIKMM	All India Kisan Mazdoor Morcha
BGTD	Bhartiya Gaon Taj Dal
RJD	Rashtriya Janata Dal
IND	Independent
CPI(ML)(L)	Communist Party of India (Marxist-Leninist) (Liberation)

Concepts & Definitions

- **Sex Ratio** - Number of females per 1000 males
- **Annual Exponential Growth Rate** - $r = (\ln P(t+10) - \ln P(t))/10$
Where Ln stands for natural logarithm
P(t)= initial Population
P(t+10)= Population after 10 years
- **Birth Rate** - Number of births per 1000 population.
- **Death Rate** - The death rate is typically expressed in units of deaths per 1000 population per year.
- **Infant Mortality rate** - Number of Infant Deaths during the year per 1000 live births during the year.
- **Crude Death rate** - Crude Death rate is the total number of deaths to residents in a specified geographic area (Country, state, county, etc.) divided by the total population for the same geographic area (for a specified time period, usually a calendar year) and multiplied by 100,000.
- **Total Fertility rate** - Total fertility rate is defined as the average number of children that would be born to a woman if she experience the current fertility pattern throughout her reproductive span (15-49 years).
- **Age Specific fertility rate** - It is defined as the number of live births in a specific age group of women per thousand female population of that age group.
- **Maternal Mortality Rate** - It is the number of maternal deaths per 1,000 women of reproductive age in the population (generally defined as 15–44 years of age).
- **Total period fertility rate (TPFR)** - Total period fertility rate of a population is the average number of children that would be born to a woman over her lifetime.
- **Antenatal** - The care provided to the mother before occurrence of birth; prenatal.
Perinatal - Of, relating to, or being the period around childbirth, especially the five months before and one month after birth.
- **Postnatal care** -The care provided to women and new-borns for the first few months following birth.
- **Immunization** - Protection of susceptible patients from communicable diseases by administration of a living modified agent.
- **Life expectancy** - Life Expectancy is the expected (in the statistical sense) number of years of life remaining at a given age.

- **Main Worker** - A person who has worked for a major part of the year preceding the date of enumeration i.e. one who was engaged in any economically productive activity for 183 days or more i.e. six months or more, in previous year.
- **Marginal workers** - Marginal workers were those who worked any time at all in the year preceding the enumeration but did not work for a major part of the year, i.e., those who worked for less than 183 days (or six months).
- **Non-workers** - Non-workers was those who had not worked any time at all in the year preceding the date of enumeration.
- **Workers participation rate** - It is defined as the percentage of total workers (main and marginal) to total population.
- **Own Account establishment** - An enterprise run by the members of the household without hiring any worker on a fairly regular basis.
- **Literacy Rate** - Percentage of literates in the total population excluding 0-6 years of population.
- **Gross Enrolment ratio** - It is defined as the percentage of enrolment in classes I –IV, VI-VIII and VIII-X to the estimated children of 6 -10, 11-12 and 13-15 years respectively .
- **Net Enrolment ratio** - The Net Enrolment Ratio (NER) is defined as enrolment of the official age-group for a given level of education expressed as a percentage of the corresponding population.
- **Gender Parity Index (GPI)** - Gender Parity Index is a socioeconomic index usually designed to measure the relative access to education of males and females. In its simplest form, it is calculated as the quotient of the number of females by the number of males enrolled in a given stage of education (primary, secondary, etc.).
- **Dropout rate** - It is defined as percentage of number of children to total enrolment dropping out of the educational system in a particular year.
- **Juvenile' Delinquency** - Delinquency is a kind of abnormality. When an individual deviates from the course of normal social life, his behaviour is called "delinquency". When a juvenile, below an age specified under a statute exhibits behaviour which may prove to be dangerous to society and/or to him he may be called a 'Juvenile delinquent'. Each state has its own precise definition of the age range covered by the word 'juvenile'.

References

1. World Bank (2012), 'World Development Report: Gender, equality and development.
2. United Nations (2005), 'Taking action: achieving gender equality and empowering women', UN Millennium Project Task Force on education and Gender Equality.
3. Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation (2001), Report of the National Statistical Commission.
4. Women and Men in India 2011, Central Statistics Office, National Statistical Organisation, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Govt. of India.
5. Women and Men in Delhi 2010, Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Delhi.